







CITY OF HERCULES, CALIFORNIA



CITY OF HERCULES, CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

WITH REPORTS ON AUDIT BY INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared by: The Finance Department

City of Hercules Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table of Contents

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	i
Public Officials of the City of Hercules	
Organization Chart	
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report on the Financial Statements	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
(Required Supplementary Information) (Unaudited)	7
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	24
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet	30
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	33
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	34
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide	
Statement of Activities	36
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position.	38
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	39
Statement of Cash Flows	
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	44
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	51
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	
Budgetary Principles	109
Budgetary Comparison Schedule:	
General Fund	
American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund	
Landscape & Lighting Assessment District (LLAD) No. 83-2 Special Revenue Fund	113

City of Hercules Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table of Contents (Continued)

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	Page
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued)	
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Plan's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:	
CalPERS Miscellaneous Plans CalPERS Safety Plans	
Schedule of the City's Contributions to the Pension Plan:	446
CalPERS Miscellaneous Plan CalPERS Safety Plan	
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios: PEHMCA Plan	118
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios: SOMAR Plan	121
Schedule of the City's Contributions to the OPEB Plan: PEHMCA Plan	122
Schedule of the City's Contributions to the OPEB Plan: SOMAR OPEB Plan	124
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Hercules Debt Service Fund	127
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	122
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	138
State Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	143
Measure C Special Revenue Fund	
C.O.P.S. Program (AB 3299) Special Revenue Fund	
Victoria By the Bay LLAD No. 2002-1 Special Revenue Fund	
Hercules Village LLAD No. 2002-2 Special Revenue Fund	147
Baywood LLAD No. 2004-1 Special Revenue Fund	
Bayside LLAD No. 2005-1 Special Revenue Fund	
Arterial Roadways Special Revenue Fund	
Stormwater Special Revenue Fund	
Development Services Special Revenue Fund	
AB939 JPA Special Revenue Fund	
Bart Park and Ride Special Revenue Fund	
Road Rehabilitation Maintenance Special Revenue Fund	
City Capital Projects Fund	
Development Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund	

City of Hercules Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table of Contents (Continued)

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	Page
Supplementary Information (Continued)	
Internal Service Funds: Combining Statement of Net Position	162
Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds: Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)	
Description of Statistical Section Contents	171
Financial Trends: Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	174 178
Revenue Capacity: Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Fiscal Years Assessed Value of Property by Use Code - Last Ten Fiscal Years Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates – Last Two Fiscal Years Principal Property Taxpayers – Last Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years Principal Sales Tax Producers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	184 186 187
Debt Capacity: Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Legal Debt Margin Information- Last Ten Fiscal Years Wastewater Fund Debt Coverage- Last Ten Fiscal Years	193 194
Demographic and Economic Information: Demographic and Economic Statistics	197
Operating Information: Principal Employers- Current Fiscal Year and One Year Ago Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years Operating Indicators by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	199





CITY OF HERCULES

111 CIVIC DRIVE, HERCULES CA 94547 PHONE: (510) 799-8200

February 22, 2024

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Hercules, California:

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Hercules, California (the City), for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The ACFR has been prepared by the Finance department in conformance with the principles and standards for financial reporting set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Responsibility for the data's accuracy and the presentation's completeness and fairness, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe that the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, that its presentation fairly shows the financial position and the results of the City's operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and that the included disclosures will provide the reader with an understanding of the City's financial affairs.

The City's basic financial statements have been audited by The Pun Group, LLC, a public accounting firm licensed and fully qualified to perform audits of California's State and local governments. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the City's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

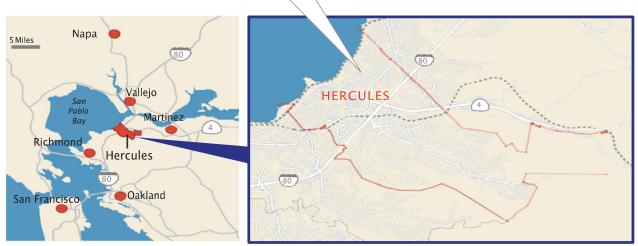
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

CITY PROFILE

The City of Hercules has a unique history that has transformed the City from a small company town to a bustling and thriving community. In the late 1800s, the Industrial Revolution changed the face of business throughout the country. The California Powder Works company was a part of this revolution and played a vital role in forming the City now known as Hercules.

The City was organized, formed, and incorporated under the laws of the State of California on December 15, 1900, and is located in western Contra Costa County. Situated on the northeastern shore of San Pablo Bay, Hercules is conveniently located along the I-80 corridor and within minutes of San Francisco and Napa. The City residents represent a diverse mix of many ethnic groups. They are primarily a suburban, family-oriented community, with an emerging New-Urbanist transit-oriented node on the bayfront.

The City of Hercules is located along the I-80 corridor and within minutes of both San Francisco and Napa. Hercules is in Contra Costa County in the San Francisco Bay Area.



The City has a "Council-Manager" general law form of government where the City Manager is appointed by the City Council and is the Chief Executive Officer of the municipal corporation. The Council acts as the board of directors of the municipal corporation and conducts its business openly and transparently where citizens may participate in the governmental process. The City Council consists of five members, elected at large on a non-partisan basis, who serve staggered four-year terms. In December of each year, the City Council conducts a reorganization of the Council, at which time the Mayor and Vice Mayor are selected for one-year terms.

The City has 59 full-time employees and serves about 26,000 residents with a land area of 19.99 square miles. The City provides a wide range of municipal services, including public safety (police), street maintenance and other public works infrastructure functions, planning, building inspection, parks and recreation, and general administration.

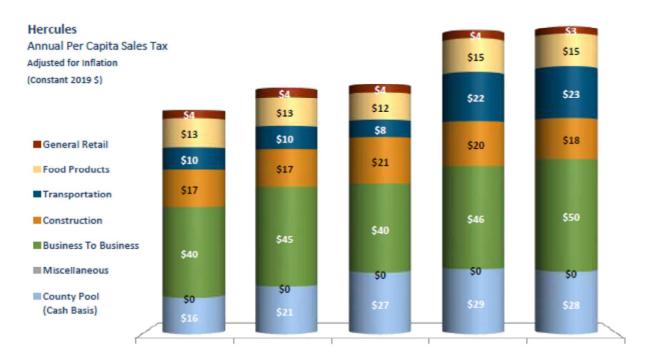
This report includes all organizations and activities for which elected City officials to exercise financial accountability. The notes to the financial statements further discuss the City as a financial reporting entity.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City was on-track and expected to exceed budgeted revenues through the third quarter of the fiscal year. The City's sales tax base has proven to be more resilient than many other communities' given its concentration in the business-to-business and home improvement categories. Hercules's

total sales tax revenues grew 86% over the period between 2017 to 2023, especially in the Building & Construction segment as the sales tax revenue of the economic sector doubled in 2022 when compared to 2017. The growth is attributed to the Bayfront mix-use project in The Village area along with several new retail projects. Other than the Building & Construction segment, sales tax revenues for both Business & Industry as well as Food & Drugs segments have also experienced significant growth.

The population in the city of Hercules has been growing steadily, industrial/commercial/residential developments having influenced and created an increased demand for all business segments except General Consumer Goods. The Building & Construction, Business & Industry, Food & Drugs and Restaurants & Hotels segments all reflected higher-than-state-level growth during the comparison period between 2019-2023.



MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City is constantly undertaking many significant initiatives discussed at length in the City's annual budget documents. Infrastructure investment remained a key focus for the City in FY 22-23. One of the City's major initiatives is the Hercules Hub (The HUB). The HUB will create a regional, state-of-the-art housing and transportation community on the waterfront overlooking the San Pablo Bay. The Hub will connect thousands of housing units with a new train stop along the Capitol Corridor, bicycle and pedestrian pathways, bus routes, carpool options, and ferry service. To date, this new facility boasts \$46M in capital improvements, and the City is fully engaged in securing the funding needed to design and construct the remaining infrastructure that will allow the Capitol Corridor train to serve the Hub.

Other key public works projects included:

- <u>Streets</u> Annual Sidewalk Repair Program, Annual Restriping Project, Annual Street Rehabilitation Project for Sycamore Avenue, ADA Transition Plan Implementation, and Village Parkway Traffic Calming.
- <u>Sewer</u> Sycamore Avenue Lower and Upper Sewer Trunk Main Projects.
- <u>Buildings & Facilities</u> Building Facilities Plan and ADA Assessment Improvement.
- <u>Parks</u> Parks Master Plan, Victoria by the Bay refurbish gazebo and railing, Ohlone dog park tree removal and pruning, Tree planning and removal – open space, and Aerator Refugio Valley Park.

BUDGETARY CONTROL

These budgetary controls aim to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Annually, the departments work with the City Manager and Finance Department to submit an operating budget request. The City Manager and Finance Director review the department request for consideration and then make recommendations to the City Council regarding the budget.

Ultimate budgetary control resides at the fund level; however, the City has adopted a number of budgetary appropriation and transfer procedures to provide strong internal controls while encouraging improved accountability and administrative responsiveness. All budgetary transfers require Finance Director's or designee's review and approval. All transfers of appropriations affecting salaries and benefits require City Manager's or designee's review and approval.

Budgetary control is established at the following levels: a) General Fund – Department level; b) Other Funds – Fund level; and Capital Projects – at Project level with City Manager signature approval. The City Manager may authorize line-item budget transfers within a General Fund department or within a fund other than the General Fund, consistent with the budget resolution. The City also uses encumbrance accounting as another technique for accomplishing budgetary control. An encumbrance is a commitment of a future expenditure earmarked for a particular purpose that reduces the amount of budgetary authority available for general spending. At the end of the fiscal year, encumbered appropriations, appropriations for uncompleted capital, Participatory Budgeting, and grant projects are carried forward and become part of the following year's budget, while appropriations that have not been encumbered lapse.

The City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management, as demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designated to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonably, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that a control's cost should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the evaluation of costs and

benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the stated framework. City management believes the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its ACFR for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition in governmental accounting and financial reporting. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR whose contents conform to program standards. The ACFR must satisfy both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for only one year. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation and publication of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report were made possible by the outstanding efforts, dedication, and teamwork throughout the year of the entire Finance Department and with the cooperation and assistance of all City departments.

Specifically, we would like to express special thanks to our Finance staff Deysi Ortega, Senior Accountant; Nahid Vafadari, Accounts Payable Technician; and Steve Fox, Payroll Technician, as they have worked closely with our auditors in finalizing this report. Additionally, we would like to acknowledge the City's audit firm, The Pun Group, LLC, for the professional support and guidance they have given us. Finally, we would like to express our gratitude to the Honorable Mayor and the members of the City Council for their vision and continued support in leading the City to economic viability and the pursuit of the goal of attaining long-term fiscal stability.

Respectfully submitted,

Dante Hall City Manager Edwin Gato Finance Director





CITY OF HERCULES

PUBLIC OFFICIALS

CITY COUNCIL



ALEXANDER
WALKER-GRIFFIN
Mayor



DAN ROMEROVice Mayor



DION BAILEYCouncil Member



CHRIS KELLEYCouncil Member



TIFFANY GRIMSLEYCouncil Member

DEPARTMENT HEADS

DANTE HALLCity Manager

PATRICK TANGCity Attorney

EIBLEIS MELENDEZ

City Clerk

MICHAEL ROBERTS

Public Works Director

JOSEPH VASQUEZ

Police Chief

EDWIN GATO

Finance Director

CHRISTOPHER ROKE

Parks & Recreation Director

TIMOTHY ROOD

Community Development Director

FINANCE COMMITTEE

EDWARD ULLEChair

DENNIS ESSELSAGOEVice Chair

BARINDER DHILLON-FLANAGAN Commissioner

TERRELL KINGWOOD Commissioner **ORIT SAMSON**Commissioner

FY 2022-23 CITY OF HERCULES

ORGANIZATION CHART

CITIZENS OF HERCULES

HERCULES CITY COUNCIL

CITY ATTORNEY

Patrick Tang

CITY MANAGER

Dante Hall

BOARDS, COMMISSIONS & COMMITTEES

CITY CLERK

Eibleis Melendez

City Clerk

*Staff - 2

Functions:

- City Clerk
- Elections
- Agendas
- Council Mtgs
- Cable/Web Broadcasts.
- · Records Admin.
- · Contract Mgmt.
- Reception
- Meeting Coordinate

FINANCE

Edwin Gato

Finance Director

*Staff - 4

Functions:

- Accounts Payable
- Accounts Receivable
- Pavroll
- Budget
- Audits
- Investment Mamt.
- · Cash Mgmt.

OFFICE OF THE CITY **MANAGER**

Dante Hall

City Manager

*Staff - 5 1 PT

Functions:

- Executive Mamt.
- Real Estate (Incl. RITC)
- Franchises
- RDA Successor Economic
- Development
- Legislative
- Inter-Governmental
- Cable/Web **Broadcasts**
- Human Resources
- Risk
- management • Contract Mgmt.
- IT Services

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Timothy Rood

Community Development Director

*Staff - 2

Functions:

- Long Range Planning
- Short Range Planning
- Planning Counter
- Housing
- Flement • General Plan
- Zoning Ordinance
- CEQA Mamt.
- Planning Commission
- Permits
- Building Inspection
- Plan Checking
- Code Enforcement

PUBLIC WORKS. **ENGINEERING & MAINTENANCE**

Michael **Roberts**

Public Works Director

*Staff - 11

Functions:

- Engineering
- Streets
- Facility Maintenance
- Solid Waste
- Wastewater
- Sewer
- Maintenance • Lighting/
- Landscaping
- Clean Water Program

PARKS & RECREATION

Christopher Roke

Parks & Rec. Director

*Staff - 4 **55 PT**

Functions:

- CLS Commission
- Facility Rentals
- Child Cares Sports
- Rec Classes
- Seniors
- Tiny Tots
- Camps
- Youth/Teen
- Swim Center • Library
- Rec. Volunteers

POLICE DEPARTMENT

Joseph Vasquez

Police Chief

*Staff -26 Sworn 2 Non-Sworn 1 PT

Functions:

- Patrol and Special Enforce.
- School Safety (SRO)
- Criminal/ Int. Invest
- Records/ Evid Mamt.
- Police Reserve
- Explorer Program • City Volunteer
- Coord. • Emergency OPS/SRT
- Crime Prevention
- Allied agency Liaison
- Council Meetings
- Training / certification
- Grants • PD Finance

^{*}includes department heads



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Hercules California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





200 E. Sandpointe Avenue, Suite 600 Santa Ana, California 92707



www.pungroup.cpa



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Hercules
Hercules, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Hercules, California (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Other Matters

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.







To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Hercules
Hercules, California
Page 2

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining,
 on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules – General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds, the Schedules of the City's Proportionate Share of the Plan's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedules of Contributions – Pensions, the Schedules of Changes in Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios, and the Schedules of Contributions – Other Postemployment Benefits as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Hercules
Hercules, California
Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory Section and the Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 22, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Ana, California February 22, 2024



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)



Within this section of the City of Hercules' (the "City") annual financial report, the City's management provides a narrative discussion and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2023. The discussion focuses on the City's primary government and, unless otherwise noted, does not include separately reported component units. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$118,546,402 (net position). A net position of \$10,730,230 are restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position), and \$80,392,861 represents a net investment in capital assets. The unrestricted net position was \$27,423,311 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balances of \$42,280,150. Of the combined fund balances, \$16,904,850 is available to meet the city's current and future needs.
- The committed amount in the General Fund of \$8,000,000 represents amounts committed for loan repayments and capital projects. The assigned amount in the General Fund of \$6,196,869 represents amounts assigned for insurance and a Council assigned for economic uncertainties and for future short-term structural deficits.
- For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, Measure N was approved extending the term of the Utility Users Tax (UUT) at the existing rate of 8% until it is ended by the voters or repealed by the City Council.
- Capital assets, net of depreciation and amortization, increased to \$118,402,522 from \$117,431,677, which includes infrastructure per the requirements of GASB 34.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components 1) **Government-wide** financial statements; 2) **Fund** financial statements and 3) **Notes** to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other **Supplementary Information** in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of City finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The statement of net position presents information on all City assets and deferred outflows and liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference between them, reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets and public works, parks and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City consist of the Wastewater Fund. Fiduciary activities are not included in the government-wide statements since these assets are not available to fund City programs.

The City's financial reporting includes the funds of the City (primary government) and organizations for which the City is accountable (component units). Most of these legally separated organizations operate like City departments, serve as financing vehicles for City services (revenue bond issuers), or are governed by a board that is substantively identical to the City's board. An example of this is the Hercules Public Finance Authority, which while legally separate is in substance an extension of the City operations.

Financial data for the Hercules Public Finance Authority are combined with the presentation of the primary government's financial data and thus it is referred to as a "blended" component unit. A "discretely presented" component unit is one that is presented separately in the financial statements to emphasize its independence from the primary government. Hercules City has no discretely presented component units.

Fund Financial Statements Like other state and local governments, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to control resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: *governmental*, *proprietary*, *and fiduciary*.

Governmental funds account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing requirements. Governmental funds use a current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, comparing the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements is useful. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds' balance sheet and the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

The City maintains individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund's balance sheet and the governmental fund's statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund, Landscape & Lighting Assessment District (LLAD) No. 83-2 Special Revenue Fund, Hercules Debt Service Fund, and the other governmental funds combined into a single, aggregated column. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 defines major governmental funds as those with revenues, expenditures, assets, and deferred outflows or liabilities and deferred inflows that makeup at least 10% of the total fund category or type (governmental or business type) and at least 5% of the aggregate amount of all governmental and enterprise funds.

Proprietary funds are maintained in two ways. The City uses enterprise fund to account for the operations of the Wastewater Fund. Enterprise funds report the same functions presented as business-type activities in government-wide financial statements. Internal services funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses three internal service funds to account for its vehicle replacement, IT equipment replacement, and facilities maintenance functions. Because internal service funds predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. As of February 1, 2012, the activities of the Successor Agency to the former Hercules Redevelopment Agency are reported with the City's Fiduciary Fund as a Private Purpose Trust Fund because they are under the control of an Oversight Board.

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information provides the schedule of funding progress for the City Employees Retirement Plan and Other Postemployment Benefits other than pensions. Also presented are the budgetary comparison schedules for the City's General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds, and notes to required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, combined assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$118,546,402 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Of these combined net positions, 68% reflects the City's investment in capital assets, net of the related debt. Another 9% of the City's net position is subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Condensed Statements of Net Position

	Governmental Business Activities Activiti			•		
	2023	2022*	2023	2022	2023	2022*
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 56,557,455	\$ 53,858,058	\$27,170,223	\$28,521,323	\$ 83,727,678	\$ 82,379,381
Capital assets	78,023,165	78,345,698	40,379,357	39,085,979	118,402,522	117,431,677
Total assets	134,580,620	132,203,756	67,549,580	67,607,302	202,130,200	199,811,058
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Related to OPEB	1,227,100	694,603	69,460	39,319	1,296,560	733,922
Related to pensions	7,924,273	3,737,048	445,145	162,085	8,369,418	3,899,133
Total Deferred Outflows of						
Resources	9,151,373	4,431,651	514,605	201,404	9,665,978	4,633,055
Liabilities						
Long-term Liabilities	42,024,289	33,316,981	28,792,835	30,687,887	70,817,124	64,004,868
Other Liabilities	4,875,776	5,323,692	3,609,306	2,250,301	8,485,082	7,573,993
Total Liabilities	46,900,065	38,640,673	32,402,141	32,938,188	79,302,206	71,578,861
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Related to OPEB	2,191,984	1,899,985	124,078	107,549	2,316,062	2,007,534
Related to pensions	2,606,624	8,867,405	136,612	492,568	2,743,236	9,359,973
Leases	8,888,272	9,253,003	-	-	8,888,272	9,253,003
Total Deferred Inflows of						
Resources	13,686,880	20,020,393	260,690	600,117	13,947,570	20,620,510
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	60,790,322	60,257,709	19,602,539	15,704,349	80,392,861	75,962,058
Restricted	10,730,230	9,237,967	-	-	10,730,230	9,237,967
Unrestricted	11,624,496	8,478,665	15,798,815	18,566,052	27,423,311	27,044,717
Total Net Position	\$ 83,145,048	\$ 77,974,341	\$35,401,354	\$34,270,401	\$ 118,546,402	\$ 112,244,742

^{* 2022} balances were restated due to implementation of GASB 96

A significant portion of the City's net position, \$80,392,861, reflects the amount net invested in capital assets (e.g. land and easements, structures and improvements, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of the City's net position, \$10,730,230 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions by grantors and other governments on how they may be used.

The unrestricted portion of the City's net position is \$27,423,311. It is to be noted that GASB 34 classifies long-term payroll liabilities to the unrestricted category. These reclassifications include liabilities for pensions, other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and compensated absences. These liabilities accumulate over decades as part of the City's employment agreements and the timing for their translation into current year expense is not precisely subject to projection.

Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			ness-type tivities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenues							
Program revenues							
Fees, Fines and Charges for							
Services	\$ 3,025,155	\$ 2,827,552	\$ 5,922,758	\$ 5,852,278	\$ 8,947,913	\$ 8,679,830	
Operating Grants/Contributions	8,894,994	16,826,293	-	-	8,894,994	16,826,293	
Capital Grants/Contributions	67,428	-	-	-	67,428	-	
General revenues							
Property taxes	1,638,449	1,514,791	-	-	1,638,449	1,514,791	
Sales taxes	6,192,500	6,263,066	-	-	6,192,500	6,263,066	
Franchise Taxes	988,108	970,054	-	-	988,108	970,054	
Other taxes	4,646,410	5,343,970	-	-	4,646,410	5,343,970	
Motor Vehicles Taxes In-Lieu	2,456,900	2,341,444	-	-	2,456,900	2,341,444	
Interest and Investment Income	1,860,327	773,519	294,199	(157,318)	2,154,526	616,201	
Total revenues	29,770,271	36,860,689	6,216,957	5,694,960	35,987,228	42,555,649	
Expenses							
General Government	4,929,390	4,768,150	-	-	4,929,390	4,768,150	
Public Safety	7,556,734	6,581,205	-	-	7,556,734	6,581,205	
Streets and Public Works	8,220,052	8,452,475	-	-	8,220,052	8,452,475	
Parks and Recreation	2,503,805	2,312,529	-	-	2,503,805	2,312,529	
Community Development	483,875	1,253,855	-	-	483,875	1,253,855	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	905,708	1,007,813	-	-	905,708	1,007,813	
Wastewater	-	-	5,086,004	5,221,938	5,086,004	5,221,938	
Total expenses	24,599,564	24,376,027	5,086,004	5,221,938	29,685,568	29,597,965	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	5,170,707	12,484,662	1,130,953	473,022	6,301,660	12,957,684	
before special item				•			
Special Item	-	(39,586,347)	-	(10,587,627)	-	(50,173,974)	
Net Position - Beginning	77,974,341	105,076,026	34,270,401	44,385,006	112,244,742	149,461,032	
Net Position - Ending	\$83,145,048	\$ 77,974,341	\$35,401,354	\$ 34,270,401	\$ 118,546,402	\$ 112,244,742	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As described earlier, the City uses **fund accounting** to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The general government functions are contained in the General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

On June 30, 2023, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$42,280,150. An increase of \$2,974,692, primarily due to the strong economic recovery after the challenging financial environment caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, which resulted in the closure of most of the City's Parks and Recreation programs, significantly impacting the department's program revenues. As consumer demand increased and services returned to normal, the City ended the fiscal year in a positive financial position. Of these combined fund balances, \$16,904,850 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available to meet the City's current and future needs.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. On June 30, 2023, unassigned fund balance was \$17,529,025, while total fund balance was \$33,877,692. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 99% of total General Fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 192% of total General Fund expenditures.

Other major funds, the City received the final allocation of \$3,142,889 from the American Rescue Plan Act. The City selects the standard allowance and uses the amount to fund government services. The Landscape & Lighting Assessment District (LLAD) No. 83-2 increased by \$341,454 due to the previous year's one-time Capital Improvement Projects. The Hercules Debt Service Fund decreased by \$84,072, and sufficient funds were transferred from various sources to meet debt service obligations as they came due. The other governmental funds decreased by \$146,246.

The following table presents the amount of revenues from various sources as well as increases or decreases from the prior year.

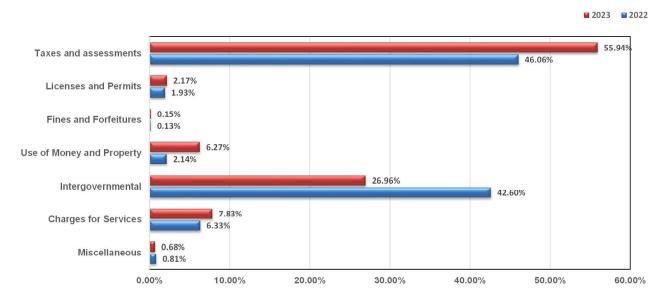
Revenues Classified by Source Governmental Funds

	2023		2022		Increase (Decrease)		
	Percent of			Percent of	Percent of		
	Amount	Total	 Amount	Total	Amount	Change	
Taxes and assessments	\$16,705,743	55.94%	\$ 16,889,724	46.06%	\$ (183,981)	-1%	
Licenses and Permits	647,374	2.17%	707,300	1.93%	(59,926)	-8%	
Fines and Forfeitures	46,057	0.15%	48,663	0.13%	(2,606)	-5%	
Use of Money and Property	1,871,556	6.27%	783,885	2.14%	1,087,671	139%	
Intergovernmental	8,052,573	26.96%	15,618,709	42.60%	(7,566,136)	-48%	
Charges for Services	2,339,112	7.83%	2,319,388	6.33%	19,724	1%	
Miscellaneous	203,170	0.68%	297,797	0.81%	(94,627)	-32%	
	\$29,865,585	100.00%	\$ 36,665,466	100.00%	\$ (6,799,881)		

The decrease of \$6,799,881 in revenues is due primarily to the decrease in intergovernmental revenue caused by the one-time receipt of the \$8 million State budget allocation of local assistance enacted by Senate Bill (SB) 154 (Skinner) Budget Act of 2022 offset by \$1 increase in investment income due to higher rate of return compared to the prior year.

The following graph shows an illustrative picture of where the City funds come from.

Revenue by Source – Governmental Funds



The following table presents expenditures by function compared to prior year amounts.

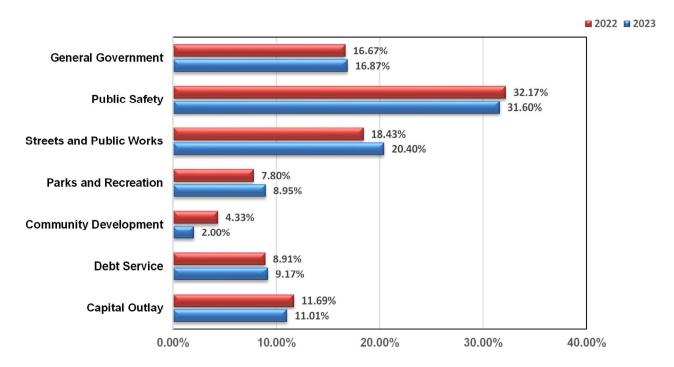
Expenditures Classified by Function Governmental Funds

	2023		2022			Increase (Decrease)		
	-	Percent of		Percent of			Percent of	
	Amount	Total	Amount	Total		Amount	Total	
General Government	\$ 4,538,391	16.87%	\$ 4,081,705	16.67%	\$	456,686	11%	
Public Safety	8,499,781	31.60%	7,879,451	32.17%		620,330	8%	
Streets and Public Works	5,486,683	20.40%	4,514,842	18.43%		971,841	22%	
Parks and Recreation	2,408,849	8.95%	1,910,716	7.80%		498,133	26%	
Community Development	537,341	2.00%	1,061,135	4.33%		(523,794)	-49%	
Debt Service	2,466,004	9.17%	2,181,976	8.91%		284,028	13%	
Capital Outlay	2,962,714	11.01%	2,862,062	11.69%		100,652	4%	
	\$26,899,763	100.00%	\$ 24,491,887	100.00%	\$	2,407,876	10%	

Total expenditures increased by \$2,407,876, or 10%, compared to the prior fiscal year due to salary increases, timing of planned projects, street expenses due to normal operating fluctuations, and a decrease in development projects.

The following graph shows an illustrative picture of how City funds were spent.

Expenditures by Function – Governmental Funds



Proprietary funds reporting focuses on determining operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows using the full accrual basis of accounting.

Enterprise funds report the business-type activities of the City. Enterprise funds are used to account for the operations of the Wastewater Fund.

Enterprise fund net investment in capital assets at fiscal year-end was \$19,602,539. Unrestricted net position at fiscal year-end was \$15,798,815.

Internal service funds are an accounting device to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. Internal service funds are used to account for its vehicle replacement, IT replacement, and facilities maintenance functions.

Total net position of the internal service funds at fiscal year-end were \$2,233,164 and include \$901,512 invested in capital assets. The net position of the internal service funds increased by \$202,894 over the prior fiscal year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget and can be found on page 111 of this report.

General Fund revenues on a budgetary basis were \$2.3 million more than projected for the fiscal year 2023. The increase in revenues was primarily due to the City receiving more tax revenue than budgeted. The income received from sales and utility users was the most significant increase in tax revenue, consisting of \$1.2 million more revenues received than projected as the City continued recovering from the pandemic, increased consumer spending from the federal stimulus funds, and the rising cost of goods. Expenditures of \$17.6 million were slightly more than budgeted expenses by \$354,179. The most considerable negative expenditure variances occurred in Public Safety, Parks and Recreation, and streets and public works. These departments had negative variances because of the reopening of programs, the increase in development projects and unforeseen emergency services caused by the storm.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2023, amounted to \$118,402,522 (net of accumulated depreciation) and amortization. This investment in capital assets includes land, structures and improvements, leasehold improvements, equipment, and infrastructure (roads and bridges).

The following table shows the City's total investment in capital assets for governmental and proprietary funds.

Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities			ss-type vities	Total		
	2023	2022*	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Land	\$ 5,081,587	\$ 5,081,587	\$ 191,700	\$ 191,700	\$ 5,273,287	\$ 5,273,287	
Construction in progress	1,560,376	1,004,447	3,264,814	981,195	4,825,190	1,985,642	
Land Improvements	15,911,314	15,812,311	-	=	15,911,314	15,812,311	
Buildings & Improvements	26,792,183	26,323,217	38,325,271	38,325,271	65,117,454	64,648,488	
Equipment	7,747,692	5,781,572	250,345	250,345	7,998,037	6,031,917	
Infrastructure	113,444,645	113,444,645	14,945,319	14,945,317	128,389,964	128,389,962	
Intangible - Right to Use Assets	125,280	118,170	-	-	125,280	118,170	
Total	170,663,077	167,565,949	56,977,449	54,693,828	227,640,526	222,259,777	
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	(92,639,912)	(89,220,251)	(16,598,092)	(15,607,849)	(109,238,004)	(104,828,100)	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 78,023,165	\$78,345,698	\$40,379,357	\$39,085,979	\$ 118,402,522	\$ 117,431,677	

^{* 2022} balances were restated due to implementation of GASB 96

Additional information regarding capital assets is presented in note 6.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total outstanding long-term obligations of \$52,232,668. Of this amount, \$13,420,180 comprised of bonds that are secured by the City's lease rental payments and other dedicated sources of revenue.

The following table shows the composition of the City's bonds and notes outstanding for governmental and proprietary funds.

Long-Term Obligations

	Governmental		Busines	• •	Tatal		
	Activi		Activ		Total		
_	2023	2022*	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Bonds Payable	\$13,420,180	\$14,041,843	\$8,095,000	\$8,450,000	\$21,515,180	\$22,491,843	
Unamortized Discount/Refunding	(259,441)	(276,738)	-	-	(259,441)	(276,738)	
Lease Payable	4,015,168	4,232,382	-	-	4,015,168	4,232,382	
Subscription Liability	56,936	90,503	-	-	56,936	90,503	
Loans Payable	5,113,521	5,189,588	21,009,706	23,259,518	26,123,227	28,449,106	
Settlement Payable	-	604,025	-	-	-	604,025	
Compensated Absences	729,432	655,560	52,166	51,749	781,598	707,309	
Total	23,075,796	24,537,163	29,156,872	31,761,267	52,232,668	56,298,430	
Less Current Portion	(1,495,913)	(2,018,080)	(1,557,797)	(1,509,236)	(3,053,710)	(3,527,316)	
Net Long-Term Obligations	\$ 21,579,883	\$22,519,083	\$27,599,075	\$30,252,031	\$49,178,958	\$52,771,114	

^{* 2022} balances were restated due to implementation of GASB 96 $\,$

Other obligations include compensated absences (accrued vacation and sick leave). More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in note 7.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

On June 13, 2023, The City Council approved a balanced budget of \$37 million for FY 2023-24, focusing on City Council priorities, including prudent financial management, traffic, transportation & infrastructure, public safety, quality of life, and future planning & policy initiatives. The key FY 2023-24 priorities include multiyear goals:

- Multimodal station (Hercules HUB).
- Growing retail and commercial development to serve the community.
- A long-term financial plan.

In establishing annual goals and objectives, the City Council affirmed the City's commitment to maintaining sound and conservative financial practices, to ensure the City's ability to provide a safe and enriched environment, increase effective communication with the community, provide cost-effective and efficient services to the public, and to maintain a positive environment for new businesses and business retention.

The budget for employee services in FY 2023-24 increased by 9.3% to reflect the cost of living adjustments, increased employee healthcare costs, and retirement benefits. The City continues to meet its actuarially required contribution towards its pension plan with the CalPERS.

General fund expenditures and transfers are projected at \$18.3 million in FY 2023-24, a slight increase compared to the FY 2022-23 budget. The increase is primarily due to salary cost of living adjustments (COLA) offset by the decrease in one-time facility improvement capital costs and settlement payment to the state on the former Redevelopment obligations.

The City plans and pre-funds certain Capital Improvement Projects (CIP) over five fiscal years, ensuring that when a project is scheduled to begin, funding is available to move the project forward through completion. Several major capital projects are planned in FY 2023-24, totaling \$14 million as follows:

- Hercules Hub As one of the City's top priorities, the Hercules Hub will achieve the vision of the Hercules Bayfront as a model transit-oriented community for the Bay Area and beyond. The Hub will connect thousands of homes with a new train stop along the Capitol Corridor, bicycle and pedestrian pathways, bus routes, carpool options, and a future ferry service. The Project would relieve congestion on I-80 and reduce vehicle miles traveled (VMT) and greenhouse gas emissions. As reported at the January 24, 2023, City Council meeting, the City submitted a joint TIRCP grant application with CCJPA and a grant application for the Federal-State Partnership for Intercity Rail for design phase funding. We are currently awaiting word on awards from these grant applications.
- Major Sewer system Improvements This element includes continuing to make progress on the City's adopted Sewer Master Plan. The activities include improvements to Sycamore Ave. Lower Trunk Main and Upper Trunk Main, among others.
- Pavement and Road System Improvements This element includes the Pedestrian Sidewalk Improvement Willow and Palm, an annual street repair project, an annual sidewalk repair program, and an annual restriping project.

In summary, despite the record inflation and international instabilities, several of the City's significant revenues remain stronger than expected. During the annual strategic planning session, staff will continue to provide residents vital services through technology upgrades and streamlining internal and public-facing city operations. Due to prudent fiscal stewardship, the City's financial position remains strong and reaffirms its commitment to sound and conservative financial practices.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Department of Finance at 111 Civic Drive, Hercules, California, 94547.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



City of Hercules Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Primary Government			
	Governmental	Business-Type		
	Activities	Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 39,580,360	\$ 18,830,203	\$ 58,410,563	
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	2,068,440	8,327,888	10,396,328	
Cash and investments held in trust	2,141,823	-	2,141,823	
Accounts receivable	2,253,244	-	2,253,244	
Prepaid items	9,975	_	9,975	
Loan receivable	1,382,899	-	1,382,899	
Lease receivable	8,906,382	_	8,906,382	
Net other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") assets - PEHMCA	214,332	12,132	226,464	
Capital Assets:	,	, -	-, -	
Nondepreciable	6,641,963	3,456,514	10,098,477	
Depreciable and amortizable, net	71,381,202	36,922,843	108,304,045	
Total assets	134,580,620	67,549,580	202,130,200	
Total assets	134,360,020	07,549,560	202,130,200	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources	7,924,273	445,145	8,369,418	
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources (PEHMCA)	593,996	33,622	627,618	
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources (SOMAR)	633,104	35,838	668,942	
Total deferred outflows of resources	9,151,373	514,605	9,665,978	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	1,146,600	2,026,678	3,173,278	
Salaries and benefits payable	149,193	8,776	157,969	
Accrued interest payable	511,915	16,055	527,970	
Deposit payable	1,173,782	-	1,173,782	
Claims payable	398,373	-	398,373	
Long-term debt:				
Due within one year	1,495,913	1,557,797	3,053,710	
Due in more than one year	21,579,883	27,599,075	49,178,958	
Net aggregate pension liabilities, due in more than one year	18,662,308	1,092,885	19,755,193	
Net OPEB liabilities - SOMAR, due in more than one year	1,782,098	100,875	1,882,973	
Total liabilities	46,900,065	32,402,141	79,302,206	
DEFENDED IN IT ON A OF DEGOND OF A				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2 (0((24	126 612	2.742.226	
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources	2,606,624	136,612	2,743,236	
OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources (PEHMCA)	1,632,728	92,420	1,725,148	
OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources (SOMAR)	559,256	31,658	590,914	
Leases	8,888,272		8,888,272	
Total deferred inflows of resources	13,686,880	260,690	13,947,570	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	60,790,322	19,602,539	80,392,861	
Restricted for:				
Public safety	253,646	_	253,646	
Streets and roads	3,352,371	_	3,352,371	
Development	2,913,950	-	2,913,950	
Debt service	2,068,440	-	2,068,440	
Pension	2,141,823	-	2,141,823	
Total restricted	10,730,230		10,730,230	
Unrestricted	11,624,496	15,798,815	27,423,311	
Total net position	\$ 83,145,048	\$ 35,401,354	\$ 118,546,402	
- comment position	Ψ 03,113,040	Ψ 33,101,334	Ψ 110,5 10,T02	

City of Hercules Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Program Revenues								
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Operating Charges for Grants and Services Contributions		Gı	Capital rants and stributions		Total	
Primary Government									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$ 4,929,390	\$	816,793	\$	-	\$	-	\$	816,793
Public safety	7,556,734		162,140		3,619,615		-		3,781,755
Streets and public works	8,220,052		232,956		5,275,379		67,428		5,575,763
Parks and recreation	2,503,805		1,423,942		-		-		1,423,942
Community development	483,875		389,324		-		-		389,324
Interest	 905,708		-		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	24,599,564		3,025,155		8,894,994		67,428		11,987,577
Business-Type Activities:									
Wastewater	 5,086,004		5,922,758		-		-		5,922,758
Total business-type activities	 5,086,004		5,922,758		-		-		5,922,758
Total primary government	\$ 29,685,568	\$	8,947,913	\$	8,894,994	\$	67,428	\$	17,910,335

City of Hercules Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
	Governmental	Business-Type		
Functions/Programs	Activities	Activities	Total	
Primary Government				
Governmental Activities:				
General government	\$ (4,112,597)	\$ -	\$ (4,112,597)	
Public safety	(3,774,979)	-	(3,774,979)	
Streets and public works	(2,644,289)	-	(2,644,289)	
Parks and recreation	(1,079,863)	-	(1,079,863)	
Community development	(94,551)	-	(94,551)	
Interest	(905,708)		(905,708)	
Total governmental activities	(12,611,987)		(12,611,987)	
Business-Type Activities:				
Wastewater	<u>-</u> _	836,754	836,754	
Total business-type activities		836,754	836,754	
Total primary government	(12,611,987)	836,754	(11,775,233)	
General Revenues:				
Property taxes	1,638,449	-	1,638,449	
Sales and use taxes	6,192,500	-	6,192,500	
Franchise taxes	988,108	-	988,108	
Utility users taxes	3,996,274	-	3,996,274	
Other taxes	650,136	-	650,136	
Unrestricted motor vehicle taxes in-lieu	2,456,900	-	2,456,900	
Use of money and property	1,860,327_	294,199	2,154,526	
Total general revenues	17,782,694	294,199	18,076,893	
Changes in net position	5,170,707	1,130,953	6,301,660	
Net Position:				
Beginning of year	77,974,341_	34,270,401	112,244,742	
End of year	\$ 83,145,048	\$ 35,401,354	\$ 118,546,402	



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City that are not accounted for through other funds. For the City, the General Fund includes such activities as police, planning, engineering, public works, operations and maintenance, and legal and administrative services.

American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues and activities for American Rescue Plan Act funding which was provided to fund additional relief for individuals and businesses affected by the coronavirus pandemic.

Landscape & Lighting Assessment District (LLAD) No. 83-2 Special Revenue Fund - This fund accounts for special assessments on property withindistrict boundaries for the restricted purpose of providing landscaping and lighting services within the specified districts.

Hercules Debt Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on various Lease Revenue Bonds issued to cover the refinancing of the original City Hall debt issue and to generate additional resources to assist in the construction of a new library building and other general government projects.

Other Governmental Funds - These funds are special revenue funds or capital project funds that have not been determined to be major funds, as defined by GASB Statement No. 34.

City of Hercules Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Major Funds						
	_	General Fund	American Rescu Plan Act Specia Revenue Fund	e Ligh l	Landscape & ating Assessment District LAD) No. 83-2	Н	ercules Debt ervice Fund
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	29,679,142	\$	- \$	652,923	\$	_
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	Ψ	29,079,142	Ψ	- ψ -	-	Ψ	2,068,440
Cash and investments held in trust		2,141,823		_	_		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Accounts receivable		1,685,227		_	14,621		-
Prepaid items		9,975		-	-		-
Due from other funds		1,184,284		-	-		-
Loans receivable		1,382,899		-	-		-
Lease receivable		531,912					8,374,470
Total assets	\$	36,615,262		- \$	667,544	\$	10,442,910
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	553,006		- \$	75,964	\$	-
Accrued wages		123,994		-	6,791		-
Deposit payable		1,148,395		-	-		-
Claims payable		398,373		-	-		-
Due to other funds		_			478,632		-
Total liabilities		2,223,768		<u>-</u>	561,387		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue		-		-	-		-
Leases		513,802		<u>- </u>			8,374,470
Total deferred inflows of resources		513,802		<u>-</u>			8,374,470
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		9,975		-	-		-
Restricted		2,141,823		-	106,157		2,068,440
Committed		8,000,000		-	-		-
Assigned		6,196,869		-	-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		17,529,025		<u> </u>			-
Total fund balances (deficit)		33,877,692			106,157		2,068,440
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	36,615,262	\$	- \$	667,544	\$	10,442,910

City of Hercules Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Oth Govern Fu	mental	Total
ASSETS	146 152	27 470 210
	146,153	37,478,218
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	-	2,068,440
Cash and investments held in trust Accounts receivable	- 552.206	2,141,823
	553,396	2,253,244
Prepaid items	-	9,975
Due from other funds Loans receivable	-	1,184,284
Lease receivable	-	1,382,899
		8,906,382
Total assets \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	699,549	55,425,265
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable \$	477,780	1,106,750
Accrued wages	12,144	142,929
Deposit payable	25,387	1,173,782
Claims payable	-	398,373
Due to other funds	705,652	1,184,284
Total liabilities	220,963	4,006,118
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable revenue	250,725	250,725
Leases	-	8,888,272
Total deferred inflows of resources	250,725	9,138,997
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable	_	9,975
	163,085	10,479,505
Committed	688,951	8,688,951
Assigned	_	6,196,869
· ·	624,175)	16,904,850
	227,861	42,280,150
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	699,549	55,425,265



City of Hercules Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 42,280,150
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Amount reported in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position Less: Amount reported in Internal Service Funds	78,023,165 (936,954)
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources, Therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	(511,915)
Unavailable revenues represent amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	250,725
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Compensated absences, net of Internal Service Fund of \$45,062 Loans, leases, and bonds	(684,370) (22,310,922)
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported as governmental funds' liabilities. They are reported in the Statement of Net Position.	
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources, net of Internal Service Fund of \$304,170	7,620,103
Net pension liability, net of Internal Service Fund of \$746,775	(17,915,533)
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources, net of Internal Service Fund of \$93,348	(2,513,276)
Net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported as governmental funds' liabilities. They are reported in the Statement of Net Position.	
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources (PEHMCA), net of Internal Service Fund of \$33,622	560,374
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources (SOMAR), net of Internal Service Fund of \$35,838	597,266
Net OPEB assets - PEHMCA, net of Internal Service Fund of \$12,132	202,200
Net OPEB liability - SOMAR, net of Internal Service Fund of \$100,875	(1,681,223)
OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources (PEHMCA), net of Internal Service Fund of \$92,420	(1,540,308)
OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources (SOMAR), net of Internal Service Fund of \$31,658	(527,598)
Internal service funds are used by the City to charge the cost of its vehicle replacement, IT services and facilities maintenance activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in	
governmental activities in the statement of net position.	2,233,164
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 83,145,048
The position of Sover illiminate activities	Ψ 05,175,070

City of Hercules Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Major Funds							
		Landscape &						
		General Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund	Lighting Assessment District (LLAD) No. 83-2	Hercules Debt Service Fund			
REVENUES:								
Taxes and assessments	\$	13,135,848	\$ -	\$ 2,075,134	\$ -			
Licenses and permits		471,189	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeitures		46,057	-	-	-			
Use of money and property		777,870	-	23,790	973,419			
Intergovernmental		2,608,501	3,142,889	-	-			
Charges for services		2,333,490	-	-	-			
Other revenues		121,983			-			
Total revenues		19,494,938	3,142,889	2,098,924	973,419			
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		4,538,391	-	-	-			
Public safety		8,488,163	-	-	-			
Streets and public works		892,199	-	1,381,347	-			
Parks and public works		2,408,849	-	-	-			
Community development		537,341	-	-	-			
Capital outlay		78,305	-	148,451	-			
Debt services:								
Principal		712,590	-	-	721,843			
Interest and fiscal agent fee		994			804,147			
Total expenditures		17,656,832		1,529,798	1,525,990			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,838,106	3,142,889	569,126	(552,571)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance of debt		8,870	-	_	-			
Transfers in		3,292,939	-	84,554	468,499			
Transfers (out)		(2,276,359)	(3,142,889)	(312,226)	<u> </u>			
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,025,450	(3,142,889)	(227,672)	468,499			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		2,863,556	-	341,454	(84,072)			
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):								
Beginning of year		31,014,136		(235,297)	2,152,512			
End of year	\$	33,877,692	\$ -	\$ 106,157	\$ 2,068,440			

City of Hercules Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Taxes and assessments \$ 1,494,761 \$ 16,705,743 Licenses and permits 176,185 647,374 Fines and forfeitures 96,477 148,155 Use of money and property 96,477 118,155 Intergovernmental 2,301,183 8,052,573 Charges for services 5,622 2,331,112 Other revenues 81,87 203,170 Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current General government 1 8,438,391 Public safety 11,618 8,499,781 Streets and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works 2,735,598 2,962,748 Community development 2,735,598 2,962,714 Debt services: 111,500 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,500 9,607 Total expenditures (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		Other Governmental Funds	Total
Licenses and permits 176,185 64,374 Fines and forfeitures 96,477 1,807,507 Use of money and property 96,477 1,871,556 Intergovernmental 2,301,183 8,052,573 Charges for services 5,622 2,339,112 Other revenues 81,187 203,170 Total revenues 4,155,415 29,865,585 EXPENDITURES: Current: 5 4,538,391 Public safety 11,618 8,499,781 Streets and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works 2,408,849 Parks and public works 2,408,849 Community development 2,735,958 2,962,714 Capital outlay 2,735,958 2,962,714 Debt services: 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,500 91,663,33 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 1,000 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	REVENUES:		
Fines and forfeitures 46,057 Use of money and property 96,477 1,871,556 Intergovernmental 2,301,183 8,052,573 Charges for services 5,622 2,339,112 Other revenues 81,187 203,170 Total revenues 4,155,415 29,865,585 EXPENDITURES: Current: - 4,538,391 Public safery 11,618 8,499,781 Public safery 11,618 8,499,781 Streets and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works 2,735,958 2,962,741 Community development 1,4900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 2,689,763 EXEXES (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issu			
Use of money and property 96,477 1,871,556 Intergovernmental 2,301,183 8,052,573 Charges for services 5,622 2,339,112 Other revenues 81,187 203,170 Total revenues 4,155,415 29,865,585 EXPENDITURES: Current: General government 1 4,538,391 Public safety 11,618 8,499,781 Streets and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works 2,735,988 2,962,714 Copical outlay 2,735,988 2,962,714 Debt services: 2,735,988 2,962,714 Principal 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 2,689,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 Fundamental fee 1 8,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,282,066 <td< td=""><td>•</td><td>176,185</td><td></td></td<>	•	176,185	
Intergovernmental 2,301,183 8,052,573 Charges for services 5,622 2,391,112 Other revenues 81,187 203,170 Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: General government - 4,538,391 Public safety 11,618 8,499,781 Streets and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works 2,408,849 Community development - 537,341 Capital outlay 2,735,958 2,962,714 Debt services: 111,4900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures (2,031,728) 2,965,822 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066		-	
Charges for services 5,622 2,339,112 Other revenues 81,87 203,170 Total revenues 4,155,415 29,865,885 EXPENDITURES: Current: - 4,538,391 Public safety 1,618 8,499,781 Streets and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works - 2,408,849 Community development - 537,341 Capital outlay - 537,341 Debt services: - 2,408,849 Principal 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCES (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt - 8,870 Transfers (out) 1,196,592 (6,928,066 Transfers (out) 1,196,592			
Other revenues 81,187 203,170 Total revenues 4,155,415 29,865,885 EXPENDITURES: Current: General government - 4,538,391 Public safety 11,618 8,499,781 Streets and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works - 2,408,849 Community development - 2,735,958 2,962,714 Capital outlay 2,735,958 2,962,714 Capital outlay 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt - 8,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) 1,885,482 8,870 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES			
Total revenues 4,155,415 29,865,585 EXPENDITURES: Current: General government 4,538,391 Public safety 11,618 8,499,781 Streets and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works - 2,408,849 Community development - 537,341 Capital outlay 2,735,958 2,962,714 Debt services: 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):			
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government - 4,538,391 Public safety 11,618 8,499,781 Streets and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works - 2,408,849 Community development - 537,341 Capital outlay 2,735,958 2,962,714 Debt services: - 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) 1,196,592) (6,928,066 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 6,374,107 39,305,458	Other revenues	81,187	203,170
Current: 6eneral government 4,538,391 Public safety 11,618 8,499,781 Streets and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works 2,408,849 Community development 2,355,958 2,962,714 Capital outlay 2,735,958 2,962,714 Debt services: 7 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 6,928,066 3,9305,458	Total revenues	4,155,415	29,865,585
General government - 4,538,391 Public safety 11,618 8,499,781 Streets and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works - 2,408,849 Community development - 537,341 Capital outlay 2,735,958 2,962,714 Debt services: - 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 8,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): - 6,374,107 39,305,458	EXPENDITURES:		
Public safety 11,618 8,499,781 Streets and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works - 2,486,683 Community development - 537,341 Capital outlay 2,735,958 2,962,714 Debt services: - - Principal 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 8,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): - 6,374,107 39,305,458	Current:		
Streets and public works 3,213,137 5,486,683 Parks and public works - 2,408,849 Community development - 537,341 Capital outlay 2,735,958 2,962,714 Debt services: **** 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) *** 8,870 Issuance of debt - 8,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): Beginning of year 6,374,107 39,305,458		-	
Parks and public works - 2,408,849 Community development - 537,341 Capital outlay 2,735,958 2,962,714 Debt services: - 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 8,870 Issuance of debt - 8,870 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): - 6,374,107 39,305,458		11,618	8,499,781
Community development 537,341 Capital outlay 2,735,958 2,962,714 Debt services: Principal 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt - 8,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): Beginning of year 6,374,107 39,305,458		3,213,137	
Capital outlay 2,735,958 2,962,714 Debt services: 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5 8,870 Issuance of debt - 8,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 6,374,107 39,305,458 Beginning of year 6,374,107 39,305,458		-	
Debt services: Principal 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$8,870 Issuance of debt - 8,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 6,374,107 39,305,458		-	
Principal 114,900 1,549,333 Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 8 6,374,107 39,305,458 Beginning of year 6,374,107 39,305,458		2,735,958	2,962,714
Interest and fiscal agent fee 111,530 916,671 Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 3,870 5,870 5,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 7,928,066 7,928,066 7,928,066 7,928,066			
Total expenditures 6,187,143 26,899,763 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Suance of debt - 8,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 6,374,107 39,305,458			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (2,031,728) 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt - 8,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 6,374,107 39,305,458 Beginning of year 6,374,107 39,305,458	Interest and fiscal agent fee	111,530	916,671
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 2,965,822 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt - 8,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 6,374,107 39,305,458 Beginning of year 6,374,107 39,305,458	Total expenditures	6,187,143	26,899,763
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of debt - 8,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 6,374,107 39,305,458 Beginning of year 6,374,107 39,305,458	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
Issuance of debt - 8,870 Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 6,374,107 39,305,458	OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,031,728)	2,965,822
Transfers in 3,082,074 6,928,066 Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 6,374,107 39,305,458 Beginning of year 6,374,107 39,305,458	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers (out) (1,196,592) (6,928,066) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 39,305,458 Beginning of year 6,374,107 39,305,458		-	
Total other financing sources (uses) 1,885,482 8,870 NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 39,305,458 Beginning of year 6,374,107 39,305,458			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (146,246) 2,974,692 FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): 6,374,107 39,305,458	Transfers (out)	(1,196,592)	(6,928,066)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): Beginning of year 6,374,107 39,305,458	Total other financing sources (uses)	1,885,482	8,870
Beginning of year <u>6,374,107</u> <u>39,305,458</u>	NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(146,246)	2,974,692
End of year \$ 6,227,861 \$ 42,280,150	Beginning of year	6,374,107	39,305,458
	End of year	\$ 6,227,861	\$ 42,280,150

City of Hercules Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 2,974,692
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expenses. This is the amount by which capital expenditures exceeded depreciation in the current period:	
Capital outlay expenditures, net of \$571,632 reported in Internal Service Funds \$ 2,677,663 Loss on disposal (1,760)	
Depreciation and amortization expenses, net of \$215,352 reported in Internal Service Funds (3,354,841)	(678,938)
Revenues that are measurable but not available and are reported as unavailable revenue under the modified accrual basis of accounting in the governmental funds.	(95,314)
Proceeds from long-term debt provided current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal was an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	
Issuance of debt	(8,870) 945,308
Principal repayment of loans, leases, subscription liability and bonds	943,306
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Change in accrued interet expense	28,260
Amortization of bond discount	(17,297)
Change in compensated absences, net of Internal Service Fund of \$3,652 Pension expense of CalPERS Plan, net of pension contribution made after measurement date in the amount of \$1,998,114	(79,018) 1,362,383
OPEB (PEHMCA) expense	4,523
OPEB (SOMAR) credit	(71,941)
Settlement with the California Department of Finance	604,025
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as fleet repair and maintenance, central stores and printing services to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of these internal service funds are reported	
as governmental activities.	202,894
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 5,170,707

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Wastewater Fund – This fund accounts for wastewater treatment to the cities of Hercules and Pinole and for the maintenance of the City's sewer lines and related facilities. It is a self-supporting activity which provides services on a user charge basis to residences and businesses.

Internal Service Funds – These funds account for activities related to vehicle replacement, IT equipment replacement, and facilities maintenance.

City of Hercules Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities
	Wastewater	Internal
	Fund	Service Funds
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 18,830,203	\$ 2,102,142
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	8,327,888	
Total current assets	27,158,091	2,102,142
Noncurrent assets:		
Net OPEB assets - PEHMCA	12,132	12,132
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable	3,456,514	-
Depreciable and amortizable, net	36,922,843	936,954
Total noncurrent assets	40,391,489	949,086
Total assets	67,549,580_	3,051,228
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions-related deferred outflows of resources	445,145	304,170
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources (PEHMCA)	33,622	33,622
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources (SOMAR)	35,838	35,838
Total deferred outflows of resources	514,605	373,630
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	2,026,678	39,850
Salaries and benefits payable	8,776	6,264
Accrued interest payable	16,055	-
Long-term debt - due within one year	1,557,797	45,291
Total current liabilities	3,609,306	91,405
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	27,599,075	35,213
Net pension liabilities	1,092,885	746,775
Net OPEB liabilities - SOMAR	100,875	100,875
Total noncurrent liabilities	28,792,835	882,863
Total liabilities	32,402,141	974,268
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions-related deferred outflows of resources	136,612	93,348
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources (PEHMCA)	92,420	92,420
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources (SOMAR)	31,658	31,658
Total deferred inflows of resources	260,690	217,426
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	19,602,539	901,512
Unrestricted	15,798,815	1,331,652
Total net position	\$ 35,401,354	\$ 2,233,164
•		

City of Hercules Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund Wastewater Fund			overnmental Activities Internal rvice Funds
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services	\$	5,922,758	\$	2,207,286
Other operating revenues				11,428
Total operating revenues		5,922,758		2,218,714
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Salaries and benefits		821,479		583,341
Services and supplies		2,652,510		1,216,769
Depreciation		990,241		215,352
Total operating expenses		4,464,230		2,015,462
Operating income		1,458,528		203,252
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income		294,199		-
Interest (expenses)		(621,774)		(358)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(327,575)		(358)
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		1,130,953		202,894
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year		34,270,401		2,030,270
End of year	\$	35,401,354	\$	2,233,164

City of Hercules Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund Wastewater Fund	Governmental Activities Internal	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	rund	Service Funds	
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 5,922,758	\$ -	
Cash receipts from internal services provided	-	2,218,590	
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(971,308)	(1,220,691)	
Cash paid to employees for services	(750,940)	(555,932)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,200,510	441,967	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Payments related to the acquisition of capital assets	(2,283,619)	(571,632)	
Principal repayments related to capital purposes	(2,604,812)	(12,073)	
Interest repayments related to capital purposes	(968,747)	(358)	
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(5,857,178)	(584,063)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Investment income	294,199		
Net cash provided by investing activities	294,199		
NET CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,362,469)	(142,096)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:			
Beginning of year	28,520,560	2,244,238	
End of year	\$ 27,158,091	\$ 2,102,142	
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:			
Cash and investments	\$ 18,830,203	\$ 2,102,142	
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	8,327,888	-	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,158,091	\$ 2,102,142	
		(Continued)	

City of Hercules Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund Wastewater Fund	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating income	\$ 1,458,528	\$ 203,252
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	990,241	215,352
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows	330,211	213,332
Pensions-related deferred outflows	(283,060)	(186,882)
OPEB-related deferred outflows	(30,141)	(30,141)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	, ,	,
Accounts payable	1,681,202	(4,046)
Salaries and benefits payable	(23,785)	(19,562)
Net pension liability	728,877	498,037
Net OPEB liability	17,658	29,027
Pensions-related deferred inflows	(355,956)	(263,084)
OPEB-related deferred inflows	16,529	5,160
Compensated absences	417_	(5,146)
Total adjustments	2,741,982	238,715
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 4,200,510	\$ 441,967



FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Private Purpose Trust Fund - is a fiduciary fund type used by the City to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the assets, liabilities, and activities of the Hercules Redevelopment Successor Agency. The sole purpose of this fund is to retire debt of the former redevelopment agency.

Custodial Funds - are used to account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity. Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

City of Hercules Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 9,476,117	\$ 409,276
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	33,499	55,798
Prepaid items	502,267	-
Loans receivable, net	7,866,002	-
Capital Assets:		
Nondepreciable	14,090,684	-
Depreciable, net	7,785,441	
Total assets	39,754,010	465,074
LIABILITIES		
Unearned revenue	841,840	-
Long-term debt:		
Due in more than one year	81,317,000	
Total liabilities	82,158,840	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amount on refunding	832,807	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	832,807	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		
Held in trust (deficit)	(43,237,637)	_
Individuals, organization, and other government	-	465,074
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (43,237,637)	\$ 465,074
	- (-)) 	

City of Hercules Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:		
Redevelopment property tax trust fund	\$ 5,484,664	\$ 230,700
Investment income (loss)	(56,218)	8,176
Other revenue	239,676	
Total additions	5,668,122	238,876
DEDUCTIONS:		
Community development	6,496	-
Administration	26,815	8,320
Depreciation	580,709	-
Interest expenses	2,397,908	193,196
Principal payment to refunding escrow	<u>-</u> _	57,572
Total deductions	3,011,928	259,088
CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	2,656,194	(20,212)
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION (DEFICIT):		
Beginning of year,	(45,893,831)	485,286
End of year	\$ (43,237,637)	\$ 465,074



NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Index to the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Page
Note 1	– Sur	nmary of Significant Accounting Policies	51
	Δ	Financial Reporting Entity	51
	B.	Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus.	51
		Cash and Investments	
		Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents	
		Fair Value Measurements	
	F.	Interfund Transactions	
	- •	Prepaid Items	
		Capital Assets	
	I.	Leases	
	J.	Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements ("SBITA") Asset and Liabilities.	
		Long-Term Debt	
		Unearned and Unavailable Revenue.	
		Compensated Absences	
		Property Taxes	
		Interfund Transactions	
		Claims Payable	
		Pensions	
		Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB")	
		Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources	
		Net Position	
		Use of Estimates	
		Fund Balances.	
		Spending Policy	
		Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements	
Note 2	– Cas	h and Investments	63
	Δ	Demand Deposits	64
		Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the	0 1
	ъ.	City's Investment Policy	64
	C.	Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements	
		Risk Disclosures	
		Investment in Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF")	
		Investment in Money Market Mutual Funds	
Note 3	– Loa	ns Receivable	67
	А	Governmental Activities	67
		Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
Note 4	– Lea	se Receivable	68
	A.	Bio-Rad Laboratories Lease Receivable	68
		Other Lease Receivable	
Note 5	– Inte	erfund Transactions	70
	A.	Due From and To Other Funds	70
	В.	Transfers In and Out	70

Index to the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		<u>Page</u>
Note 6 – C	apital Assets	71
,	A. Governmental Activities	71
	B. Business-Type Activities	
	C. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
Note 7 – L	ong-Term Debt	74
I	A. Governmental Activities	74
	B. Business-Type Activities	
	C. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
I	D. Non-City Obligations	81
Note 8 – R	etirement Plans	82
	A. General Information About the Pension Plans	83
I	3. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources	
	and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	
	C. Other	
	D. Payable to the CalPERS Pension Plans	
I	E. Liquidating Net Pension Liability	91
Note 9 – D	eferred Compensation Plan	91
	A. 457 Plan	
	3. 401A Plan	
(C. PARS	91
Note 10 –	Other Postemployment Benefits	92
I	A. Retiree Healthcare Plan (PEHMCA)	93
	3. Retiree Cash Benefit Plan (SOMAR Plan)	
Note 11 –	Risk Management	100
Note 12 –	Commitments and Contingencies	102
,	A. Lawsuits	102
	3. Commitments	
Note 13 –	Joint Powers Agreements	102
,	A. West Contra Costa Transportation Advisory Committee (WCCTAC)	102
	B. West Contra Costa Integrated Waste Management Authority (WCCIWMA)	
	C. Pinole/Hercules Wastewater Treatment Plant	
Note 14 –	Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability	103
	A. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position	
	3. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations	
1	2. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations	103
Note 15 – 1	Fund Balance Classification	105
Note 16 –	Net Investment in Capital Assets	105

City of Hercules Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Hercules, California, (the "City") have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the City's significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated under the General Laws of the state of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges pertaining to such "General Law" cities. The City uses the City Council/Manager form of government.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The primary criteria for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity are the governing body's financial accountability and a financial benefit or burden relationship and whether it is misleading to exclude. A primary government is financially accountable and shares a financial benefit or burden relationship, if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the organization, or if there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or a jointly appointed board, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government.

Blended Component Units:

Management determined that the following entities should be reported as blended component units based on the criteria above. Although the following is legally separate from the City, it has been "blended" as though it is part of the City because the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the City's and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the City and the component unit; management of the City has operational responsibilities for the component unit; and/or the component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the City or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the City, even though it does not provide services directly to it.

<u>The Hercules Public Financing Authority</u> – The Hercules Public Financing Authority (the "Authority") was established July 24, 2001, by and between the City and the Authority, pursuant to the state of California Government Code. The purpose of the Authority is to finance the acquisition, construction, and improvement of public capital improvements, working capital requirements, or insurance programs. Separate detailed financial statements are available from the City's Finance Department.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance or net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. City resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying statement of net position. The statement of activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated. In the statement of activities, internal service fund transactions have been included in the governmental activities. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- Due from and to other funds, which are short-term loans within the primary government.
- Advances to and from other funds, which are long-term loans within the primary government.
- Transfers in and out, which are flows of assets between funds without the requirement for repayment.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenue and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balances. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Revenues are recorded when received in cash, except those revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) which are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources that have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City are property taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other taxes. Business license fees are recorded as received, except at year-end when they are accrued pursuant to the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Reconciliations of the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements are provided to explain the differences.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City reports the following major Governmental Funds:

General Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City that are not accounted for through other funds, For the City, the General Fund includes such activities as police, planning, engineering, public works, operations and maintenance, and legal and administrative services.

American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund accounts for revenues and activities for American Rescue Plan Act funding which was provided to fund additional relief for individuals and businesses affected by the coronavirus pandemic.

Landscape & Lighting Assessment District (LLAD) No. 83-2 Special Revenue Fund - This fund accounts for special assessments on property within district boundaries for the restricted purpose of providing landscaping and lighting services within the specified districts.

Hercules Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on the Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A issued to cover capital costs for the Hercules Municipal Utility and principal and interest on the Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2003B issued to cover the financing of the original City Hall debt issue and to generate additional resources to assist in the construction of a new library building, Series 2009 issued for the purpose of financing the acquisition of certain commercial condominium property (Bio-Rad).

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major Proprietary Fund.

A separate column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City's internal service funds include three individual funds that provide services directly to other City funds. These services include vehicle replacement, technology services, and facilities maintenance.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent), and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. In these funds, receivables have been recorded as revenue and provisions have been made for uncollectible amounts.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City reports the following major Proprietary Fund:

Wastewater Fund accounts for wastewater treatment to the cities of Hercules and Pinole and for the maintenance of the City's sewer lines and related facilities. It is a self-supporting activity which provides services on a user charge basis to residences and businesses.

Internal service funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements. Internal service funds account for activities related to vehicle replacement, technology services, and facilities maintenance. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's fiduciary funds represent custodial funds and private purpose trust funds. Both custodial funds and the private purpose trust funds are accounted for on the full accrual basis of accounting.

The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

Private-Purpose Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the balances and transactions of the Successor Agency to the former Hercules Redevelopment Agency.

Custodial Funds – These funds account for resources held by the City in custodial capacity for special assessment collected for Reassessment District 05-01 debt service payments, affordable housing set-aside funds, and for waste management service. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

C. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. All cash and investments of proprietary funds are held in the City's investment pool. These cash pools have the general characteristics of a demand deposit account, therefore, all cash and investments in the proprietary funds are considered cash and cash equivalents for statement of cash flows purposes.

Investments are stated at fair value (quoted market price or best available estimate thereof).

D. Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents

Cash and investments are held by fiscal agents for the redemption of bonded debt and maintaining required reserves.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Fair Value Measurement

U.S. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the financial statements, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value.

The three levels of the fair value measurement hierarchy are described below:

- ➤ Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- ➤ Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- ➤ Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

F. Interfund Transactions

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due from/to other funds" (i.e., current portion of interfund loans).

G. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year ended using the purchase method.

H. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, furniture, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date donated. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 for general capital asserts and \$5,000 for infrastructure capital assets, and an estimated useful life of one year or more.

The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include:

- > Street system
- > Site amenities such as parking and landscaped areas used by the City in conduct of its business.

Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, traffic control devices (signals), and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives used for depreciation purposes are as follows:

Building and improvements	15-50 Years
Land improvements	20 Years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 Years
Infrastructure	15-50 Years

I. Leases

Lessee

The City has a policy to recognize a lease liability and a right-to-use asset (lease asset) in the financial statements with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more with a lease term greater than one year. Variable payments based on future performance or usage of the underlying assets are not included in the measurement of the lease liability.

At the commencement of a lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made.

Lease assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities and modified by any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term along with any initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease assets into service. Lease assets are amortized using the straight—line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the State has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised. In this case, the lease asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease, plus any option periods that are reasonably certain to be exercised.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise. The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of a lease and will remeasure any lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Right to use the lease assets are reported as intangible assets along with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Leases (Continued)

Lessor

The City is a lessor for leases of buildings and land and recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the financial statements. Variable payments based on future performance or usage of the underlying asset are not included in the measurement of the lease receivable.

At the commencement of a lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflows of resources are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources are recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term in a systematic and rational method.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

The City uses the incremental borrowing rate (IBR) provided by our financial institution at July 1, 2021 for existing leases or the current rate at the time a new lease is executed.

- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease plus any option periods that are likely to be exercised.
- Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

The City has a policy to recognize a SBITA liability and a right-to-use subscription asset (SBITA asset) in the financial statements with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more with a subscription term greater than one year. At the commencement of a subscription, when the subscription asset is placed into service, the SBITA liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Future subscription payments are discounted using the City's incremental borrowing rate and the City recognizes amortization of the discount on the subscription liability as interest expense in subsequent financial reporting periods.

J. Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements ("SBITA") Asset and Liabilities

SBITA assets are measured as the sum of the initial subscription liability, payments made to the SBITA vendor before the commencement of the lease term, and capitalizable implementation costs less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. Subscription assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the subscription term.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITAs include how the Authority determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements ("SBITA") Asset and Liabilities (Continued)

- > The City uses the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the Authority generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITAs.
- > The subscription term includes the period during which the City has a noncancelable right to use the underlying IT asset. The subscription term also includes periods covered by an option to extend if it is reasonably certain to be exercised.
- > Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option years that the Authority is reasonably certain to exercise. The Authority monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of a subscription and will remeasure any subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Right-to-use subscription assets are reported along with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

K. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term debts are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the governmental fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

L. Unearned and Unavailable Revenue

In the government-wide financial statements, unearned revenue is recognized for transactions for which revenue has not yet been earned. Typical transactions recorded as unearned revenues in the government-wide financial statements are cell phone site license lease payments received in advance, prepaid charges for services and facility rentals paid in advance.

In the governmental fund financial statements, unearned and unavailable revenue is recorded when transactions have not yet met the revenue recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City records unearned revenue for transactions for which revenues have not been earned, and unavailable revenue when funds are not available to meet current financial obligations. Typical transactions for which unearned or unavailable revenue is recorded are lease payments, quarterly encroachment fees and advance registration for recreation classes which were not yet earned.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

M. Compensated Absences

City employees have vested interest in varying levels of vacation, sick leave and compensatory time based on their length of employment. It is the policy of the City to pay all accumulated vacation pay and all or a portion of sick pay when an employee retires or terminates. The long-term amount is included as a liability in the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate compensated absences. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expensed to the various funds in the period they are earned, and such fund's share of the unpaid liability is recorded as a long-term liability of the fund.

N. Property Taxes

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities in the current period.

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties at up to 1% of assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The property taxes go into a pool, and are then allocated to the cities based on complex formulas. The County of Contra Costa levies, bills and collects property taxes and special assessments for the City and remits the full assessment regardless of the amounts received under a Teeter plan arrangement.

	Secured	Unsecured
Lien Date	January 1 preceding fiscal year	January 1 preceding fiscal year
Due Date	November 1 & February 1	August 31
Delinquent Date	December 10 & April 10	September 1

O. Interfund Transactions

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due from/to other funds" (i.e., current portion of interfund loans).

P. Claims Payable

The City records a liability to reflect an actuarial estimate of ultimate uninsured losses for both general liability claims (including property damage claims) and workers' compensation claims. The estimated liability for workers' compensation claims and general liability claims includes "incurred but not reported" ("IBNR") claims. There is no fixed payment schedule to pay these liabilities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Q. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the aggregate net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans (Note 8). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

CalPERS	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Period	July 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The General Fund is typically used to pay pension benefits. In proprietary funds, pension benefits are expensed to the various funds in the period they are earned, and such fund's share of the unpaid liability is recorded as a long-term liability of the fund.

R. Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB")

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan (Note 10). For this purpose, the OPEB plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The following timeframes are used for OPEB reporting:

OPEB	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Period	July 1, 2022 - June 30, 2023

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

R. Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") (Continued)

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

S. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds report separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods.

T. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, related debt, unspent bond proceeds, and deferred inflows of resources.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

U. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

V. Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form, such as loans receivable or inventory, or because resources legally or contractually must remain intact.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

V. Fund Balances (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u> — Restricted fund balances are the portion of fund balance that have externally enforceable limitations on their usage through legislation or limitations imposed by creditors, grantor, laws and regulations of other governments or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations by the highest level of decision-making authority, namely the City Council, prior to the end of the reporting period. City Council adoption of a resolution is required to commit resources or to rescind the commitment.

<u>Assigned</u> – Assigned fund balances are limitations imposed by management based on the intended use of the funds. Modifications or rescissions of the constraints can be removed by the same type of action that limited the use of the funds. Assignment of resources can be done by the highest level of decision making or by a committee or official designated for that purpose. The City Council has authorized the City Manager for that purpose.

<u>Unassigned</u> — Unassigned fund balances represent the residual net resources in excess of the other classifications. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

W. Spending Policy

Government-Wide Financial Statements and the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

When expenses are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted components of net position are available, the City's policy is to apply the restricted component of net position first, then the unrestricted component of net position as needed.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted fund balances first, then unrestricted fund balances as needed.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

When expenditures are incurred for purposes where only unrestricted fund balances are available, the City uses the unrestricted resources in the following order, except for instances wherein an ordinance specifies the fund balance:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

X. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect to the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* (GASB Statement No. 94), to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect to the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB Statement No. 96), to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Under this Statement, a government is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. The effective date of GASB Statement No. 96 is for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Implementation of this Statement resulted in restatement of beginning balance of capital assets (Note 6) and long-term debt liabilities (Note 7) at July 1, 2022.

In March 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect to the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool, which includes cash balances and authorized investments of all funds.

The City had the following cash and investments at June 30, 2023:

Primary Government Governmental Business-type Fiduciary Activities Activities Funds Total Cash and investments 39,580,360 9,885,393 68,295,956 18,830,203 Cash and investments with fiscal agent 2,068,440 8,327,888 89,297 10,485,625 Cash and investments held in trust 2,141,823 2,141,823 43,790,623 27,158,091 80,923,404 9,974,690 **Total**

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

The City's cash and investments at June 30, 2023 in more detail:

Cash on hand	\$ 2,005
Deposits with financial institutions	9,851,403
Deposits with trust	2,141,823
Investments	 68,928,173
Total	\$ 80,923,404

A. Demand Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's demand deposits were \$9,851,403 at June 30, 2023. Bank balances at that date were \$10,048,741 and the total amount of which was insured or collateralized with accounts held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The City, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

B. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the City's investment policy and the California Government Code. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	M aximum M aturity	M aximum Percentage of Portfolio	M aximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	\$50 Million	\$50 Million
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	5 Years	None	None
Insured Deposits with Banks and Savings and Loans	N/A	None	None
Bankers Acceptance (Must be Dollar Denominated)	180 Days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	15%	10%
Negotiable Time Certificates of Deposits	5 Years	30%	\$100,000
Nonnegotiable Time Certificates of Deposits	5 Years	30%	\$100,000
Federally Issued Time Deposits	5 Years	None	\$100,000
Repurchase Agreements	30 Days	None	10%
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 Days	20%	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 Years	30%	15%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Insured or Passbook Savings Accounts	N/A	None	\$100,000

^{*}The table is based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

C. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

		M aximum	M aximum
	M aximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	\$50 Million	\$50 Million
U.S. Treasury Obligations	30 Years	20%	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	30 Years	20%	None
Insured Deposits with Banks and Savings and Loans	N/A	None	None
Bankers Acceptance (Must be Dollar Denominated)	6 Months	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	6 Months	15%	10%
Negotiable Time Certificates of Deposits	5 Years	30%	\$100,000
Nonnegotiable Time Certificates of Deposits	5 Years	30%	\$100,000
Federally Issued Time Deposits	1 Years	20%	None
Repurchase Agreements	30 Days	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 Days	20%	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 Years	30%	15%
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	None
Money Market Funds	N/A	None	None
Insured or Passbook Savings Accounts	N/A	None	\$100,000
Guaranteed Investment Contract	N/A	None	None

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, and concentration of credit risk.

D. Risk Disclosures

<u>Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment is, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

				Maturity		
				12 Months		
Investment Type		Total		Total or		or Less
Investments:						
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	58,324,861	\$	58,324,861		
Investments with fiscal agents:						
Money Market Mutual Funds		10,603,312		10,603,312		
Total	\$	68,928,173	\$	68,928,173		
		•				

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

D. Risk Disclosures (Continued)

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

Interest rate risk is the market value fluctuation due to overall changes in the interest rates. It is mitigated by limiting the average maturity of the City's portfolio, not to exceed three years.

As a means of maintaining liquidity and minimizing interest rate risk, the City's investment policy limits are as follows:

	Percentage
Maturity	of Portfolio
Up to One Year	10% Minimum
One Year to Five Years	60% Maximum
More Than Five Years	30% Maximum

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code or the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

		Minimum	S	&P Rating as of	Fisca	l Year Ended
		Legal				Not
Investment Type	Total	Rating		AAA		Rated
Investments:	 					_
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 58,324,861	N/A	\$	-	\$	58,324,861
Investments with fiscal agents:						
Money Market Mutual Funds	 10,603,312	N/A		10,603,312		
Total	\$ 68,928,173		\$	10,603,312	\$	58,324,861

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. The City has no investments in any one issuer (other than mutual funds and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the provision for deposits as disclosed in Note 2A.

For investments identified herein as held by bond trustee, the bond trustee selects the investment under the terms of the applicable trust agreement, acquires the investment, and holds the investment on behalf of the reporting government.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

E. Investment in Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF")

The City is a participant in LAIF, which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2023 included a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities, which included the following:

<u>Structured Notes</u>: debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>: generally, mortgage-backed securities that entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (for example, collateralized mortgage obligations), or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2023, the City had \$58,324,861 invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.78% of the pool investment funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities.

F. Investment in Money Market Mutual Funds

At June 30, 2023, investments in money market mutual funds are reported at fair value. The City values investments in money market mutual funds at the amortized cost. The funds investment objectives seek preservation of capital, daily liquidity and maximum current income. The portfolios consist of liquid, high-quality debt securities issued by the U.S. Government. The funds offer same day liquidity and as of June 30, 2023 the City had \$10,603,312 invested in Money Market Mutual Funds.

Note 3 – Loans Receivable

A. Governmental Activities

At June 30, 2023, loans receivable consisted of the following:

Bio-Rad Loan	\$ 1,382,899
Total	\$ 1,382,899

Bio-Rad Loan

The City advanced Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc. \$2,000,000 to construct various tenant improvements in one or more of the buildings located at 203-295 Linus Pauling Drive. The terms of the loan call for monthly payments of \$10,418, at an interest rate of 4.5% per annum, with repayments commencing May 15, 2010, through September 14, 2038. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2023 was \$1,382,899.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 3 – Loans Receivable (Continued)

B. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

At June 30, 2023, loans receivable consisted of the following:

Business Development Loans	\$ 1,275,893
Bridge Housing Corporation	2,241,440
Home Emergency Loan	8,293
First Time Homebuyers	730,196
Homeowner Retention/Loss Mitigation	2,377,285
Revitalization and Beautification	176,607
Other Assistance Programs	1,056,288
Total	\$ 7,866,002

Amounts shown above are net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$588,610 for Housing Program Loans.

The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Hercules, a private purpose trust fund continues to administer the above listed outstanding loans receivable as it winds down the activities of the former Redevelopment Agency.

Note 4 – Lease Receivable

At June 30, 2023, lease receivable consisted of the following:

Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc. \$8,374,470
Other lease receivable 531,912
Total \$8,906,382

A. Bio-Rad Laboratories Lease Receivable

On August 14, 2008, the City and Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc. entered in to a lease agreement, which Bio-Rad agreed to lease from the City, the premises, consisting of the land located in the City of Hercules, County of Contra Costa, state of California, commonly known as the Venture Commerce Center located at 203-295 Linus Pauling Drive, including five (5) buildings consisting of approximately 96,847 rentable square feet, together with the parking lot and associated improvements serving the buildings.

The term of this lease shall be for thirty (30) years, commencing on September 15, 2008 and ending on September 14, 2038, or terminated sooner pursuant to the terms of this lease. Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc. has the option to terminate this lease anytime on or after the fifteenth (15th) anniversary date as to a portion or the entire premises by delivering to the City not later than three (3) months prior to said fifteenth (15th) anniversary date or any applicable later termination date, a notice of such election.

The City granted to Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc. the option to purchase the premises, Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc. may elect to exercise the Purchase Option by delivering to the City written notice of such election within 30 days prior to either of the following dates: (i) the fifteenth (15th) anniversary date; (ii) the twentieth (20th) anniversary date; or (iii) the twenty-fifth (25th) anniversary date, If Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc. has not elected to exercise the Purchase Option during the time period said above, then the Purchase Option shall automatically be deemed elected by Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc. as of the expiration date unless Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc., provides prior written notice to the City of Hercules within fifteen (15) days prior to the expiration date electing not to pursue the Purchase Option, If Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc. elects to exercise the Purchase Option on the expiration date, the purchase price for the premises shall be one dollar (\$1.00).

City of Hercules Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 4 – Lease Receivable (Continued)

A. Bio-Rad Laboratories Lease Receivable (Continued)

Total lease revenue of \$26,723,100 will be received from the Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc. during the term of lease. The interest rate on the lease payments is 8.0381%. Monthly lease payments vary from \$55,300 to \$83,699 will be received on the first day of each month without notice, offset, deduction, or demand, in advance, during the lease term. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized \$227,732 in lease revenue and \$686,994 in interest revenue.

The future required payments for these leases, including interest, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total							
2024	\$ 253,325	\$ 667,653	\$ 920,978							
2025	281,064	646,166	927,230							
2026	311,131	622,351	933,482							
2027	343,720	596,014	939,734							
2028	379,042	566,943	945,985							
2029-2033	2,608,372	2,273,248	4,881,620							
2034-2038	4,032,092	952,668	4,984,760							
2039	165,724	164	165,888							
	\$ 8,374,470	\$ 6,325,207	\$ 14,699,677							

B. Other Lease Receivable

Lease receivables consist of agreements with others for the right—to—use of the underlying assets for land and building owned by the City at various locations. The remaining terms of the agreements range from 1 to 10 years. The incremental borrowing rates used ranged from 2.38%. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized \$129,301 in lease revenue and \$14,339 in interest revenue. The outstanding receivables are in the amounts of \$531,912. The future required payments for these leases, including interest, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities									
Year Ending June 30,	Principal Interest Tot										
2024	\$	123,057	\$	11,222	\$	134,279					
2025		91,726		8,737		100,463					
2026		95,028		6,518		101,546					
2027		91,306		4,226		95,532					
2028		48,458		2,500		50,958					
2029-2032		82,337		4,063		86,400					
	\$	531,912	\$	37,266	\$	569,178					

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 5 – Interfund Transactions

A. Due From and To Other Funds

At June 30, 2023, the City's Due to and from Other Funds are as follows:

Due From Other Funds (Receivable)	Due To Other Funds (Payable)	 Amount
	Landscape & Lighting Assessment District	
General Fund	(LLAD) No. 83-2 Special Revenue Fund	\$ 478,632
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 705,652
		\$ 1,184,284

The due to/from other funds are to provide cash flow for the funds with negative cash and for other short-term borrowings between funds.

B. Transfers In and Out

The City had the following transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 150,050
General Fund	American Resecue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund	3,142,889
Landscape & Lighting Assessment District		
(LLAD) No. 83-2 Special Revenue Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	84,554
Hercules Debt Service Fund	General Fund	468,499
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	1,807,860
	Landscape & Lighting Assessment District	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	(LLAD) No. 83-2 Special Revenue Fund	312,226
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	961,988
	Total	\$ 6,928,066

\$3,292,889 transferred to the General Fund included the \$150,000 from the Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund for the public safety related expenditures and the \$3,142,889 from the American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund for the public safety related expenditures.

\$84,554 transfers to Landscape & Lighting Assessment District (LLAD) No. 83-2 Special Revenue Fund from the Nonmajor Governmental Funds for the City's general benefit contributions. \$468,499 transferred to the Debt Service Fund from the General Fund for the debt service payments.

\$3,082,074 transferred to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds includes:

- \$1,807,860 from the General Fund for the debt service payments and the Hercules Hub capital project appropriation approved by City Council, created a new nonmajor fund for restricted funds previously residing in the General Fund for the General Plan Update Fee.
- \$312,226 from Landscape & Lighting Assessment District (LLAD) No. 83-2 Special Revenue Fund for the City's general benefit obligations.
- \$961,988 from Nonmajor Governmental Funds for the City's general benefit contributions and creating a new nonmajor fund for restricted funds previously residing the Gas Tax Fund for the Road Rehabilitation revenues.

Note 6 – Capital Assets

A. Governmental Activities

Summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2022				Re	eclassification/		Balance
	(Restated)		Additions		Retirements	Transfers		June 30, 2023	
Nondepreciable assets:									
Land	\$	5,081,587	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	5,081,587
Construction in progress		1,004,447		2,522,049			(1,966,120)		1,560,376
Total nondepreciable assets		6,086,034		2,522,049			(1,966,120)		6,641,963
Depreciable assets:									
Land improvements		15,812,311		99,003	-		-		15,911,314
Building and improvements		26,323,217		619,498	(150,532)		-		26,792,183
Machinery and equipment		5,781,572		-	=		1,966,120		7,747,692
Infrastructure		113,444,645			-		-		113,444,645
Subtotal		161,361,745		718,501	(150,532)		1,966,120		163,895,834
Less: accumulated depreciation:									
Land improvements		(9,989,559)		(249,530)	-		-		(10,239,089)
Building and improvements		(11,504,465)		(735,577)	150,532		-		(12,089,510)
Machinery and equipment		(7,439,871)		(240,323)	-		-		(7,680,194)
Infrastructure		(60,275,185)		(2,307,234)	-				(62,582,419)
Subtotal		(89,209,080)		(3,532,664)	150,532		-		(92,591,212)
Total depreciable assets, net		72,152,665		(2,814,163)			1,966,120		71,304,622
Total capital assets, net		78,238,699		(292,114)			_		77,946,585
Intangible, being amortized									
Rright-to-use lease assets		27,668		8,870	(1,760)		-		34,778
Rigjht-to-use subscription assets		90,502		_			-		90,502
Total intangible assets, being amortized		118,170		8,870	(1,760)				125,280
Less: accumulated amortization:									
Rright-to-use lease assets		(11,171)		(9,323)	-		-		(20,494)
Rigiht-to-use subscription assets				(28,206)					(28,206)
Total accumulated amortization		(11,171)		(37,529)					(48,700)
Total intangible assets, being amortized, net		106,999		(28,659)	(1,760)		-		76,580
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	78,345,698	\$	(320,773)	\$ (1,760)	\$	-	\$	78,023,165

Depreciation and amortization expenses were charged to functions/programs of governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 as follows:

Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	A	Allocation				
General government	\$	491,728				
Public safety		48,256				
Public works		2,610,388				
Parks and recreation		204,469				
Internal service funds		215,352				
Total	\$	3,570,193				

Note 6 – Capital Assets (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

Summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022			Additions	Reclassi Tran		Balance June 30, 2023		
Nondepreciable assets:									
Land	\$	191,700	\$	-	\$	-	\$	191,700	
Construction in progress		981,195		2,283,619		-		3,264,814	
Total nondepreciable assets	1,172,895			2,283,619				3,456,514	
Depreciable assets:									
Building and improvements		38,325,271	-		-		38,325,27		
Machinery and equipment		250,345		-		-		250,345	
Infrastructure		14,945,319						14,945,319	
Subtotal		53,520,935		-		_		53,520,935	
Less: accumulated depreciation:								_	
Building and improvements		(11,007,031)		(137,358)		-		(11,144,389)	
Machinery and equipment		(215,394)		(4,560)		-		(219,954)	
Infrastructure		(4,385,426)		(848,323)		-		(5,233,749)	
Subtotal		(15,607,851)		(990,241)		_		(16,598,092)	
Total depreciable assets, net		37,913,084		(990,241)				36,922,843	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 39,085,979		\$	1,293,378	\$		\$	40,379,357	

Depreciation expense was charged to the Wastewater Fund within business-type activities as follows:

Depreciation Expenses	A	llocation
Wastewater	\$	990,241
Total	\$	990,241

Note 6 – Capital Assets (Continued)

C. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Summary of changes in Fiduciary Fund capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	J	Balance July 1, 2022		Additions	Retirements		Reclassification/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2023	
Nondepreciable assets:									
Land	\$	236,986	\$	-			\$ -	\$	236,986
Construction in progress		13,853,698		-		-			13,853,698
Total nondepreciable assets		14,090,684				-	-		14,090,684
Depreciable assets:									
Land improvements		9,765,373		11,378		-	-		9,776,751
Building and improvements		4,967,778		-		-	-		4,967,778
Machinery and equipment		116,445		-		-	-		116,445
Infrastructure		6,206,831				-			6,206,831
Subtotal		21,056,427		11,378		-	-		21,067,805
Less: accumulated depreciation:									
Land improvements		(5,320,726)		(190,059)		-	-		(5,510,785)
Building and improvements		(3,343,134)		(107,622)		-	-		(3,450,756)
Machinery and equipment		(75,530)		(6,294)		-	-		(81,824)
Infrastructure		(3,962,265)		(276,734)		-			(4,238,999)
Subtotal		(12,701,655)		(580,709)		-			(13,282,364)
Total depreciable assets, net		8,354,772		(569,331)		-			7,785,441
Total capital assets, net	\$	22,445,456	\$	(569,331)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	21,876,125

Depreciation expense was charged to the Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund within the Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements as follows:

Depreciation Expenses	A	llocation
Successor Agency	\$	580,709
Total	\$	580,709

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt

A. Governmental Activities

Summary of changes in Governmental Activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	J	Balance uly 1, 2022 (Restated)	Additions		Deletions			Balance me 30, 2023	Due within One Year		Due in More Than One Year	
Publicly Offered:												
2009 PFA Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	8,165,000	\$	-	\$	(235,000)	\$	7,930,000	\$	255,000	\$	7,675,000
Less: Discount on issuance		(276,738)		-		17,297		(259,441)		-		(259,441)
2020 PFA Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds		5,876,843		-		(386,663)		5,490,180		448,561		5,041,619
H.E.L.P. Loan		1,439,588		-		(76,067)		1,363,521		75,933		1,287,588
R.D.L.P. Loan		3,750,000		-		-		3,750,000		-		3,750,000
Engie Energy Conservation Loan		4,115,542		-		(114,900)		4,000,642		127,479		3,873,163
SunTrust Loan		100,180		-		(100,180)		-		-		-
Lease liability		16,660		8,870		(11,004)		14,526		8,879		5,647
Subscription liability		90,503		-		(33,567)		56,936		32,988		23,948
Settlement payable		604,025		-		(604,025)		-		-		-
Compensated Absences		655,560		510,651		(436,779)		729,432		547,073		182,359
Total	\$	24,537,163	\$	519,521	\$	(1,980,888)	\$	23,075,796	\$	1,495,913	\$	21,579,883

2009 Public Financing Authority Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds (Bio-Rad Project)

The Authority issued taxable lease revenue bonds, series 2009, dated July 29, 2009, totaling \$10,080,000. The purpose of the bonds was to finance the acquisition of certain commercial condominium properties, consisting of approximately 96,847 square feet located at 203-295 Linus Pauling Drive within the City from the City, funding a reserve fund for the Bonds and to paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds. The interest rates on the bonds range from 6.00% to 8.40%. The interest is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1, commencing January 1, 2010. The bonds are subject to optional special mandatory redemption, and mandatory sinking account redemption provisions. The bonds are payable from and secured by revenues consisting primarily of the base rental payments of the property lease, Principal is due annually beginning on July 1, 2010, in amounts ranging from \$165,000 to \$845,000. The bonds mature on July 1, 2038. The principal outstanding balance and the unamortized issuance discount at June 30, 2023 are \$7,930,000 and \$259,441, respectively.

The Bonds constitute limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from Revenues. The Authority has no taxing power. The obligation of the City to make City Advances does not constitute an obligation of the City which the City is obligated to levy or pledge any form of taxation or for which the City has levied or pledged any form of taxation.

Future debt service requirements on the 2009 Public Financing Authority Taxable Lease Revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2024	\$ 255,000	\$ 652,159	\$	907,159		
2025	275,000	630,296		905,296		
2026	300,000	606,578		906,578		
2027	325,000	580,796		905,796		
2028	350,000	552,953		902,953		
2029-2033	2,235,000	2,257,343		4,492,343		
2034-2038	3,345,000	1,102,290		4,447,290		
2039	845,000	 35,490		880,490		
Total	\$ 7,930,000	\$ 6,417,905	\$	14,347,905		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

2020 Hercules Public Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

The Hercules Public Financing Authority issued Lease Revenue Refunding Bond series 2020, dated August 1, 2020, totaling \$5,876,843. The purpose of the bonds was to finance and to refinance the acquisition and or construction of certain real property and public capital improvements of the City. The issuance of the 2020 Lease Revenue Refunding Bond (the "2020 Refunding Bond") resulted in cash flow savings of \$947,702 over the life of the Bond. The City has structured the refinancing to achieve nearly all of the cash flow savings in the first three fiscal years: \$435,857, and \$53,463 during years ended 2022, and 2023, respectively.

Future debt service requirements on the 2020 Hercules Public Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bond are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total
2024	\$ 448,561	\$	116,376	\$ 564,937
2025	457,061		106,369	563,430
2026	465,032		96,180	561,212
2027	477,396	85,766		563,162
2028	489,075		75,087	564,162
2029-2033	2,600,536		207,049	2,807,585
2034	552,519		6,105	558,624
Total	\$ 5,490,180	\$	692,933	\$ 6,183,113

Housing Enabled by Local Partnerships (H.E.L.P.) Loan ("H.E.L.P Loan")

In April 2005 the City entered into an agreement with the California Housing Finance Agency (Agency), a public instrumentality and political subdivision of the state of California to develop a 50-unit multifamily rental project that is a component to a mixed-used development, also consisting of 26,825 square feet of ground-floor commercial space. The Agency has authorized the making of a loan in the amount of \$1,600,000 known as the Housing Enabled by Local Partnerships (H.E.L.P.) to the City for the purpose of assisting in operating a local housing program. Under the terms of this original agreement the City of Hercules agreed to reimburse the Agency \$1,600,000, 10 years from April 11, 2005 at a 3% simple per annum interest. Interest is to be charged only on funds disbursed. In October 2013, the City and Agency amended the agreement to extend the due date of the loan and accumulated interest until April 2027 and to reduce the interest rate to 1.5% simple interest effective October 31, 2013. The balance at June 30, 2023 is \$1,363,521.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the H.E.L.P. Loan as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 75,933	\$ 24,067	\$ 100,000
2025	76,133	23,867	100,000
2026	 1,211,455	18,733	1,230,188
Total	\$ 1,363,521	\$ 66,667	\$ 1,430,188

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Residential Development Loan Program Loan ("R.D.L.P Loan")

In February 2007, the City entered into a loan agreement with the California Housing Finance Agency (Agency) in the amount of \$3,750,000 (\$1,750,000 for predevelopment costs and \$2,000,000 for construction costs). The funds will be used to assist with site acquisition, predevelopment, and construction costs for 23 affordable ownership units within a 52-unit condominium project, which is a component to the Sycamore Downtown Street project, a mixed-use, mixed-income development. Under the terms of the original agreement, the City agreed to repay the Agency \$3,750,000, four years from February 2007 at 3% simple per annum interest. In October 2013, the City and Agency amended the agreement to extend the due date of the loan and accumulated interest until August 2026 and to reduce the interest rate to 1.5% simple interest effective October 31, 2013. The balance at June 30, 2023 is \$3,750,000.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the R.D.L.P. Loan as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2024	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	
2025	-	100,000		100,000	
2026	3,750,000	113,572		3,863,572	
Total	\$ 3,750,000	\$ 313,572	\$	4,063,572	

Engie Construction Loan

On August 14, 2020, the City entered into an equipment finance purchase agreement for the implementation of the "Option A" Energy Services Contract. Interest rate is 2.71%, 30/360 basis, and payment commencing August 14, 2020 and ending on September 14, 2040. The balance at June 30, 2023 is \$4,000,642.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the rental payment as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2024	\$ 127,479	\$ 108,417	\$	235,896	
2025	130,064	104,963		235,027	
2026	143,641	101,438		245,079	
2027	158,064	97,545		255,609	
2028	173,379	93,262		266,641	
2029-2033	1,131,322	386,609		1,517,931	
2034-2038	1,371,560	209,360		1,580,920	
2039-2041	765,133	 41,804		806,937	
Total	\$ 4,000,642	\$ 1,143,398	\$	5,144,040	

Sun Trust Loan

On September 27, 2007, the City entered into master loan agreements with SunTrust Leasing Corporation in order to provide funds for the financing of the EMS Project performed by Siemens Building Technologies in the amount of \$2,185,538. The Master Lease Agreement matured on September 27, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Lease Liabilty

The City has entered into leases for the machine uses. The terms of the agreements range from 13 months to 33 months. The calculated interest rate used was 2.38% based on the term of the agreements. Principal and interest payments to maturity at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	P	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2024	\$	8,879	\$ 228	\$ 9,107
2025		1,838	114	1,952
2026		1,882	70	1,952
2027		1,927	 25	 1,952
Total	\$	14,526	\$ 437	\$ 16,915

Subscription Liability

The City has entered into subscriptions for information technology arrangements. The terms of the arrangements range from 30 to 55 months with implicit rates used between 2.354% to of 2.536%. Principal and interest to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,]	Principal	 Interest	Total
2024	\$	32,988	\$ 1,444	\$ 34,432
2025		11,824	607	12,431
2026		12,124	308	12,432
Total	\$	56,936	\$ 2,359	\$ 59,295

Settlement Payable

On March 19, 2020, the City has entered a settlement agreement with Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency for the City of Hercules, the California Department of Finance related to completely resolve any and all disputes between the Parties pertaining to *California Department of Finance v. City of Hercules; Successor Agency to the Hercules Redevelopment Agency*, Sacramento County Superior Court Case No. 34-2019-80003245 ("Finance Action") and *Successor Agency to the Hercules Redevelopment Agency; City of Hercules v. Keely Bosler, in her official capacity as Director of the California Department of Finance; California Department of Finance; Betty T. Yee, in her official capacity as Controller of the State of California; Robert Campbell, in his official capacity as Auditor-Controller of the County of Contra Costa*, Sacramento County Superior Court Case No. 34-2018-80003038 ("Hercules Action") (collectively, the "Actions").

The actions related to the wind down of the Redevelopment Agency for the City of Hercules ("RDA") pursuant to Assembly Bill 26 of the 2011-12 First Extraordinary Session of the California Legislature ("AB xi 26"), Assembly Bill 1484 of the 2011-12 Regular Session of the California Legislature ("AB 1484"), and Senate Bill 107 of the 2015-16 Regular Session of the California Legislature ("SB 107"). (AB x I 26, AB 1484, SB 107 and all other laws codified in Parts 1.8 and 1.85 of Division 24 of the Health and Safety Code are collectively referred to as the "Dissolution Law").

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Settlement Payable (Continued)

In this settlement, the City and Successor Agency is obligated to pay up to \$3.6 million to Auditor-Controller. The settlement payable reflected was fully paid off during the year ended June 30, 2023.

Compensated Absences

There is no fixed payment schedule for earned but unpaid compensated absences.

B. Business-Type Activities

Summary of changes in Business-Type Activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Ju	Balance me 30, 2022	Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2023		Due within One Year		Due in More Than One Year	
State Water Resources Construction Loan Construction Loan Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2021A Compensated Absences	\$	23,259,518 8,450,000 51,749	\$	30,440	\$	(2,249,812) (355,000) (30,023)	\$	21,009,706 8,095,000 52,166	\$	1,153,672 365,000 39,125	\$	19,856,034 7,730,000 13,041
Total	\$	31,761,267	\$	30,440	\$	(2,634,835)	\$	29,156,872	\$	1,557,797	\$	27,599,075

State Water Resources Construction Loan

In June 2016, the City entered into an installment sale agreement with the California State Water Resources Control Board in the amount of \$26,500,000. The funds are for construction costs for the Pinole-Hercules Wastewater Pollution Control Plant Improvement Project. The interest rate on the loan is 1.7%. The first principal and interest payment are due August 31, 2019, and is contingent on the total drawdowns at project completion. The loan matures on August 31, 2038. The City has drawn down \$25,458,720 of the loan principal including construction loan interest as of June 30, 2023. The balance at June 30, 2023 is \$21,009,706.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	 Principal		Interest	Total		
2024	\$ 1,153,672	\$	357,165	\$	1,510,837	
2025	1,173,285		337,553		1,510,838	
2026	1,193,230		317,606		1,510,836	
2027	1,213,515		297,322		1,510,837	
2028	1,234,145		276,692		1,510,837	
2029-2033	6,492,658		1,061,529		7,554,187	
2034-2038	7,063,618		490,567		7,554,185	
2039	1,485,583	25,255			1,510,838	
Total	\$ 21,009,706	\$	3,163,689	\$	24,173,395	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2021A

In July, 2021, the City issued the Direct Purchase Lease in the amount of \$8,450,000. The bonds bear interest at 2.38%. Interest on the bonds is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 in each year, commencing February 1, 2022. Principal payments are due in annual installments ranging from \$355,000 to \$545,000, commencing August 1, 2022 through August 1, 2040.

In the event of default, the City shall declare the entire principal amount of the unpaid series 2021 installment payments and accrued inteest thereon to be due and payable immediately in wirting.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total		
2024	\$ 365,000	\$	188,318	\$	553,318	
2025	375,000		179,512		554,512	
2026	385,000		170,468		555,468	
2027	395,000	95,000 161,186			556,186	
2028	400,000		151,725		551,725	
2029-2033	2,150,000		609,280		2,759,280	
2034-2038	2,425,000		337,544		2,762,544	
2039-2041	1,600,000		57,715		1,657,715	
Total	\$ 8,095,000	\$	1,855,746	\$	9,950,746	

C. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

A summary of changes in Fiduciary Fund long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Jı	Balance ine 30, 2022	Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2023		e within ne Year	Due in More Than One Year	
Publicly Offered:		_	 _							-	
2022A Tax Allocation	\$	29,510,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	29,510,000	\$	-	\$	29,510,000
Plus: Bond Premium		3,013,808	-		(150,065)		2,863,743		-		2,863,743
2022B Tax Allocation - Federerally Taxable		51,180,000	-		(2,600,000)		48,580,000		-		48,580,000
Notes Payable		412,516	-		(49,259)		363,257		-		363,257
Total	\$	84,116,324	\$ -	\$	(2,799,324)	\$	81,317,000	\$	-	\$	81,317,000

2022 Tax Allocation Bonds Series A and B

On May 1, 2022, the Successor Agency to the Hercules Redevelopment Agency issued Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2022A and 2022B to currently refund 2005 Tax Allocation Bonds, 2007A and B Housing Tax Allocation Bonds, and 2007 RDA Tax Allocation Bonds. The economic gain on the current refunding was \$2,171,280 and the saving in debt service payment is \$13,014,042.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

C. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

2022 Tax Allocation Bonds Series A and B (Continued)

The Series A bonds bear interest at 5% and the Series B bonds bear interest rates range from 2.568% to 5.013%. Principal on the bonds is payable annually on August 1 in each year, commencing August 1, 2022 ranging from \$455,000 to \$15,000,000. Interest on the bonds is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 in each year, commencing August 1, 2022. The balances at June 30, 2023 for the Series A and B are \$29,510,000 and \$48,580,000.

In the event of default, the City shall declare the entire principal amount of the unpaid Series 2022 A and B installment payments and accrued inteest thereon to be due and payable immediately in wirting.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

2022 Series A

Year Ending	D : : 1	.		m . 1	
June 30,	Princip al	 Interest	Total		
2024	\$ -	\$ 1,475,500	\$	1,475,500	
2025	-	1,475,500		1,475,500	
2026	-	1,475,500		1,475,500	
2027	-	1,475,500		1,475,500	
2028	-	1,475,500		1,475,500	
2029-2033	-	7,377,500		7,377,500	
2034-2038	14,510,000	4,482,750		18,992,750	
2039-2043	15,000,000	1,948,000		16,948,000	
Total	\$ 29,510,000	\$ 21,185,750	\$	50,695,750	

<u> 2022 Series B</u>

Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total		
2024	\$ -	\$	2,159,871	\$	2,159,871	
2025	455,000		2,152,254		2,607,254	
2026	4,310,000		2,067,790		6,377,790	
2027	4,465,000		1,904,991		6,369,991	
2028	4,635,000		1,522,466		6,157,466	
2029-2033	26,410,000		5,261,775		31,671,775	
2034-2035	 8,305,000		318,436		8,623,436	
Total	\$ 48,580,000	\$	15,387,583	\$	63,967,583	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

C. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Notes Payable

In 1987, the Agency entered into Owner Participation Agreements with certain property owners (East Group, Bio Rad Laboratories, and Eden Housing) in the Redevelopment Area. Under the terms of these agreements, the Agency signed notes under which it promised to reimburse the owners by the year 2016 for the amount of incremental assessments levied on their properties, up to the cost of constructing public improvements. Payment on these notes is contingent on the property taxes and special assessments levied on these owners. As of June 30, 2023, the Agency's long-term notes payable for East Group, Bio Rad Laboratories, and Eden Housing were \$130,911, \$216,160 and \$16,186, respectively.

D. Non-City Obligations

The following District Bonds are not general obligations of the City nor any other political subdivision and the full faith and credit of the City is not pledged for repayment thereof since these debts do not constitute an obligation of the City and the City is not obligated to make payment beyond the available bond reserves, these bonds have not been reflected in the long-term debt in the accompanying financial statements.

	Original	Balance		
	 ssuance June 30, 2023		e 30, 2023	
Refunding Reassessment District 2005-1	\$ 3 006 859	\$	2 454 484	

Note 8 – Retirement Plans

Summary of deferred outflows of resources related to pension, net pension liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources related to pension for both governmental activities and business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources:						
Pension contributions made after measurement date: CalPERS Miscellaneous	\$	757,661	\$	105,146	\$	862,807
CalPERS Safety		1,240,453		_		1,240,453
Total pension contribution made after measurement date		1,998,114		105,146		2,103,260
Change of assumptions: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		806,972 1,087,677		111,989		918,961 1,087,677
Total pension contribution made after measurement date		1,894,649		111,989		2,006,638
Total pension contribution made after measurement date		1,094,049		111,969		2,000,038
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings: CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		1,442,513 1,703,453		200,188		1,642,701 1,703,453
Total difference between projected and actual investment earnings:		3,145,966		200,188		3,346,154
Adjustment due to difference in proportions CalPERS Miscellaneous		42,334		5,875		48,209
Total adjustment due to difference in proportions		42,334		5,875		48,209
Difference between expected and actual experience CalPERS M iscellaneous CalPERS Safety		158,148 446,442		21,947		180,095 446,442
Total difference between expected and actual experience		604,590		21,947		626,537
Employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution CalPERS M iscellaneous CalPERS Safety		238,620		-		238,620
Total employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution		238,620		-		238,620
Total deferred outflows of resources CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety		3,207,628 4,716,645		445,145 -		3,652,773 4,716,645
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	7,924,273	\$	445,145	\$	8,369,418
Net pension liabilities:	-					
CalPERS Miscellaneous CalPERS Safety	\$	7,875,122 10,787,186	\$	1,092,885	\$	8,968,007 10,787,186
Total net pension liabilities	\$	18,662,308	\$	1,092,885	\$	19,755,193

Note 8 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Adjustment due to difference in proportions					
CalPERS Miscellaneous	\$	308,253	\$	42,779	\$ 351,032
CalPERS Safety		1,392,034			1,392,034
Total adjustment due to difference in proportions		1,700,287		42,779	 1,743,066
Difference between expected and actual experience:					
CalPERS Miscellaneous		105,921		14,699	120,620
CalPERS Safety		117,141		_	117,141
Total difference between projected and actual investment					
earnings:		223,062		14,699	237,761
Employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution					
CalPERS Miscellaneous		570,224		79,134	649,358
CalPERS Safety		113,051		-	113,051
Total employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of		<02.275		50.124	7(2,100
contribution		683,275		79,134	762,409
Total deferred inflows of resources					
CalPERS M iscellaneous		984,398		136,612	1,121,010
CalPERS Safety		1,622,226			1,622,226
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	2,606,624	\$	136,612	\$ 2,743,236
Pension expenses (credits):					
CalPERS Miscellaneous	\$	(2,634)	\$	195,007	\$ (192,373)
CalPERS Safety		1,071,182		_	1,071,182
Total net pension expenses	\$	1,068,548	\$	195,007	\$ 878,809

A. General Information About the Pension Plans

Plan Description

The City contributes to CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, for its qualified permanent and probationary miscellaneous and safety employees. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and City ordinance. Copies of CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from its website at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/ under Forms and Publications.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

A. General Information About the Pension Plans (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At valuation date of June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Miscellaneous Classic	Miscellaneous PEPRA	Safety Classic	Safety Tier 2	S afety PEPRA
Active employees	31	13	7	1	15
Transferred employees	48	13	7	1	7
Separated employees	95	17	4	1	7
Retired employees and beneficiaries	88	1	37		
Total	262	44	55	3	29

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized below:

	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	Safety	Safety	Safety
	Classic	PEPRA	Classic	Tier 2	PEPRA
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62	3.0% @ 50	3.0% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service				
Benefit payments	monthly for life				
Retirement age	50-63	52 - 67	50	55	57
Monthly benefits, as a % of					
eligible compensation	1.426 - 2.148%	1.0 - 2.5%	3.0%	3.0%	2.7%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	6.75%	9.00%	9.00%	13.00%
Required employer contribution rate	10.320%	7.470%	23.750%	21.840%	12.780%

A participant is eligible for non-industrial disability retirement if he or she becomes disabled and has at least 5 years of credited service. There is no special age requirement. The standard non-industrial disability retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 1.8% of final compensation, multiplied by service. Industrial disability benefits are not offered to miscellaneous employees.

An employee's beneficiary may receive the basic death benefit if the employee dies while actively employed. The employee must be actively employed with the City to be eligible for this benefit. An employee's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit. The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the employee's accumulated contributions, where interest is currently credited at 7.15% per year, plus a lump sum in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purposes of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 12 months preceding death.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

A. General Information About the Pension Plans (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance. Beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement, retirement and survivor allowances will be annually adjusted on a compound basis by 2%.

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. In addition, effective October 21, 2018, employees pay an additional 3% applied to the Employer CalPERS Contribution Rate.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	Miscellaneous Safety		Safety	CalPERS Tota		
Contributions - employer	\$	862,807	\$	1,240,453	\$	2,103,260

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determined Total Pension Liability

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2021 total pension liability. The June 30, 2022 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB 68
1100000101 0000 111000	Entry 1180 1 to 1110 m accordance with the 100 and 1110 m of 0110 E

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 6.90% Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase The lesser of contract COLA or 2.50% until Purchasing Power

Protection Allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50%

thereafter.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determined Total Pension Liability (Continued)

¹The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 2001 to 2019. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Change of Assumption

Effective with the June 30, 2021 valuation date (2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. in determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension and fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated, combined with risk estimates, and are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building -block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the next 20 years using a building-block approach. The expected rate of return was then adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses of 10 Basis points. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	Assumed Asset	
Asset Class ¹	Alloction	Real Return ^{1,2}
Global Equity - Cap-weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity - Non-Cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.00%	-0.59%

¹ An expected inflation of 2.30% used

² Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1 percentagepoint higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

	Plan's Net Pension Liability								
	Discount Rate - 1% (5.90%)			rent Discount ate (6.90%)	Discount Rate + 1% (7.90%)				
Miscellaneous	\$	13,517,763	\$	8,968,007	\$	5,224,687			
Safety	\$	16,786,473	\$	10,787,186	\$	5,884,123			

Ν S

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report and can be obtained from CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense

The following table shows the plan's proportionate share of the risk pool collective net pension liability over the measurement period:

Manufactura	 Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		et Pension bility/(Asset)	
Miscellaneous					
Balance at: 6/30/21 (Valuation date)	\$ 31,470,190	\$ 26,955,968	\$	4,514,222	
Balance at: 6/30/22 (Measurement date)	33,376,042	24,408,035		8,968,007	
Net changes during 2021-2022	\$ 1,905,852	\$ (2,547,933)	\$	4,453,785	
Safety					
Balance at: 6/30/21 (Valuation date)	\$ 38,998,377	\$ 33,619,977	\$	5,378,400	
Balance at: 6/30/22 (Measurement date)	43,442,114	32,654,928		10,787,186	
Net changes during 2021-2022	\$ 4,443,737	\$ (965,049)	\$	5,408,786	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense (Continued)

The following is the approach established by the plan actuary to allocate the net pension liability and pension expense to the individual employers within the risk pool.

- (1) In determining a cost-sharing plan's proportionate share, total amounts of liabilities and assets are first calculated for the risk pool as a whole on the valuation date (June 30, 2020). The risk pool's fiduciary net position ("FNP") subtracted from its total pension liability ("TPL") determines the net pension liability ("NPL") at the valuation date.
- (2) Using standard actuarial roll forward methods, the risk pool TPL is then computed at the measurement date (June 30, 2021). Risk pool FNP at the measurement date is then subtracted from this number to compute the NPL for the risk pool at the measurement date. For purposes of FNP in this step and any later reference thereto, the risk pool's FNP at the measurement date denotes the aggregate risk pool's FNP at June 30, 2021 less the sum of all additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by all employers during the measurement period (2020-21).
- (3) The individual plan's TPL, FNP and NPL are also calculated at the valuation date. TPL is allocated based on the rate plan's share of the actuarial accrued liability. FNP is allocated based on the rate plan's share of the market value assets.
- (4) Two ratios are created by dividing the plan's individual TPL and FNP as of the valuation date from (3) by the amounts in step (1), the risk pool's total TPL and FNP, respectively.
- (5) The plan's TPL as of the Measurement Date is equal to the risk pool TPL generated in (2) multiplied by the TPL ratio generated in (4). The plan's FNP as of the Measurement Date is equal to the FNP generated in (2) multiplied by the FNP ratio generated in (4) plus any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer on behalf of the plan during the measurement period.
- (6) The plan's NPL at the Measurement Date is the difference between the TPL and FNP calculated in (5).

Deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are allocated based on the City's share of contribution during the measurement period.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was as follows:

Miscellaneous	Safety
0.08347%	0.09945%
0.07764%	0.09339%
-0.00583%	-0.00606%
	0.08347% 0.07764%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense (credit) of \$(192,373) and \$1,071,182, for the Miscellaneous and Safety plans, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Mischan	eous Plan				
		rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Contributions made after the measurement date	\$	862,807	\$	-	
Change of assumptions		918,961		-	
Difference between expected and actual					
experience		180,095		(120,620)	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		1,642,701		-	
Employer contributions in excess/(under)					
proportionate share of contributions		-		(649,358)	
Adjustments due to difference in proportions		48,209		(351,032)	
Total	\$	3,652,773	\$	(1,121,010)	
Safety	y Plan				
	Defe	rred Outflows	Def	erred Inflows	
	01	Resources	0	f Resources	
Contributions made after the measurement date	\$	1,240,453	\$	-	
Change of assumptions		1,087,677		-	
Difference between expected and actual					
experience		446,442		(117,141)	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		1,703,453		-	
Employer contributions in excess/(under)					
proportionate share of contributions		238,620		(113,051)	
Adjustments due to difference in proportions				(1,392,034)	
Total	\$	4,716,645	\$	(1,622,226)	
CalPERS Ag	gregate Tota	l			
		rred Outflows	Def	erred Inflows	
	of	Resources	0	f Resources	
Contribution made after the measurement date	\$	2,103,260	\$	-	
Change of assumptions		2,006,638	•	-	
Difference between expected and actual					
experience		626,537		(237,761)	

3,346,154

238,620 48,209

8,369,418

(762,409)

(1,743,066)

(2,743,236)

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments

Employer contributions in excess/(under)

proportionate share of contributions

Total

Adjustments due to difference in proportions

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over 5-years straight line. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The expected average remaining service lifetime ("EARSL") is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the risk pool. The EARSL for risk pool for the 2021-22 measurement period is 3.7 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 574,665 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 153,587 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired).

\$862,807 and \$1,240,453 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions for miscellaneous plan and safety plan, respectively, resulting from the City's contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. Both will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources					
Ending June 30	Miscellaneous Plan		Safety Plan		Total	
2023	\$	239,056	\$	280,840	\$	519,896
2024		226,217		292,840		519,057
2025		198,949		241,159		440,108
2026		1,004,734		1,039,127		2,043,861
2027		-		-		-
Thereafter		_		-		_
Total	\$	1,668,956	\$	1,853,966	\$	3,522,922

C. Other

On July 12, 2021, CalPERS reported a preliminary 21.3% net return on investments for fiscal year 2020-21. Based on the thresholds specified in CalPERS Funding Risk Mitigation policy, the excess return of 14.3% prescribes a reduction in investment volatility that corresponds to a reduction in the discount rate used for funding purposes of 0.20%, from 7.00% to 6.80%. Since CalPERS was in the final stages of the four-year Asset Liability Management (ALM) cycle, the board elected to defer any changes to the asset allocation until the ALM process concluded, and the board could make its final decision on the asset allocation in November 2021.

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted a new strategic asset allocation. The new asset allocation along with the new capital market assumptions, economic assumptions and administrative expense assumption support a discount rate of 6.90% (net of investment expense but without a reduction for administrative expense) for financial reporting purposes. This includes a reduction in the price inflation assumption from 2.50% to 2.30% as recommended in the November 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. This study also recommended modifications to retirement rates, termination rates, mortality rates and rates of salary increases that were adopted by the board. These new assumptions will be reflected in the GASB 68 accounting valuation reports for the June 30, 2022, measurement date.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

D. Payable to the CalPERS Pension Plans

At June 30, 2023, the City had no outstanding amounts owed to the CalPERS pension plans for contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023.

E. Liquidating Net Pension Liability

Pension liabilities are liquidated principally by all the funds.

Note 9 – Deferred Compensation Plan

A. 457 Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan is available to full-time employees. The Internal Revenue Service regulations allow an employer to designate a 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan as an alternative to social security. The plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) held in trust by a third-party administrator (ICMA) for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries as prescribed by Internal Revenue Code Section 457(g). Accordingly, these assets have been excluded from the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

B. 401A Plan

The City contributes 4% of total gross salary to the plan for senior managers.

C. PARS

Part-time employees who do not participate in the Public Employees Retirement System are covered through the City's participation in Public Alternative Retirement System (PARS). Employees contribute 6.2% and the City contributes 1.3%.

City of Hercules Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits

The City provides Retiree Healthcare Plan ("PEHMCA") and Retiree Cash Benefit Plan ("SOMAR Plan"). Summary of deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefit ("OPEB"), net OPEB liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for both governmental activities and business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		ness-Type ctivities	Total
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Difference between expected and actual experience				
PEHM CA	\$	10,838	\$ 614	\$ 11,452
SOMAR		354,764	 20,092	 374,856
Total difference between expected and actual experience		365,602	20,706	386,308
Changes of assumptions				
PEHM CA		387,811	21,944	409,755
SOMAR		278,340	 15,746	294,086
Total employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of		387,811	 21,944	 409,755
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings: PEHMCA		195,347	11,064	206,411
Total difference between projected and actual investment		195,347	 11,064	 206,411
Total deferred outflows of resources		150,017	11,001	 200,111
PEHMCA		593,996	33,622	627,618
SOMAR		633,104	35,838	668,942
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,227,100	\$ 69,460	\$ 1,296,560
Net OPEB liabilities (assets):				
PEHM CA	\$	(214,332)	\$ (12,132)	\$ (226,464)
SOMAR		1,782,098	100,875	 1,882,973
Total net OPEB liabilities (assets)	\$	1,567,766	\$ 88,743	\$ 1,656,509
Deferred inflows of resources:	•			
Difference between expected and actual experience				
PEHMCA	\$	1,454,149	\$ 82,306	\$ 1,536,455
SOMAR		276,450	15,640	292,090
Total difference between expected and actual experience		1,730,599	 97,946	1,828,545
Changes of assumptions				
PEHMCA		178,579	10,114	188,693
SOMAR		282,806	 16,018	298,824
Tota changes of assumptions		461,385	 26,132	487,517
Total deferred inflows of resources				
PEHMCA		1,632,728	92,420	1,725,148
SOMAR		559,256	 31,658	590,914
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	2,191,984	\$ 124,078	\$ 2,316,062
OPEB expenses (credits):	•			
PEHMCA	\$	99,435	\$ 5,233	\$ 104,668
SOMAR		123,565	6,178	123,565
Total OPEB expenses	\$	223,000	\$ 11,411	\$ 228,233

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

A. Retiree Healthcare Plan (PEHMCA)

Plan Descriptions and Administration

The City Retiree Healthcare Plan ("PEHMCA") is a single-employer benefit healthcare plan administered by the City. The Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. The Plan does not issue a financial report.

The City has prefunded a portion of its OPEB benefits in a Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) trust. The PARS Trust is a tax qualified irrevocable trusts, organized under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 115, established to pre-fund OPEB as described in GASB Statement 75. PARS issues annual audited financial statements for each participating agency of the Trust. PARS is considered an agency agent multiple-employer plan, required to provide financial statements and required supplementary information (Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position by Plan) that are prepared in conformance with GASB statement 75.

These reports may be obtained by writing the plan at the following address: PARS 4350 Von Karman Ave., Suite 100, Newport Beach, CA 92660-2043.

Employees become eligible to retire and receive City-paid healthcare benefits upon attainment of age 50 and 5 years of service. The City contribution towards retiree health benefits is determined under the "Equal Contribution Method" under PEHMCA under which the City's nominal contribution to PEMHCA is the same for active employees and retirees (\$149/month for 2022 and 2023).

Members of the Hercules Police Officers' Association and Executive Management retirees may receive supplement benefits under a sick-leave conversion plan called "Supplemental Optional Monies Allowance for Retirees" Plan. In order to be eligible, the employee must have served the City for at least ten consecutive years prior to retirement and be at least age 50 when they separate from service, or retire with a disability retirement and have at least 20 years of service with the City.

Contributions

The contributions are based on pay-go for premiums and contributions to the PARS OPEB trust. The pay-go amount is the actual amount of retiree premiums. Total contributions (pay-go and trust contributions) for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$109,733 including the implied rate subsidy.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2023, valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees Elibigle for Future Benefits	60
Retirees Currently Receiving Benefits	18
	78

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

A. Retiree Healthcare Plan (PEHMCA) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The net OPEB liability of the Plan was determined using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions:	
Cost Method	Entry age actuarial cost method
Discount Rate	5.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Aggregate payroll increases	2.75%
Expected long-term investment rate of return	5.15%
Mortality, Termination, and Disability	2021 CalPERS Mortality
Healthcare Trend Rate	4%

The mortality assumptions are based on the 2021 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees table created by CalPERS for the miscellaneous participant type and the 2021 CalPERS Mortality for Safety Employees for the safety participant type. CalPERS periodically studies mortality for participating agencies and establishes mortality tables that are modified versions of commonly used tables. This table incorporates mortality projection as deemed appropriate based on CalPERS analysis.

Changes of Assumptions

There were not discount rate changes. However, the demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Plan's OPEB liability was 5.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the City plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The expected long-term rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 5.15%, gross of expenses, was determined by Highmark Capital Management using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return, net of inflation, are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
All Domestic Equities	30.00%	7.25%
All Fixed Income	65.00%	4.25%
Short-Term Gov't Fixed	5.00%	3.00%
	100.00%	
	·	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

A. Retiree Healthcare Plan (PEHMCA) (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (Continued)

This table shows the changes in the total OPEB liability, the plan fiduciary net position, and the net OPEB liability (asset) of the PEHMCA Plan as of June 30, 2023:

	Total OPEB Liability		·· -		Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	2,545,005	\$	2,559,249	\$	(14,244)
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:						
Service Cost		138,804		_		138,804
Interest on the total OPEB liability		131,816		-		131,816
Contributions from the employer		-		109,733		(109,733)
Expected investment income		(595,870)		131,414		(727,284)
Investment (gains)/losses		-		(7,302)		7,302
Administrative expenses		-		(15,045)		15,045
Changes in assumptions		331,830		-		331,830
Benefit payments		(109,733)		(109,733)		=
Net Changes during July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023		(103,153)		109,067		(212,220)
Balance at June 30, 2023 (Measurement Date)	\$	2,441,852	\$	2,668,316	\$	(226,464)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the Plan, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate:

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)						
Discount Rate - 1% Current Discount			Discount Rate + 1%			
	(4.15%)	Rate (5.15%)			(6.15%)	
\$	102,256	\$	(226,464)	\$	(499,699)	

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the Plan, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

 I	Net O	PEB Liability (Asset)	1		
Healthcare Cost]	Healthcare Cost]	Healthcare Cost	
Trend Rates	Trend Rates Trend Rates		Trend Rates		Trend Rates
3%	4%		5%		
\$ (569,198)	\$	(226,464)	\$	205,600	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

A. Retiree Healthcare Plan (PEHMCA) (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Relate to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$104,668 for the Plan. OPEB expense represents the change in the net OPEB liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, and actuarial assumptions or method. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
\$	11,452	\$	(1,536,455)		
	409,755		(188,693)		
	206,411		<u>-</u>		
\$	627,618	\$	(1,725,148)		
	of	\$ 11,452 409,755 206,411	of Resources of \$ 11,452 409,755 \$ 206,411		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ending June 30	 rred Outflows/ ws) of Resources
2024	\$ (59,562)
2025	(122,457)
2026	(84,390)
2027	(180,333)
2028	(181,791)
Thereafter	(468,997)
Total	\$ (1,097,530)

Liquidating PEHMAC OPEB Liability

OPEB liabilities are liquidated principally by the General Fund.

B. Retiree Cash Benefit Plan (SOMAR Plan)

Plan Description

The City SOMAR Plan is a single-employer benefit healthcare plan administered by the City. The Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. The Plan does not issue a financial report.

The SOMAR Plan benefit percentage is based on the lesser of actual years of service, or an equivalent based on sick-leave hours divided by 48, with a minimum percentage of 50% after 10 years and a maximum percentage of 100% after 20 years. The percentage is applied to a stated dollar amount prior to age 65 and the Kaiser Senior Advantage retiree only premium after age 65, offset by the PEMHCA Plan minimum, described above. The monthly dollar amounts under the SOMAR Plan are \$377/per month for 2022 and \$388/per month for 2023 (Police), \$283 for 2022 and \$292/per month for 2023 (Executive Management), and are contractually indexed each year by 3%.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. Retiree Cash Benefit Plan (SOMAR Plan) (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The City provide an optional monetary allowance with an annual three (3%) adjustment each year to Public Safety and Executive employees who retire as regulated by the Public Employee's Retirement System. To be eligible for the optional monies, an employee must retire as follows:

- 1. <u>Service Retirement</u>: Employees who have served the City for at least ten (10) consecutive years immediately prior to retirement and are at least fifty (50) years old when they separate service from the City.
- 2. <u>Disability Retirement</u>: Employees who retire with a disability retirement are not required to be a certain age, but must have at least twenty (20) years of service with the City.

Employees must have the minimum amount of sick leave on the books, as outlined in the chart below. If an employee has below the amount of sick leave required for their years of service, then they will only be eligible for the percentage paid equivalent to the amount of sick leave they do have on the books.

Years of Service	Sick Leave Balance	% of Optional Money Available
10	480	50
11	528	55
12	576	60
13	624	65
14	672	70
15	720	75
16	768	80
17	846	85
18	864	90
19	912	95
20-24	960	100
	No Minimum	
25	amount required	100

Employees must retire within one hundred twenty (120) days. In addition, employees who separate service but do not retire as a PERS annuitant, shall not be eligible under for SOMAR benefits.

The City will pay a portion of the optional money to a retiree until the retiree reaches age sixty five (65), upon which they are required to enroll in Medicare. At that time, the optional money will drop to an amount equivalent to the Kaiser Supplemental to Medicare rate through PERS.

The SOMAR benefit is expected to last into perpetuity. Payment are made on a bi-annual basis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. Retiree Cash Benefit Plan (SOMAR Plan) (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the June 30, 2023 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Executives	Police	Total
Participating active employees	10	24	34
Inactive employees receiving benefits	3	11	14
Total	13	35	48

Benefits Provided

The SOMAR plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized below:

	Executives	Police
Duration of benefits	Lifetime	Lifetime
Required service	50% at 10 years grading to 100% at 20 years	50% at 10 years grading to 100% at 20 years
Minimum age	Retirement	Retirement
Amount	\$292 per month pre- 65; based on Kaiser premium post-65	\$388 per month pre- 65; based on Kaiser premium post-65

Contributions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the contributions recognized as part of OPEB expense for the SOMAR plan were as follows:

	SO	MAR Plan
Contributions - employer	\$	42,990

Actuarial Assumptions

The net OPEB liability of the SOMAR Plan was determined using an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions.

Cost method	Entry age normal
Discount Rate	3.65%
Inflation	2.50%
Aggregate payroll increases	2.75%
Mortality, retirement, and turnover	2021 CalPERS tables

The mortality assumptions are based on the 2021 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees table created by CalPERS. CalPERS periodically studies mortality for participating agencies and establishes mortality tables that are modified versions of commonly used tables. This table incorporates mortality projection as deemed appropriate based on CalPERS analysis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. Retiree Cash Benefit Plan (SOMAR Plan) (Continued)

Changes of Assumptions

The interest assumption changed from 3.54% to 3.65%. Assumed rates of retirement, termination, and mortality have been updated to align with those currently being used by the statewide pension systems.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

This table shows the changes in the total OPEB liability, the plan fiduciary net position, and the net OPEB liability (asset) of the SOMAR plan as of June 30, 2023:

	S O MAR Plan				
	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,341,133	\$ -	\$ 1,341,133		
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:					
Service cost	67,118	-	67,118		
Interest on the total pension liability	47,903	-	47,903		
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-		
Difference between expected and actual experience	411,971	-	411,971		
Changes of assumptions	57,838	-	57,838		
Contributions from the employer as benefit payments	-	42,990	(42,990)		
Net investment income	-	-	-		
Administrative expenses	-	-	-		
Benefit payments	(42,990)	(42,990)			
Net changes during July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023	541,840		541,840		
Balance at June 30, 2023 (measurement date)	\$ 1,882,973	\$ -	\$ 1,882,973		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for the SOMAR plan was 3.65%. based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index.

Changes of Assumption

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the SOMAR Plan, as well as what the SOMAR Plan's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate:

(2.65%) Rate (3.65%) (4.65%)	SOMAR Plan's Total OPEB Liability						
	Discount Rate - 1% Current Discount Discount Rate + 1%						
¢ 2220.566 ¢ 1.992.072 ¢ 1.692		(4.65%)		Rate (3.65%	(2.65%)		
\$ 2,239,566 \$ 1,882,973 \$ 1,603	603,523	\$ 1,60	73	\$ 1,882	239,566	\$ 2,23	5

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

B. Retiree Cash Benefit Plan (SOMAR Plan) (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Relate to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$123,565 for the SOMAR plan. OPEB expense represents the change in the net OPEB liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, and actuarial assumptions or method. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources for the SOMAR plan:

		SOMAK Plan			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	374,856	\$	(292,090)	
Changes of assumptions		294,086		(298,824)	
Total	\$	668,942	\$	(590,914)	

COMAD Dlan

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ending June 30	SOMAR Plan Deferred Outflows/ inflows) of Resources
2024	\$ 8,544
2025	8,544
2026	8,544
2027	8,544
2028	8,544
Thereafter	35,308
Total	\$ 78,028

Liquidating SOMAR OPEB Liability

OPEB liabilities are liquidated principally by the General Fund.

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2023, the City had no outstanding amounts owed to the SOMAR OPEB plan for contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Note 11 – Risk Management

General Liability Insurance

Coverage is maintained with the Municipal Pooling Authority (MPA) with coverage limits of \$1,000,000 with self-insured retention of \$10,000 and \$1,000,001 to \$29,000,000 covered by California Affiliated Risk Management Authority (CARMA).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 11 – Risk Management (Continued)

Workers' Compensation

The City has coverage limits for the following without a deductible:

MPA	\$0 to \$500,000
PRISM	\$500,000 to \$50,000,000
Liberty Insurance Corporation	Statuatory excess of \$50,000,000

At June 30, 2023, the City's estimated claims liabilities were as follows:

General liabilities	\$ 227,881
Workers' Compensation	 170,492
Total	\$ 398,373

The City's claims liability of \$398,373 are considered to be current and reported under the general fund. Changes in the claims liabilities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

			C	laims and			
	Е	Beginning	C	hanges in		Claims	Ending
Fiscal Year	Balance		Estimates		P	ayments	Balance
2019-2020	\$	587,080	\$	452,015	\$	(462,751)	\$ 576,344
2020-2021		576,344		343,845		(686,235)	233,954
2021-2022		233,954		482,177		(317,758)	398,373

Miscellaneous Coverages

The MPA provides additional coverage for the following risks incurred by the City:

				Coverage
Type	De	ductibles		Limits
Auto - Physical Damage:				
Police Vehicles	\$	3,000	\$	250,000
All Other Vehicles		2,000		250,000
All Risk Fire & Property		25,000		1,000,000,000
Cyber Liability		50,000		3,000,000
Pollution Liability		250,000		25,000,000
Crime Coverage		2,500		5,000,000
Boiler and Machinery		5,000	100%	of primary \$75,000,000;
			100%	of \$25,000,000 excess of
			\$75,00	00,000

The MPA is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. The board controls the operations of the MPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on the board.

The City's deposits with the MPA are in accordance with formulas established by the MPA. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating. Audited financial statements can be obtained from the Municipal Pooling Authority, 1911 San Miguel Drive, #200, Walnut Creek, California 94596.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 12 – Commitments and Contingencies

A. Lawsuits

The City is presently involved in certain matters of litigation that have arisen in the normal course of conducting City business. City management believes, based upon consultation with the City Attorney, that these cases, in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the City's Annual Financial Statements. Additionally, City management believes that the City's insurance programs are sufficient to cover any potential losses should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

B. Commitments

At June 30, 2023, the outstanding commitments are in the amount of \$14,253,264. Details are as follows:

Governmental Funds:	
General Fund	\$ 538,998
Landscape & Lighting Assessment District (LLAD) No. 83-2 Special Revenue Fund	33,688
Other Governmental Funds	1,334,603
Proprietary Funds:	
Wastewater Enterprise Fund	12,231,185
Internal Service Funds	114,790
Total	\$ 14,253,264

Note 13 – Joint Powers Agreements

The City is a member of the joint powers agencies described below. Each of these agencies is governed by a board, which controls their operation, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on the board.

A. West Contra Costa Transportation Advisory Committee (WCCTAC)

WCCTAC was established in 1990 to develop regional strategies and meet regional requirements established by Measure "C" and to cooperatively address West Contra Costa County transportation issues.

The City's payments to WCCTAC are in accordance with a formula under which each member Agency pays a proportionate share of the expenditures based on the number of voting members representing each agency. Audited financial statements can be obtained from the WCCTAC, One Alvarado Square, San Pablo, California 94806, The City has one voting member on the WCCTAC and pays 10% of annual expenditures.

B. West Contra Costa Integrated Waste Management Authority (WCCIWMA)

WCCIWMA was established in 1991 to coordinate landfill use reduction in the West Contra Costa County Area as mandated by the state of California. The City is represented by one Director. Funding for WCCIWMA is provided for through a surcharge collected from the ratepayers within WCCIWMA's jurisdiction. Audited financial statements can be obtained from the WCCIWMA, One Alvarado Square, San Pablo, California 94806.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 13 – Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

C. Pinole/Hercules Wastewater Treatment Plant

On January 23, 2001, the cities of Pinole and Hercules entered into a joint powers agreement for the operation and ownership of the Pinole/Hercules Wastewater Treatment Plant (Plant). The City retains responsibility for the operation and maintenance of its wastewater collection system. The City of Hercules has an undivided fifty percent (50%) ownership interest in the Plant. The City of Pinole has the right and responsibility to manage and operate the Plant. Also, the City of Pinole maintains the records and accounts for all the transactions.

Note 14 – Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

At June 30, 2023, the following funds had a deficit fund balance/net position:

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Victoria by the bay LLAD No. 2002-01	\$ (407,455)
Baywood LLAD No. 2004-1	\$ (72,434)
Stormwater	\$ (144,286)
Fiduciary Funds:	
Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund	\$ (43,237,637)

Landscape & Lighting Assessment District (LLAD) No. 83-2 Special Revenue Fund negative fund balance of \$407,455 will be financed through future assessments.

Victoria by the bay LLAD No. 2002-01 Special Revenue Fund negative fund balance of \$72,434 will be financed through future assessments.

The Stormwater Special Revenue Fund negative fund balance of \$144,286 will be financed through future assessments.

Private Purpose Trust Fund negative net position of \$41,092,868 will be financed through future Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund.

B. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The fulling funds had expenditures in excess of appropriations:

Fund	Ap	propriations	xpenditures	Expenditures over Appropriations				
Major Governmental Funds:								
General Fund								
Public safety	\$	8,149,632	\$	8,488,163	\$	338,531		
Streets and public works		573,149		892,199		319,050		
Parks and recreation		2,148,769		2,408,849		260,080		
Capital outlay		61,139		78,305		17,166		
Principal		604,025		712,590		108,565		
Hercules Debt Service Fund								
Interest and fiscal agent fee		801,000		804,147		3,147		

Evenes of

City of Hercules Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 14 – Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

B. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations (Continued)

Fund	App	ropriations	penditures	Expe	xcess of nditures over propriations	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:						
Baywood LLAD No. 2004-1 Special Revenue Fund						
Streets and public works	\$	133,820	\$	145,495	\$	11,675
Capital outlays		-		140,000		140,000
Bayside LLAD No. 2005-1 Special Revenue Fund						
Streets and public works		117,179		149,524		32,345
Arterial Roadways Special Revenue Fund						
Streets and public works		334,614		423,871		89,257
Stormwater Special Revenue Fund						
Streets and public works		401,164		422,703		21,539
AB939 JPA Special Revenue Fund						
Streets and public works		9,529		11,002		1,473
Capital outlays		109,361		110,570		1,209
Bart Park and Ride Special Revenue Fund						
Streets and public works		17,192		31,237		14,045

City of Hercules Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 15 – Fund Balance Classification

The Governmental Fund's fund balance classification at June 30, 2023 is follows:

	Major Funds									
	General Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund	Landscape & Lighting Assessment District (LLAD) No. 83-2	Hercules Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total				
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items	\$ 9,975	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,975				
Total Nonspendable	9,975		-	-		9,975				
Restricted for:										
Pension section 115 trust	2,141,823	-	-	-	-	2,141,823				
Debt service	-	-	-	2,068,440	-	2,068,440				
Streets and roads	-	-	-	-	1,094,970	1,094,970				
Development services	-	-	-	-	1,201,493	1,201,493				
Development impact fees	-	-	-	-	1,712,457	1,712,457				
Public safety	-	-	-	-	253,646	253,646				
Integrated waste management	-	-	-	-	777,682	777,682				
Transportation	-	-	-	-	320,448	320,448				
Assessment district	-	-	106,157	-	750,201	856,358				
Regional water quality	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	52,188	52,188				
Total Restricted	2,141,823		106,157	2,068,440	6,163,085	10,479,505				
Committed to:										
Capital projects	5,500,000	-	_	_	688,951	6,188,951				
CalHFA loan repayment	2,500,000	-	-	-	-	2,500,000				
Total Committed	8,000,000	-			688,951	8,688,951				
Assigned: Assigned by City Manager:										
Earthquake insurance deductible	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000				
Capital projects	450,000	-	-	-	-	450,000				
Planning & building	953,800	-	-	-	-	953,800				
Reusable bags	13,930	-	-	-	-	13,930				
Public, education and government (PEG)	70,000	-	-	-	-	70,000				
Economic uncertainty	4,209,139				-	4,209,139				
Total Assigned	6,196,869		-			6,196,869				
Unassigned (deficit)	17,529,025				(624,175)	16,904,850				
Total Unassigned	17,529,025				(624,175)	16,904,850				
Total Fund Balances	\$ 33,877,692	\$ -	\$ 106,157	\$ 2,068,440	\$ 6,227,861	\$ 42,280,150				

Note 16 – Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net investment in capital assets for the governmental activities and business-type activities is calculated as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Bı	siness-Type Activities	Total
Total capital assets, net	\$	78,023,165	\$	40,379,357	\$ 118,402,522
Unspent capital bond proceeds		-		8,327,888	8,327,888
Capital related debt		(17,232,843)		(29,104,706)	(46,337,549)
Net investment in capital assets	\$	60,790,322	\$	19,602,539	\$ 80,392,861



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)



Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

BUDGETARY PRINCIPLES

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In June, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the following fiscal year. This budget includes proposed expenditures, by fund and department, and the revenues expected to finance them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution before July 1.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between objects within the same department; however, any revisions, which alter total expenditures of any fund, must be approved by the City Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. Special Revenue Fund budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (US GAAP) and are consistent with the basis used for financial reporting. Accordingly, actual revenues and expenditures can be compared with related budget amounts without any reconciliation. The General Fund budget is adopted on the budgetary basis, which is not consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Commitments for material and services, such as purchase orders and contracts, are recorded during the year as encumbrances to assist in controlling expenditures. Appropriations, which are encumbered at year-end lapse, then are added to the following year's budgeted appropriations. However, encumbrances at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balance.
- 6. Under Article XIII B of the California Constitution (the Gann Spending Limitation Initiative), the City is restricted as to the amount of annual appropriations from the proceeds of taxes, and if proceeds of taxes exceed allowed appropriations, the excess must either be refunded to the State Controller, returned to the taxpayers through revised tax rates or revised fees schedules, or an excess in one year may be offset against a deficit in the following year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, based on the calculations by City Management, proceeds of taxes did not exceed the appropriations limit.
- 7. Budget revenue amounts represent the original budget modified by adjustments authorized during the year. Budgeted expenditure amounts represent original appropriations adjusted for supplemental appropriations during the year, which were contingent upon new or additional revenue sources and re-appropriated amounts for prior year encumbrances. The City Manager must approve adjustments to departmental budgets; however, management may amend the budgeted amounts within departmental expenditure classifications, with approval of the Finance Director.
- 8. Certain appropriations carryover and are re-budgeted for the subsequent year.
- 9. Budget appropriations for the various governmental funds become effective July 1. The City Council may amend the budget during the fiscal year. The legal level of budgetary control has been established at the fund level. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, there was no adopted budget for the Regional Water Quality Special Revenue Fund.



City of Hercules Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

General Fund								
		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts			V	ariance with
		Original		Final		Actuals	F	inal Budget
REVENUES:								
Taxes and assessments	\$	11,323,000	\$	11,723,000	\$	13,135,848	\$	1,412,848
Licenses and permits		478,000		457,000		471,189		14,189
Fines and forfeitures		38,000		38,000		46,057		8,057
Use of money and property		286,000		286,000		777,870		491,870
Intergovernmental		2,511,000		2,511,000		2,608,501		97,501
Charges for services		1,914,000		1,914,000		2,333,490		419,490
Other revenues		216,000		216,000		121,983		(94,017)
Total revenues	_	16,766,000		17,145,000		19,494,938		2,349,938
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		4,414,419		4,652,092		4,538,391		113,701
Public safety		7,924,997		8,149,632		8,488,163		(338,531)
Streets and public works		382,985		573,149		892,199		(319,050)
Parks and recreation		2,107,122		2,148,769		2,408,849		(260,080)
Community development		817,965		913,847		537,341		376,506
Capital outlay		10,000		61,139		78,305		(17,166)
Debt services:								
Principal		604,025		604,025		712,590		(108,565)
Interest and fiscal agent fee		200,000		200,000		994		199,006
Total expenditures		16,461,513		17,302,653		17,656,832		(354,179)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		304,487		(157,653)		1,838,106		1,995,759
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance of debt		-		-		8,870		8,870
Transfers in		150,000		150,000		3,292,939		3,142,939
Transfers (out)		(932,934)		(1,048,513)		(2,276,359)		(1,227,846)
Total financing sources (uses)		(782,934)		(898,513)	_	1,025,450	_	1,923,963
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(478,447)	\$	(1,056,166)		2,863,556	\$	3,919,722
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year,						31,014,136		
End of year					\$	33,877,692		

City of Hercules Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund									
	Budgeted Amounts						Va	ariance with	
		Original		Final		Actuals	Final Budget		
REVENUES:									
Intergovernmental	\$	3,142,889	\$	3,142,889	\$	3,142,889	\$		
Total revenues		3,142,889		3,142,889		3,142,889			
EXPENDITURES:									
Capital outlay		300,000		440,000		_		440,000	
Total expenditures		300,000		440,000	_			440,000	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		2,842,889		2,702,889		3,142,889		440,000	
OTHER FINANCING (USES)									
Transfers (out)		_		-		(3,142,889)		(3,142,889)	
Total financing (uses)		<u>-</u>				(3,142,889)		(3,142,889)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	\$	2,842,889	\$	2,702,889		-	\$	(2,702,889)	
FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year,						_			
End of year					\$				

City of Hercules Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Landscape & Lighting Assessment District (LLAD) No. 83-2 Speical Revenue Fund

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actuals	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:						
Taxes and assessments	\$ 1,876,408	\$ 1,876,408	\$ 2,075,134	\$	198,726	
Use of money and property	 201,063	201,063	23,790		(177,273)	
Total revenues	 2,077,471	 2,077,471	 2,098,924		21,453	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Streets and public works	1,541,397	1,562,168	1,381,347		180,821	
Capital outlay	 220,000	 257,397	 148,451		108,946	
Total expenditures	 1,761,397	 1,819,565	 1,529,798		289,767	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	316,074	257,906	569,126		311,220	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	24,725	24,725	84,554		59,829	
Transfers (out)	 (312,226)	 (312,226)	 (312,226)			
Total financing sources (uses)	 (287,501)	 (287,501)	 (227,672)		59,829	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 28,573	\$ (29,595)	341,454	\$	371,049	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT):						
Beginning of year			(235,297)			
End of year			\$ 106,157			

City of Hercules Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Plan's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

	Miscellaneous Plans											
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2022 ¹		Ju	June 30, 2021		ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018		
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.08%		0.83%		0.19%		0.17%		0.16%		
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	8,968,007	\$	4,514,222	\$	7,840,808	\$	7,154,193	\$	6,686,045		
City's Covered Payroll	\$	3,590,446	\$	2,848,532	\$	3,376,629	\$	3,411,264	\$	3,369,924		
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		250%		158%		232%		210%		198%		
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability		73.13%		85.66%		73.63%		75.07%		77.69%		
					S	afety Plans						
Measurement Date:	Ju	ne 30, 2022 ¹	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		Ju	ne 30, 2018		
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.09%		0.10%		0.09%		0.16%		0.14%		
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	10,787,186	\$	5,378,400	\$	9,924,963	\$	9,847,764	\$	9,268,866		
City's Covered Payroll	\$	3,339,846	\$	2,805,237	\$	2,702,843	\$	2,668,574	\$	2,436,633		
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		322.98%		191.73%		367.20%		369.03%		380.40%		

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB No. 68 is applicable.

City of Hercules Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Plan's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

	Miscellaneous Plans								
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015 ¹	June 30, 2014 ¹					
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.17%	0.17%	0.18%	0.19%					
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,891,269	\$ 6,031,627	\$ 4,815,777	\$ 4,699,656					
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,154,200	\$ 2,697,183	\$ 2,655,670	\$ 3,241,378					
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	218%	224%	181%	145%					
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	75.39%	75.87%	78.32%	78.10%					
		Safety	Plans						
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2017	Safety June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015 ¹	June 30, 2015 ¹					
Measurement Date: City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	June 30, 2017 0.16%			June 30, 2015 ¹ 0.18%					
	,	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015 ¹	,					
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.16%	June 30, 2016 0.16%	June 30, 2015 ¹ 0.18%	0.18%					
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	0.16% \$ 9,323,198	June 30, 2016 0.16% \$ 8,509,821	June 30, 2015 ¹ 0.18% \$ 7,337,854	0.18% \$ 6,858,740					

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the City's Contributions to the Pension Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

	Miscellaneous Plans										
Fiscal Year:	2022-231			2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19	
Actuarially Determined Contribution ²	\$	\$ 862,807		961,252	\$	862,807	\$	774,757	\$	770,639	
Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution ²		(862,807)		(961,252)		(862,807)		(774,757)		(770,639)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$		
City's Covered Payroll'	\$	3,690,978	\$	3,590,446	\$	2,848,532	\$	3,376,629	\$	3,411,264	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		23.38%		26.77%		30.29%		22.94%		22.59%	
					S	afety Plans					
Fiscal Year:		2022-231	2021-22		-22 2020-21		2019-20			2018-19	
Actuarially Determined Contribution ²	\$	1,240,453	\$	1,127,304	\$	1,240,453	\$	1,384,112	\$	1,080,225	
Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined											
Contribution ²		(1,240,453)		(1,127,304)		(1,240,453)		(1,384,112)		(1,080,225)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		
City Covered Payroll'	•	3,433,362	•	3,339,846	•	2,805,237	•	2,702,843	\$	2 ((0 574	
	Ψ	3,433,302		3,333,640	<u> </u>	2,803,237	Ψ	2,702,043	Ψ	2,668,574	

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB No. 68 is applicable.

Notes to the Schedule:

Benefit Changes: The figures above generally include any liability impact that may have resulted from voluntary benefit changes that occurred on or before the Measurement Date. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the valuation Date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary.

² Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions (which is the actuarially determined contribution). However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their side-fund or their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plan exceed the actuarial determined contributions. CalPERS has determined that employer obligations referred to as *side-funds* are not considered separately financed specific liabilities.

³ Includes one year's payroll growth using 2.80% payroll growth assumption for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022; 2.75% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21; 3.00% payroll growth assumption fo

City of Hercules Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the City's Contributions to the Pension Plan (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

	Miscellaneous Plans									
Fiscal Year:	2017-18	2016-17	2015-161							
Actuarially Determined Contribution ²	\$ 659,810	\$ 558,315	\$ 529,212							
Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined										
Contribution ²	(659,810	(558,315)	(529,212)							
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$ -	\$ -							
City's Covered Payroll'	\$ 3,369,924	\$ 3,154,200	\$ 2,697,183							
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	19.589	6 17.70%	19.62%							
		Safety Plans								
Fiscal Year:	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16 ¹							
Actuarially Determined Contribution ²	\$ 1,033,755	\$ 1,203,357	\$ 1,024,115							
Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined										
Contribution ²	(1,033,755	(1,203,357)	(1,024,115)							
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$ -	\$ -							
City Covered Payroll'	\$ 2,436,633	\$ 2,591,015	\$ 2,220,165							
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	42.439	46.44%	46.13%							

City of Hercules Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - PEHMCA Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Measurement period, year ending:	6/.	30/2023 1	6	/30/2022	6	/30/2021	6	5/30/2020 ²	 6/30/2019
Total OPEB liability									
Service cost	\$	138,804	\$	135,089	\$	167,563	\$	175,142	\$ 127,197
Interest		131,816		124,870		139,104		188,135	180,251
Differences between expected and actual experience		(595,870)		-		(311,195)		(1,203,506)	40,091
Changes of assumptions		331,830		-		65,097		(293,525)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(109,733)		(144,124)		(123,619)		(115,990)	(166,793)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(103,153)		115,835		(63,050)		(1,249,744)	180,746
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,545,005		2,429,170		2,492,220		3,741,964	3,561,218
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$:	2,441,852	\$	2,545,005	\$	2,429,170	\$	2,492,220	\$ 3,741,964
OPEB fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$	109,733	\$	144,124	\$	22,016	\$	215,990	\$ 361,275
Net investment income (loss)		124,112		(330,465)		359,682		123,227	155,134
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(109,733)		(144,124)		(123,619)		(115,990)	(166,793)
Administrative expense		(15,045)		(16,734)		(16,223)		(13,381)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		109,067		(347,199)		241,856		209,846	349,616
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		2,559,249		2,906,448		2,664,592		2,454,746	2,105,130
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		2,668,316		2,559,249		2,906,448		2,664,592	2,454,746
Plan net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(226,464)	\$	(14,244)	\$	(477,278)	\$	(172,372)	\$ 1,287,218
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		109.27%		100.56%		119.65%		106.92%	65.60%
Covered payroll	\$1	1,548,980	\$1	1,239,883	\$1	0,939,059	\$	10,646,286	\$ 10,336,200
Plan net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		-1.96%		-0.13%		-4.36%		-1.62%	12.45%

¹ Historical information is presented only for periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

² Effective for the year ended June 30, 2020, PEHMCA Plan is valued separately.

City of Hercules Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - PEHMCA Plan (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Measurement period, year ending:	6/30/2018
Total OPEB liability	
Service cost	\$ 99,270
Interest	179,763
Differences between expected and actual experience	437,919
Changes of assumptions	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(105,034)
Net change in total OPEB liability	611,918
Total OPEB liability - beginning	2,949,300
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 3,561,218
OPEB fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 205,034
Net investment income (loss)	123,771
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(105,034)
Administrative expense	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	223,771
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,881,359
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	2,105,130
Plan net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,456,088
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	
the total OPEB liability (asset)	59.11%
Covered payroll	\$ 10,035,146
Plan net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	14.51%



City of Hercules Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - SOMAR Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Measurement period, year ending:	6	6/30/2023 1		6/30/2022		6/30/2021		6/30/2020 2	
Total OPEB liability									
Service cost	\$	67,118	\$	95,420	\$	141,956	\$	98,801	
Interest		47,903		35,501		42,108		49,689	
Differences between expected and actual experience		411,971		-		(398,956)		-	
Changes of assumptions		57,838		(363,788)		11,351		366,382	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(42,990)		(43,718)		(43,536)		(40,738)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		541,840		(276,585)		(247,077)		474,134	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,341,133		1,617,718		1,864,795		1,390,661	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	1,882,973	\$	1,341,133	\$	1,617,718	\$	1,864,795	
Fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$	43,718	\$	43,718	\$	43,536	\$	40,738	
Net investment income		-		-		-		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(43,718)		(43,718)		(43,536)		(40,738)	
Administrative expense						_		_	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-		-		-		-	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning						_		-	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		_							
Plan net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,882,973	\$	1,341,133	\$	1,617,718	\$	1,864,795	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	
Covered payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	

¹ Historical information is presented only for periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

² SOMAR Plan is now valued separately from PEHMCA Plan effective June 30, 2020.

City of Hercules Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the City's Contributions to the OPEB Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

PEHMCA Plan

Fiscal Year:	 2022-231		2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19	
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 109,733	\$	144,124	\$	22,016	\$	215,990	\$	361,275	
Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially										
Determined Contribution ²	(109,733)		(144,124)		(22,016)		(215,990)		(361,275)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	_	
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 11,548,980	\$	11,239,883	\$	10,939,059	\$	10,646,286	\$	10,336,200	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.95%		1.28%		0.20%		2.03%		3.50%	

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB No. 75 is applicable.

City of Hercules Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the City's Contributions to the OPEB Plan (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

PEHMCA Plan

Fiscal Year:	2017-181	
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	205,034
Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined		
Contribution ²		(205,034)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	_
City's Covered Payroll	\$	10,035,146
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	_	2.04%

City of Hercules Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the City's Contributions to the SOMAR OPEB Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

SOMAR Plan

Fiscal Year:	2022-23		2021-22		2020-21		2019-20 ²	
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	43,718	\$	43,536	\$	43,536	\$	40,738
Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially								
Determined Contribution		(43,718)		(43,536)		(43,536)		(40,738)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	_
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB No. 75 is applicable.

² SOMAR Plan is now valued separately from PEHMCA Plan effective June 30, 2020.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Hercules Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget			
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$	908,000	\$ 908,000	\$	973,419	\$	65,419
Other revenue			 				
Total revenues		908,000	908,000		973,419		65,419
EXPENDITURES:							
Debt services:							
Principal		723,000	723,000		721,843		1,157
Interest and fiscal agent fee		801,000	 801,000		804,147		(3,147)
Total expenditures		1,524,000	 1,524,000		1,525,990		(1,990)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(616,000)	(616,000)		(552,571)		63,429
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers in		458,934	 458,934		468,499		9,565
Total financing sources		458,934	 458,934		468,499		9,565
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(157,066)	\$ (157,066)		(84,072)	\$	72,994
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					2,152,512		
End of year				\$	2,068,440		



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenue sources that are restricted for specific purposes (other than those resources to be expended solely for the construction of major capital facilities).

State Gas Tax Fund - This fund accounts for Gas Tax revenue received from the State of California to cover costs of street maintenance and improvements.

Measure C Street Fund - This fund accounts for City's portion of sales tax dedicated to transportation programs.

C.O.P.S. Program (AB 3229) Fund - This fund accounts for the California statewide sales and use tax allocated by the State for local public safety services.

Victoria by the bay LLAD No. 2002-1 - This fund accounts for special assessments on property within district boundaries for the restricted purpose of providing landscaping and lighting services within the specified districts.

Hercules Village LLAD No. 2002-2 - This fund accounts for special assessments on property within district boundaries for the restricted purpose of providing landscaping and lighting services within the specified districts.

Baywood LLAD No. 2004-1 - This fund accounts for special assessments on property within district boundaries for the restricted purpose of providing landscaping and lighting services within the specified districts.

Bayside LLAD No. 2005-1- This fund accounts for special assessments on property within district boundaries for the restricted purpose of providing landscaping and lighting services within the specified districts.

Arterial Roadways Fund - This fund accounts for special assessments on property within district boundaries for the restricted purpose of providing landscaping and lighting services within the specified districts.

Stormwater Fund - To account for activities associated with the operation and maintenance of stormwater facilities for drainage and disposal of stormwater, and operations related to the provision of services.

Development Services Fund - To account for the collection and expenditure of fees imposed as a condition of new development within the City, in compliance with California Government Code Section 66006 (AB 1600).

AB939 JPA Fund - To account for waste haulers fee (also known as AB 939 fee) to comply with the recycling and diversion programs required by the State legislation (AB 939).

Regional Water Quality Fund - To account for the Regional Water Quality fees created by State legislature in 1967. The Board protects water quality by setting statewide policy, coordinating and supporting the Regional Water Board efforts, and reviewing petitions that contest Regional Board actions.

Asset Forfeiture - This fund accounts for police unclaimed funds. Revenue is collected from seized money and asset forfeiture.

Bart Park and Ride Fund - This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the BART owned, but jointly operated, Hercules Transit Center, and which used to be part of the Facilities Maintenance Fund.

Road Rehabilitation Maintenance Fund - This fund accounts for the State Legislature passed SB1 which increases the funding for street projects. Revenue is restricted for street-related construction and/or maintenance projects starting from 2017.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for resources used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities by the City, except those financed by Proprietary Funds.

City Capital Projects Fund - This fund accounts for the financial resources utilized in acquiring or constructing capital assets for the City.

Development Impact Fees Fund - This fund accounts for the fees collected from new developments, which will be used to construct public infrastructure.



				Special Rev	venue I	unds		
	State Gas Tax		Measure "C" Street		C.O.P.S. Program (AB 3229)		1	ctoria by he bay LLAD o. 2002-1
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	463,478 57,878	\$	173,076	\$	33,283	\$	- -
Total assets	\$	521,356	\$	173,076	\$	33,283	\$	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued wages Deposit payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	81,460 3,020 - - 84,480	\$	33,360 3,145 - - 36,505	\$	- - - -	\$	34,348 1,176 - 371,931 407,455
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue		_		_		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		_		-		
FUND BALANCES Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit)		436,876		136,571		33,283		(407,455)
Total fund balances (deficit) Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	436,876 521,356	\$	136,571 173,076	\$	33,283	\$	(407,455)

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Hercules Village LLAD No. 2002-2		Baywood LLAD No. 2004-1		Bayside LLAD No. 2005-1			Arterial oadways	
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	\$ 165,386 \$ 50,955 \$ 138,797		97 \$ 494,;					
Total assets	\$	165,386	\$	50,955	\$	138,797	\$	494,378	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued wages Deposit payable Due to other funds Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	8,661 592 - - 9,253	\$	5,121 668 117,600 123,389	\$	6,610 538 - - 7,148	\$	31,690 269 - - 31,959	
Unavailable revenue									
Total deferred inflows of resources	-								
FUND BALANCES Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit)		156,133		- - (72,434)		131,649		462,419 - -	
Total fund balances (deficit)		156,133		(72,434)		131,649		462,419	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	165,386	\$	50,955	\$	138,797	\$	494,378	

				Special Rev	venue	Funds		
	Stormwater			Development Services		AB939 JPA		egional Water Quality
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$		\$	1,181,453	\$	\$ 805,142		52,188
Accounts receivable	Þ	86,117	Ф	25,220	Φ	44,040	\$	52,100
Total assets	\$	86,117	\$	1,206,673	\$	849,182	\$	52,188
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	11,727	\$	5,180	\$	71,319	\$	-
Accrued wages		2,555		-		181		-
Deposit payable Due to other funds		216,121		-		-		-
Total liabilities		230,403		5,180		71,500		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue		_		-		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources				-		-		
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		-		1,201,493		777,682		52,188
Committed Unassigned (deficit)		(144,286)		-		-		-
			_	1 201 402		777 (92		52 100
Total fund balances (deficit)		(144,286)		1,201,493		777,682		52,188
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	86,117	\$	1,206,673	\$	849,182	\$	52,188

		Capital Projects Funds						
ACCETEC	F	Asset Forfeiture	Pai	Bart Rehabilitation Park and Ride Maintenance			ity Capital ojects Fund	
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	245,750	\$	321,644	\$	491,553 52,258	\$	816,613 287,883
Total assets	\$	245,750	\$	321,644	\$	543,811	\$	1,104,496
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,196	\$	22,288	\$	164,820
Accrued wages Deposit payable		25,387		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		25,387		1,196		22,288		164,820
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue				-		-		250,725
Total deferred inflows of resources				-				250,725
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		220,363		320,448		521,523		-
Committed		-		-		-		688,951
Unassigned (deficit)				-		-		
Total fund balances (deficit)		220,363		320,448		521,523		688,951
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	245,750	\$	321,644	\$	543,811	\$	1,104,496

	Capital Projects Funds	
	Development Impact Fees	Total
ASSETS	¢ 1.710.457	Ф 7.146.152
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 1,712,457	\$ 7,146,153 553,396
	£ 1.712.457	
Total assets	\$ 1,712,457	\$ 7,699,549
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 477,780
Accrued wages	-	12,144
Deposit payable	-	25,387
Due to other funds	<u>-</u> _	705,652
Total liabilities		1,220,963
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable revenue		250,725
Total deferred inflows of resources		250,725
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted	1,712,457	6,163,085
Committed	-	688,951
Unassigned (deficit)		(624,175)
Total fund balances (deficit)	1,712,457	6,227,861
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		
of resources and fund balances	\$ 1,712,457	\$ 7,699,549
		(Concluded)

	Special Revenue Funds										
	State Gas Tax		Measure "C" Street		C.O.P.S. Program (AB 3229)			ictoria by the bay LLAD o. 2002-1			
REVENUES:											
Taxes and assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	472,851			
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-			
Fines and forfeitures		12,549		1,735		-		-			
Use of money and property Intergovernmental		664,094		510,780		165,272		-			
Charges for services		-		-		103,272		_			
Other revenues		_		_		_		-			
Total revenues		676,643		512,515		165,272		472,851			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Public safety		-		-		-		-			
Streets and public works		450,543		310,116		-		547,731			
Capital outlay Debt services:		135,508		108,184		-		-			
Principal											
Interest and fiscal agent fee		_		_		_		-			
Total expenditures		586,051	,	418,300		-		547,731			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								(= 1 aaa)			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		90,592		94,215		165,272		(74,880)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		262,755		-		-		10,047			
Transfers (out)		(602,937)				(150,000)		(27,200)			
Total financing sources (uses)		(340,182)				(150,000)		(17,153)			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(249,590)		94,215		15,272		(92,033)			
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):											
Beginning of year		686,466		42,356		18,011		(315,422)			
End of year	\$	436,876	\$	136,571	\$	33,283	\$	(407,455)			

			Special Rev	enue]	Funds	
	Hercules Village LLAD o. 2002-2	Baywood LLAD No. 2004-1		Bayside LLAD No. 2005-1		Arterial oadways
REVENUES: Taxes and assessments Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ 162,323 - 3,706	\$	154,648 - - 3,491	\$	147,933 - - 3,029	\$ (2,022)
Other revenues Total revenues	 166,029		158,139		150,962	 (2,022)
	 100,029	-	130,139		130,902	(2,022)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public safety Streets and public works Capital outlay Debt services:	186,145		- 145,495 140,000		- 149,524 -	- 423,871 -
Principal Interest and fiscal agent fee	 - -		- -		<u>-</u>	 - -
Total expenditures	 186,145		285,495		149,524	 423,871
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(20,116)		(127,356)		1,438	(425,893)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	 3,982 (7,500)		2,613 (2,700)		2,284 (18,500)	314,000
Total financing sources (uses)	 (3,518)		(87)		(16,216)	314,000
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(23,634)		(127,443)		(14,778)	(111,893)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): Beginning of year	179,767		55,009		146,427	574,312
End of year	\$ 156,133	\$	(72,434)	\$	131,649	\$ 462,419

		Funds						
	Development Stormwater Services					AB939 JPA		egional Water Quality
REVENUES:								
Taxes and assessments	\$	336,987	\$	164,942	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		176,185		-
Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property		-		13,123		19,420		1,044
Intergovernmental		-		13,123		19,420		1,044
Charges for services		_		_		_		_
Other revenues		_		_		_		_
Total revenues		336,987		178,065		195,605		1,044
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Streets and public works		422,703		168,202		11,002		-
Capital outlay		-		-		110,570		-
Debt services:								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal agent fee								
Total expenditures		422,703		168,202		121,572		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(85,716)		9,863		74,033		1,044
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		125,000		953,800		-		-
Transfers (out)		-				(125,000)		-
Total financing sources (uses)		125,000		953,800		(125,000)		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		39,284		963,663		(50,967)		1,044
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):								
Beginning of year		(183,570)		237,830		828,649		51,144
End of year	\$	(144,286)	\$	1,201,493	\$	777,682	\$	52,188

		Sp	ecial R	evenue Fun		Proj	Capital ects Funds	
	Asset Forfeiture Pa			Bart Park and Ride		Road bilitation ntenance		ity Capital ojects Fund
REVENUES:								
Taxes and assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,077
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Use of money and property		2,732		(5,383)		3,486		4,541
Intergovernmental		159,854		-		576,570		224,613
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Other revenues				81,187				
Total revenues		162,586		75,804		580,056		284,231
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Public safety		11,618		-		-		-
Streets and public works		-		31,237		349,361		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		2,221,641
Debt services:								
Principal		-		-		-		114,900
Interest and fiscal agent fee								111,530
Total expenditures		11,618		31,237		349,361		2,448,071
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		150,968		44,567		230,695		(2,163,840)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)		- -		- -		553,583 (262,755)		854,010 -
Total financing sources (uses)						290,828		854,010
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		150,968		44,567		521,523		(1,309,830)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):								
Beginning of year		69,395		275,881		-		1,998,781
End of year	\$:	220,363	\$	320,448	\$	521,523	\$	688,951

	Capital Projects Funds	
	Development Impact Fees	Total
REVENUES:		
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ 1,494,761
Licenses and permits	-	176,185
Fines and forfeitures	25.026	- 06 477
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	35,026	96,477
Charges for services	5,622	2,301,183 5,622
Other revenues	5,022	81,187
Total revenues	40,648	4,155,415
EXPENDITURES:		
Current:		
Public safety	<u>-</u>	11,618
Streets and public works	17,207	3,213,137
Capital outlay	20,055	2,735,958
Debt services:		
Principal	-	114,900
Interest and fiscal agent fee		111,530
Total expenditures	37,262	6,187,143
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,386	(2,031,728)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers in	-	3,082,074
Transfers (out)	<u>-</u> _	(1,196,592)
Total financing sources (uses)		1,885,482
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	3,386	(146,246)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):		
Beginning of year	1,709,071	6,374,107
End of year	\$ 1,712,457	\$ 6,227,861
		(Concluded)

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual State Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Final Budget Budget		 Actual		riance with nal Budget	
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$	1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 12,549	\$	11,549
Intergovernmental		1,433,597	759,593	664,094		(95,499)
Total revenues		1,434,597	 760,593	 676,643		(83,950)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Streets and public works		441,636	460,980	450,543		10,437
Capital outlay		1,269,827	 442,214	 135,508		306,706
Total expenditures		1,711,463	 903,194	586,051		317,143
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(276,866)	(142,601)	90,592		233,193
OTHER FINANCING (USES)						
Transfers in		-	-	262,755		262,755
Transfers (out)		(49,354)	(49,354)	(602,937)		(553,583)
Total financing (uses)		(49,354)	 (49,354)	(340,182)		(290,828)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(326,220)	\$ (191,955)	(249,590)	\$	(57,635)
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				686,466		
End of year				\$ 436,876		

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Measure C Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Original Final Budget Budget			Actual		riance with	
REVENUES: Use of money and property	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,735	\$	1,735
Intergovernmental	Ψ	450,000	Ψ	450,000	Ψ	510,780	Ψ	60,780
Total revenues		450,000		450,000		512,515		62,515
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Streets and public works		303,916		310,520		310,116		404
Capital outlay		289,889		289,889		108,184		181,705
Total expenditures		593,805		600,409		418,300		182,109
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(143,805)	\$	(150,409)		94,215	\$	244,624
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						42,356		
End of year					\$	136,571		

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual C.O.P.S. Program (AB 3299) Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Original Budget		Final Budget Actu				iance with	
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	 150,000	\$	150,000	\$	165,272	\$	15,272	
Total revenues	 150,000		150,000		165,272		15,272	
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers (out)	 (150,000)		(150,000)		(150,000)		<u>-</u>	
Total financing (uses)	 (150,000)		(150,000)		(150,000)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 	\$			15,272	\$	15,272	
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year					18,011			
End of year				\$	33,283			

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Victoria By the Bay LLAD No. 2002-1 Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual		 ance with
Taxes and assessments	\$ 472,850	\$ 472,850	\$	472,851	\$ 1
Total revenues	 472,850	 472,850	_	472,851	1
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
Streets and public works	 557,342	563,867		547,731	16,136
Total expenditures	 557,342	563,867		547,731	16,136
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(84,492)	(91,017)		(74,880)	16,137
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer in	10,047	10,047		10,047	-
Transfers (out)	 (27,200)	 (27,200)		(27,200)	
Total financing (uses)	 (17,153)	 (17,153)		(17,153)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (101,645)	\$ (108,170)		(92,033)	\$ 16,137
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT): Beginning of year				(315,422)	
End of year			\$	(407,455)	

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Hercules Village LLAD No. 2002-2 Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

DEMENTING	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		ance with
REVENUES: Taxes and assessments	\$ 162,323	\$ 162,323	\$	162,323	\$ _
Use of money and property	 -	 -	Ψ	3,706	 3,706
Total revenues	162,323	162,323		166,029	3,706
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Streets and public works	 199,119	 202,341		186,145	 16,196
Total expenditures	 199,119	 202,341		186,145	 16,196
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(36,796)	(40,018)		(20,116)	19,902
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	3,982	3,982		3,982	-
Transfers (out)	 (7,500)	(7,500)		(7,500)	
Total financing sources (uses)	 (3,518)	(3,518)		(3,518)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (40,314)	\$ (43,536)		(23,634)	\$ 19,902
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year				179,767	
End of year			\$	156,133	

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Baywood LLAD No. 2004-1 Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:						
Taxes and assessments	\$ 154,648	\$ 154,648	\$	154,648	\$	-
Use of money and property	 	_		3,491		3,491
Total revenues	 154,648	 154,648		158,139		3,491
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Streets and public works	130,633	133,820		145,495		(11,675)
Capital outlay	 			140,000		(140,000)
Total expenditures	 130,633	 133,820		285,495		(151,675)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	24,015	20,828		(127,356)		(148,184)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	(12,087)	(12,087)		2,613		14,700
Transfers (out)	 (2,700)	 (2,700)		(2,700)		
Total financing sources (uses)	 (14,787)	 (14,787)		(87)		14,700
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 9,228	\$ 6,041		(127,443)	\$	(133,484)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT):						
Beginning of year				55,009		
End of year			\$	(72,434)		

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Bayside LLAD No. 2005-1 Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:					
Taxes and assessments	\$ 146,947	\$ 146,947	\$ 147,933	\$	986
Use of money and property	 	 	 3,029		3,029
Total revenues	 146,947	146,947	 150,962		4,015
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Streets and public works	 114,186	117,179	149,524		(32,345)
Total expenditures	 114,186	 117,179	149,524		(32,345)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	32,761	29,768	1,438		(28,330)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	2,284	2,284	2,284		-
Transfers (out)	 (18,500)	 (18,500)	(18,500)		
Total financing sources (uses)	 (16,216)	 (16,216)	 (16,216)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 16,545	\$ 13,552	(14,778)	\$	(28,330)
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			146,427		
End of year			\$ 131,649		

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Arterial Roadways Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	riginal Budget	 Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$ 	\$ -	\$	(2,022)	\$	(2,022)
Total revenues	 	 -		(2,022)		(2,022)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:	222.422	224 644		100 071		(00.0.5)
Streets and public works	 333,123	 334,614		423,871		(89,257)
Total expenditures	 333,123	 334,614		423,871		(89,257)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(333,123)	(334,614)		(425,893)		(91,279)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	 314,000	314,000		314,000		
Total financing sources	 314,000	314,000		314,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (19,123)	\$ (20,614)		(111,893)	\$	(91,279)
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				574,312		
End of year			\$	462,419		

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Stormwater Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		 iance with al Budget
REVENUES:					
Taxes and assessments	\$ 251,000	\$ 251,000	\$	336,987	\$ 85,987
Total revenues	 251,000	 251,000		336,987	85,987
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: Streets and public works	374,577	401,164		422,703	(21,539)
Total expenditures	 374,577	 401,164		422,703	 (21,539)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(123,577)	(150,164)		(85,716)	64,448
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	 125,000	125,000		125,000	-
Total financing sources	 125,000	 125,000		125,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,423	\$ (25,164)		39,284	\$ 64,448
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT): Beginning of year				(183,570)	
End of year			\$	(144,286)	

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Development Services Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	riance with nal Budget	
REVENUES:					
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$	21,000	\$ 164,942	\$ 143,942
Use of money and property	-		-	13,123	13,123
Charges for services					
Total revenues			21,000	178,065	 157,065
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:			12.02.6	160.202	105.066
Streets and public works			42,936	168,202	 125,266
Total expenditures			42,936	168,202	 125,266
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-		(21,936)	9,863	31,799
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in				953,800	 953,800
Total financing sources				953,800	 953,800
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$	(21,936)	963,663	\$ 985,599
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year				237,830	
End of year				\$ 1,201,493	

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual AB939 JPA Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Original Budget	Final Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:						
Licenses and permits	\$ 175,000 3,000	\$ 175,000 3,000	\$	176,185 19,420	\$	1,185
Use of money and property	 	 				16,420
Total revenues	 178,000	 178,000		195,605		17,605
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Streets and public works	2,665	9,529		11,002		(1,473)
Capital outlay	 109,216	 109,361		110,570		(1,209)
Total expenditures	 111,881	 118,890		121,572		(2,682)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	66,119	59,110		74,033		14,923
OTHER FINANCING (USES)						
Transfers (out)	 (125,000)	(125,000)		(125,000)		-
Total financing (uses)	 (125,000)	(125,000)		(125,000)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (58,881)	\$ (65,890)		(50,967)	\$	14,923
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				828,649		
End of year			\$	777,682		

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual			riance with nal Budget	
REVENUES:	Ф		Ф		ф	2.722	Ф	2.722
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	33,000	\$	33,000	\$	2,732 159,854	\$	2,732 126,854
Total revenues		33,000		33,000		162,586		129,586
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Public safety		45,000		95,000		11,618		83,382
Total expenditures		45,000		95,000		11,618		83,382
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(12,000)	\$	(62,000)		150,968	\$	212,968
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						69,395		
End of year					\$	220,363		

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Bart Park and Ride Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget		Final Budget Actu				iance with al Budget
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(5,383)	\$	(5,383)
Other revenue		45,000	 45,000		81,187		36,187
Total revenues		45,000	 45,000		75,804		30,804
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Streets and public works		17,000	17,192		31,237		(14,045)
Total expenditures		17,000	 17,192		31,237		(14,045)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	28,000	\$ 27,808		44,567	\$	16,759
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					275,881		
End of year				\$	320,448		

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Road Rehabilitation Maintenance Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:	¢.		\$ -	¢	2.496	¢	2 496
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	-	5 - 674,004	\$	3,486 576,570	\$	3,486 (97,434)
Total revenues			674,004		580,056		(93,948)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Streets and public works		-	1,347,967		349,361		998,606
Total expenditures			1,347,967		349,361		998,606
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-	(673,963)	230,695		904,658
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers in		-	-		553,583		553,583
Transfers out					(262,755)		(262,755)
Total financing sources					290,828		290,828
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	<u> </u>	\$ (673,963	<u>)</u>	521,523	\$	1,195,486
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year							
End of year				\$	521,523		

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual City Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:						
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,077	\$ 55,077		
Use of money and property	-	-	4,541	4,541		
Intergovernmental	852,000	1,962,800	224,613	(1,738,187)		
Total revenues	852,000	1,962,800	284,231	(1,678,569)		
EXPENDITURES:						
Capital outlay	1,099,000	4,103,274	2,221,641	1,881,633		
Debt services:						
Principal	115,000	115,000	114,900	100		
Interest and fiscal agent fee	112,000	112,000	111,530	470		
Total expenditures	1,326,000	4,330,274	2,448,071	1,882,203		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(474,000)	(2,367,474)	(2,163,840)	203,634		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	474,000	589,579	854,010	264,431		
Total financing sources	474,000	589,579	854,010	264,431		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ (1,777,895)	(1,309,830)	\$ 468,065		
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year			1,998,781			
End of year			\$ 688,951			

City of Hercules Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Development Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES: Use of money and property Charges for services	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	35,026 5,622	\$	35,026 5,622
Total revenues						40,648		40,648
EXPENDITURES: Current: Streets and public works Capital outlay		60,000		73,036		17,207 20,055		55,829 (20,055)
Total expenditures		60,000		73,036		37,262		35,774
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(60,000)	\$	(73,036)		3,386	\$	76,422
FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year End of year					\$	1,709,071 1,712,457		

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS



City of Hercules Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2023

ASSETS	Vehicle Replacement		Technology Services		Facilities Maintenance			Total
Current assets:	4	217.621	•		•	 100	•	2 1 2 2 1 1 2
Cash and investments	\$	315,624	\$	1,014,319	\$	772,199	\$	2,102,142
Total current assets		315,624		1,014,319		772,199		2,102,142
Noncurrent assets: Net OPEB asset - PEHMCA Capital assets:		-		8,088		4,044		12,132
Depreciable and amortizable, net		622,847		314,107		_		936,954
Total noncurrent assets		622,847		322,195		4,044		949,086
Total assets		938,471		1,336,514		776,243		3,051,228
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pensions-related deferred outflows of resources OPEB-related deferred inflows of resources (PEHMCA)		-		198,763 22,414		105,407 11,208		304,170 33,622
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources (SOMAR)		-	_	23,892		11,946		35,838
Total deferred outflows of resources		_		245,069		128,561		373,630
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		_		6,743		33,107		39,850
Salaries and benefits payable		-		4,650		1,614		6,264
Compensated absences, due in one year		-		26,598		7,199		33,797
Subscription liability, due in one year		-		11,494		-		11,494
Total current liabilities		-		49,485		41,920		91,405
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Compensated absences		-		8,866		2,399		11,265
Subscription liability		-		23,948		-		23,948
Net pension liability		-		487,989		258,786		746,775
Net OPEB liability - SOMAR				67,250		33,625		100,875
Total noncurrent liabilities	-			588,053		294,810		882,863
Total liabilities				637,538		336,730		974,268
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pensions-related deferred outflows of resources		_		60,999		32,349		93,348
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources (PEHMCA)		-		61,613		30,807		92,420
OPEB-related deferred outflows of resources (SOMAR)		-		21,106		10,552		31,658
Total deferred inflows of resources				143,718		73,708		217,426
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		622,847		278,665		_		901,512
Unrestricted		315,624		521,662		494,366		1,331,652
Total net position	\$	938,471	\$	800,327	\$	494,366	\$	2,233,164
•								

City of Hercules Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

OPED ATING DEVENIUES.	Vehicle Replacement		Technology Services		Facilities Maintenance			Total	
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services	\$	148,300	\$	1,271,986	\$	787,000	\$	2,207,286	
Other operating revenues	Ψ	6,052	Ψ	5,376	Ψ	-	Ψ	11,428	
Total operating revenues		154,352		1,277,362		787,000		2,218,714	
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Salaries and benefits		-		400,903		182,438		583,341	
Services and supplies		500		588,998		627,271		1,216,769	
Depreciation and amortization		123,466		91,886				215,352	
Total operating expenses		123,966		1,081,787		809,709		2,015,462	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		30,386		195,575		(22,709)		203,252	
NONOPERATING (EXPENSES)									
Interest (expenses)				(358)				(358)	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		30,386		195,217		(22,709)		202,894	
NET POSITION:									
Beginning of year		908,085		605,110		517,075		2,030,270	
End of year	\$	938,471	\$	800,327	\$	494,366	\$	2,233,164	

City of Hercules Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Vehicle placement		echnology Services	_	Facilities aintenance		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Cash receipts from internal services provided	\$ 154,352	\$	1,277,238	\$	787,000	\$	2,218,590
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(500)		(618,194)		(601,997)		(1,220,691)
Cash paid to employees for services	 		(394,933)		(160,999)		(555,932)
Net cash provided by operating activities	 153,852		264,111		24,004		441,967
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Payments related to the acquisition of capital assets	(484,215)		(87,417)		-		(571,632)
Principal repayments related to capital purposes	-		(12,073)		-		(12,073)
Interest repayments related to capital purposes	 -		(358)		-		(358)
Net cash (used in) capital and related							
financing activities	 (484,215)		(99,848)				(584,063)
NET CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(330,363)		164,263		24,004		(142,096)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:							
Beginning of year	 645,987		850,056		748,195		2,244,238
End of year	\$ 315,624	\$	1,014,319	\$	772,199	\$	2,102,142
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Operating income (loss)	\$ 30,386	\$	195,575	\$	(22,709)	\$	203,252
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation 1. D. C. 10. (7)	123,466		91,886		-		215,352
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows Pensions-related deferred outflows	_		(119,462)		(67,420)		(186,882)
OPEB-related deferred outflows	_		(20,093)		(10,048)		(30,141)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows			, , ,		, , ,		, , ,
Accounts Payable	-		(29,320)		25,274		(4,046)
Salaries and benefits payable	-		(13,344)		(6,218)		(19,562)
Net pension liability	-		314,856		183,181		498,037
Net OPEB liability	-		19,351		9,676		29,027
Pensions-related deferred inflows	-		(173,173)		(89,911)		(263,084)
OPEB-related deferred inflows	-		3,440		1,720		5,160
Compensated absences	 		(5,605)		459		(5,146)
Total adjustments	 123,466	Φ.	68,536	Φ.	46,713	_	238,715
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 153,852	\$	264,111	\$	24,004	\$	441,967



FIDUCIARY-CUSTODIAL FUNDS



City of Hercules Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds June 30, 2023

	 eassessment District 05-01	W Ma	Taylor /oodrow .intenance LMOD	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 338,401	\$	70,875	\$ 409,276
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	 55,798		-	 55,798
Total assets	 394,199		70,875	 465,074
NET POSITION				
Restricted for individuals, organization, and other government	 394,199		70,875	 465,074
Total net position	\$ 394,199	\$	70,875	\$ 465,074

(Concluded)

City of Hercules Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		assessment District 05-01	Wo Mair	Taylor codrow ntenance MOD		Total
ADDITIONS: Taxes and assessments	\$	230,700	\$	_	\$	230,700
Investment income	Ψ	6,758	Ψ	1,418	Ψ	8,176
Total additions		237,458		1,418		238,876
DEDUCTIONS:						
Administration		8,320		-		8,320
Interest and fiscal agent fee		193,196		-		193,196
Principal payment to refunding escrow		57,572		-		57,572
Total deductions		259,088				259,088
CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		(21,630)		1,418		(20,212)
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of year		415,829		69,457		485,286
End of year	\$	394,199	\$	70,875	\$	465,074

(Concluded)

STATISTICAL SECTION



City of Hercules Description of Statistical Section Contents

This part of the City of Hercules' annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends (pages 172-181)

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (pages 182-189)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, transient occupancy tax ("TOT") and property taxes.

Debt Capacity (pages 190-196)

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information (pages 197)

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment with which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information (pages 198-205)

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.



City of Hercules Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		For the Fis	cal Year Ended Ju	ine 30, 2023	
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 62,588,422	\$ 65,597,425	\$ 67,814,198	\$ 73,286,966	\$ 76,304,118
Restricted	13,670,630	21,070,727	7,026,074	18,239,035	21,086,055
Unrestricted	36,350,966	16,564,422	34,482,114	27,146,535	24,579,483
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 112,610,018	\$ 103,232,574	\$ 109,322,386	\$ 118,672,536	\$ 121,969,656
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,897,549	\$ 9,942,508	\$ 11,637,225	\$ 9,503,346	\$ 10,572,862
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	20,211,271	22,931,509	22,643,219	27,529,908	29,000,343
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 30,108,820	\$ 32,874,017	\$ 34,280,444	\$ 37,033,254	\$ 39,573,205
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 72,485,971	\$ 75,539,933	\$ 79,451,423	\$ 82,790,312	\$ 86,876,980
Restricted	13,670,630	21,070,727	7,026,074	18,239,035	21,086,055
Unrestricted	56,562,237	39,495,931	57,125,333	54,676,443	53,579,826
Total primary government net position	\$ 142,718,838	\$ 136,106,591	\$ 143,602,830	\$ 155,705,790	\$ 161,542,861



City of Hercules Net Position by Component (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		For the Fis	scal Year Ended Ju	ine 30, 2023	
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 76,082,830	\$ 73,639,890	\$ 69,628,982	\$ 60,257,709	\$ 60,790,322
Restricted	21,495,653	20,047,707	20,047,707	7,183,715	10,730,230
Unrestricted	26,259,010	23,471,208	24,205,660	10,532,917	11,624,496
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 123,837,493	\$ 117,158,805	\$ 113,882,349	\$ 77,974,341	\$ 83,145,048
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,384,765	\$ 11,587,259	\$ 7,230,469	\$ 15,704,349	\$ 19,602,539
Restricted	7,582,403	7,674,002	7,679,725	-	-
Unrestricted	23,910,447	23,244,232	29,474,812	18,566,052	15,798,815
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 40,877,615	\$ 42,505,493	\$ 44,385,006	\$ 34,270,401	\$ 35,401,354
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 85,467,595	\$ 85,227,149	\$ 76,859,451	\$ 75,962,058	\$ 80,392,861
Restricted	29,078,056	27,721,709	27,727,432	7,183,715	10,730,230
Unrestricted	50,169,457	46,715,440	53,680,472	29,098,969	27,423,311
Total primary government net position	\$ 164,715,108	\$ 159,664,298	\$ 158,267,355	\$ 112,244,742	\$ 118,546,402



City of Hercules Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	For the Fired Very Ford						nded June 30, 2023			
		2014		2015	cai y	2016	ne 30	2017		2018
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	4,350,428	\$	3,133,995	\$	3,706,717	\$	4,025,706	\$	4,105,705
Public Safety		4,905,837		5,094,319		5,299,440		5,365,068		7,034,658
Public Works		5,761,359		4,880,174		4,667,439		5,035,767		6,894,640
Parks and recreation		2,147,560		2,074,783		2,216,525		3,050,786		2,657,763
Community Development		3,295,068		742,529		400,754		640,428		491,562
Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,073,240		1,277,353		1,301,053		1,220,791		1,141,982
Total Governmental Activities		21,533,492		17,203,153		17,591,928		19,338,546		22,326,310
Business-Type Activities:										
Sewer		3,494,287		2,834,835		3,854,974		3,092,380		3,750,261
Hercules Municipal Utility		2,491,837								
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		5,986,124		2,834,835		3,854,974		3,092,380		3,750,261
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	27,519,616	\$	20,037,988	\$	21,446,902	\$	22,430,926	\$	26,076,571
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	282,512	\$	361,223	\$	128,430	\$	113,875	\$	3,866,023
Public Safety		576,345		523,708		543,761		1,171,960		524,703
Public Works		4,570,184		6,150,061		12,784,856		12,014,579		5,218,076
Parks and recreation		1,623,655		1,604,294		1,538,554		1,715,375		1,696,769
Community Development		200,601		890,867		364,191		823,972		1,534,666
Total Government Activities Program Revenues		7,253,297		9,530,153		15,359,792		15,839,761		12,840,237
Business-Type Activities:										
Sewer		5,619,601		6,028,122		5,595,044		5,797,766		6,145,215
Hercules Municipal Utility		2,070,923		-		-		-		-
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenue		7,690,524		6,028,122		5,595,044		5,797,766		6,145,215
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	14,943,821	\$	15,558,275	\$	20,954,836	\$	21,637,527	\$	18,985,452
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities		(14,280,195)		(7,673,000)		(2,232,136)		(3,498,785)		(9,486,073)

Source: City Finance Department

Total Primary Government Net Expense

Business-Type Activities

1,704,400

1,740,070

(492,066)

2,705,386

2,394,954



City of Hercules Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				For the Fise	cal Y	ear Ended Ju	ne 30	0, 2023		
		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
F										
Expenses Governmental Activities:										
	\$	5 004 226	\$	4 624 707	¢	4 425 221	ø	4,768,150	\$	4,929,390
General Government Public Safety	Э	5,094,236 7,055,390	3	4,634,707 8,844,059	\$	4,435,331 9,273,713	\$	4,768,130 6,581,205	Э	
Public Works		6,727,710		8,447,150		7,715,011		8,560,194		7,556,734 8,220,052
Parks and recreation		2,564,008		2,786,635		2,104,559		2,312,529		
Community Development		630,341		595,927						2,503,805
Interest on Long-Term Debt				1,159,848		918,476 959,355		1,253,855 1,007,813		483,875 905,708
Total Governmental Activities		1,256,456 23,328,141		26,468,326				24,483,746		24,599,564
Business-Type Activities:		23,328,141		20,408,320		25,406,445		24,465,740		24,399,304
Sewer		5 242 750		4 502 120		3,894,420		5 221 029		5,086,004
Hercules Municipal Utility		5,343,759		4,593,120		3,894,420		5,221,938		3,080,004
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses		5,343,759		4,593,120		3,894,420		5,221,938		5.096.004
Total Primary Government Expenses	•	28,671,900	\$	31,061,446	\$	29,300,865	\$	29,705,684	\$	5,086,004 29,685,568
Total Tilliary Government Expenses	Ψ	28,071,700	Ψ	31,001,440	Ψ	27,300,803	Ψ	27,703,004	Ψ	27,065,506
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	1,816,337	\$	719,485	\$	1,343,812	\$	1,030,250	\$	816,793
Public Safety		882,823		743,462		540,238		3,539,598		3,781,755
Public Works		4,433,560		5,546,868		4,196,125		5,827,479		5,575,763
Parks and recreation		1,731,066		1,030,758		396,289		1,034,873		1,423,942
Community Development		1,658,265		517,920		552,090		8,329,364		389,324
Total Government Activities Program Revenues		10,522,051		8,558,493		7,028,554		19,761,564		11,987,577
Business-Type Activities:										
Sewer		6,003,202		5,719,257		5,769,396		5,852,278		5,922,758
Hercules Municipal Utility		-		_		_		_		-
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenue		6,003,202		5,719,257		5,769,396		5,852,278		5,922,758
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	16,525,253	\$	14,277,750	\$	12,797,950	\$	25,613,842	\$	17,910,335
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities		(12,806,090)		(17,909,833)		(18,377,891)		(4,722,182)		(12,611,987)
Business-Type Activities		659,443		1,126,137		1,874,976		630,340		836,754
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$	(12,146,647)	\$	(16,783,696)	\$	(16,502,915)	\$	(4,091,842)	\$	(11,775,233)



City of Hercules Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Ceneral Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Secured and unsecured property taxes \$992,934 \$1,173,026 \$1,233,207 \$1,286,788 \$1,376,354 \$328 \$328 \$328 \$321,11,09 \$3,324,807 \$3,206,095 \$1,233,207 \$3,224,807 \$3,206,095 \$1,233,207 \$3,224,807 \$3,206,095 \$1,233,207 \$3,224,807 \$3,206,095 \$1,233,207 \$3,224,807 \$3,206,095 \$1,233,207 \$3,224,807 \$3,206,095 \$1,233,207 \$3,224,807 \$3,206,095 \$1,233,207 \$3,224,807 \$3,206,095 \$1,233,207 \$3,224,807 \$3,206,095 \$1,233,207 \$3,224,807 \$3,206,095 \$1,233,207 \$3,224,807 \$3,206,095 \$1,233,207 \$3,224,807 \$3,206,095 \$1,233,207 \$3,224,807 \$3,206,095		For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
Governmental Activities: Taxes: Secured and unsecured property taxes \$ 992,934 \$ 1,173,026 \$ 1,233,207 \$ 1,286,788 \$ 1,376,354 Sales Taxes and use taxes 2,593,675 2,693,075 3,211,109 3,324,807 3,206,095 Franchise Tax 799,180 1,011,888 960,124 878,574 862,946 Other Taxes 3,265,624 3,511,023 3,628,145 3,712,519 3,906,865 Unrestricted Motor Vehicle Taxes In-Lieu 1,323,651 1,554,491 1,645,846 1,799,014 1,911,327 Use of Money and properties 1,002,389 1,055,791 1,133,587 1,114,795 1,334,955 Miscellaneous 1,397,677 476,033 1,029,258 448,688 1,189,560 Special items 7,387,453 (92,736) (10,452) - - Total Government Activities 18,762,583 11,382,591 12,830,824 12,565,185 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities 45,822 23,484 24,058 47,424 200,280 <th></th> <th></th> <th>2014</th> <th></th> <th>2015</th> <th></th> <th>2016</th> <th></th> <th>2017</th> <th></th> <th>2018</th>			2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Taxes: Secured and unsecured property taxes \$ 992,934 \$ 1,173,026 \$ 1,233,207 \$ 1,286,788 \$ 1,376,354 Sales Taxes and use taxes 2,593,675 2,693,075 3,211,109 3,324,807 3,206,095 Franchise Tax 799,180 1,011,888 960,124 878,574 862,946 Other Taxes 3,265,624 3,511,023 3,628,145 3,712,519 3,906,865 Unrestricted Motor Vehicle Taxes In-Lieu 1,323,651 1,554,491 1,645,846 1,799,014 1,911,327 Use of Money and properties 1,002,389 1,055,791 1,133,587 1,114,795 1,334,955 Miscellaneous 1,397,677 476,033 1,029,258 448,688 1,189,560 Special items 7,387,453 (92,736) (10,452) - - - Tansfers 7,387,453 (92,736) (10,452) 12,565,185 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities 45,822 23,484 24,058 47,424 200,280 Miscellaneous 86,637 - -	General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Po	sition									
Secured and unsecured property taxes \$ 992,934 \$ 1,173,026 \$ 1,233,207 \$ 1,286,788 \$ 1,376,354 Sales Taxes and use taxes 2,593,675 2,693,075 3,211,109 3,324,807 3,206,095 Franchise Tax 799,180 1,011,888 960,124 878,574 862,946 Other Taxes 3,265,624 3,511,023 3,628,145 3,712,519 3,906,865 Unrestricted Motor Vehicle Taxes In-Lieu 1,323,651 1,554,491 1,645,846 1,799,014 1,911,325 Use of Money and properties 1,092,389 1,055,791 1,133,587 1,114,795 1,334,955 Miscellaneous 1,397,677 476,033 1,029,258 448,688 1,189,560 Special items 7,387,453 (92,736) (10,452) 2 2 2 Total Government Activities 18,762,583 11,382,591 12,830,824 12,565,185 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities 45,822 23,484 24,058 47,424 200,280 Total Business-Type Activities (6,693,291) 116,220 </td <td>Governmental Activities:</td> <td></td>	Governmental Activities:										
Sales Taxes and use taxes 2,593,675 2,693,075 3,211,109 3,324,807 3,206,095 Franchise Tax 799,180 1,011,888 960,124 878,574 862,946 Other Taxes 3,265,624 3,511,023 3,628,145 3,712,519 3,906,865 Unrestricted Motor Vehicle Taxes In-Lieu 1,323,651 1,554,491 1,645,846 1,799,014 1,911,327 Use of Money and properties 1,002,389 1,055,791 1,133,587 1,114,795 1,334,955 Miscellaneous 1,397,677 476,033 1,029,258 448,688 1,189,560 Special items - - - - - - Extraordinary item - RDA Dissolution - - - - - - Total Government Activities 18,762,583 11,382,591 12,830,824 12,565,185 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities 45,822 23,484 24,058 47,424 200,280 Miscellaneous 86,637 - - - - -	Taxes:										
Franchise Tax 799,180 1,011,888 960,124 878,574 862,946 Other Taxes 3,265,624 3,511,023 3,628,145 3,712,519 3,906,865 Unrestricted Motor Vehicle Taxes In-Lieu 1,323,651 1,554,491 1,645,846 1,799,014 1,911,327 Use of Money and properties 1,002,389 1,055,791 1,133,587 1,114,795 1,334,955 Miscellaneous 1,397,677 476,033 1,029,258 448,688 1,189,560 Special items - - - - - - Extraordinary item - RDA Dissolution - - - - - - Total Government Activities 18,762,583 11,382,591 12,830,824 12,565,185 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities 45,822 23,484 24,058 47,424 200,280 Miscellaneous 86,637 - - - - - - Special items 561,703 - - - - -	Secured and unsecured property taxes	\$	992,934	\$	1,173,026	\$	1,233,207	\$	1,286,788	\$	1,376,354
Other Taxes 3,265,624 3,511,023 3,628,145 3,712,519 3,906,865 Unrestricted Motor Vehicle Taxes In-Lieu 1,323,651 1,554,491 1,645,846 1,799,014 1,911,327 Use of Money and properties 1,002,389 1,055,791 1,133,587 1,114,795 1,334,955 Miscellaneous 1,397,677 476,033 1,029,258 448,688 1,189,560 Special items - - - - - - Extraordinary item - RDA Dissolution - - - - - - - Total Government Activities 18,762,583 11,382,591 12,830,824 12,565,185 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities: 45,822 23,484 24,058 47,424 200,280 Miscellaneous 86,637 - - - - - Special items 561,703 - - - - - Transfers (7,387,453) 92,736 10,452 - -	Sales Taxes and use taxes		2,593,675		2,693,075		3,211,109		3,324,807		3,206,095
Unrestricted Motor Vehicle Taxes In-Lieu 1,323,651 1,554,491 1,645,846 1,799,014 1,911,327 Use of Money and properties 1,002,389 1,055,791 1,133,587 1,114,795 1,334,955 Miscellaneous 1,397,677 476,033 1,029,258 448,688 1,189,560 Special items - - - - - - Extraordinary item - RDA Dissolution - <	Franchise Tax		799,180		1,011,888		960,124		878,574		862,946
Use of Money and properties 1,002,389 1,055,791 1,133,587 1,114,795 1,334,955 Miscellaneous 1,397,677 476,033 1,029,258 448,688 1,189,560 Special items - - - - - - Extraordinary item - RDA Dissolution - - - - - - Transfers 7,387,453 (92,736) (10,452) - - - Total Government Activities 18,762,583 11,382,591 12,830,824 12,565,185 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities: Use of Money and properties 45,822 23,484 24,058 47,424 200,280 Miscellaneous 86,637 - - - - - Special items 561,703 - - - - - Total Business-Type Activities (6,693,291) 116,220 34,510 47,424 200,280 Total Primary Government \$12,069,292 \$11,498,811 \$12,865,334 \$12,612,609	Other Taxes		3,265,624		3,511,023		3,628,145		3,712,519		3,906,865
Miscellaneous 1,397,677 476,033 1,029,258 448,688 1,189,560 Special items -	Unrestricted Motor Vehicle Taxes In-Lieu		1,323,651		1,554,491		1,645,846		1,799,014		1,911,327
Special items - <	Use of Money and properties		1,002,389		1,055,791		1,133,587		1,114,795		1,334,955
Extraordinary item - RDA Dissolution -	Miscellaneous		1,397,677		476,033		1,029,258		448,688		1,189,560
Transfers 7,387,453 (92,736) (10,452) - - Total Government Activities 18,762,583 11,382,591 12,830,824 12,565,185 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities: Use of Money and properties 45,822 23,484 24,058 47,424 200,280 Miscellaneous 86,637 - - - - - Special items 561,703 - - - - - Transfers (7,387,453) 92,736 10,452 - - - Total Business-Type Activities (6,693,291) 116,220 34,510 47,424 200,280 Total Primary Government \$12,069,292 \$11,498,811 \$12,865,334 \$12,612,609 \$13,988,382 Change in Net Position \$4,482,388 \$3,709,591 \$10,598,688 \$12,565,185 \$13,788,102 Business-Type Activities (4,988,891) 3,309,507 1,774,580 47,424 200,280	Special items		-		-		-		-		-
Total Government Activities 18,762,583 11,382,591 12,830,824 12,565,185 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities: Use of Money and properties 45,822 23,484 24,058 47,424 200,280 Miscellaneous 86,637 - - - - - Special items 561,703 - - - - - Transfers (7,387,453) 92,736 10,452 - - - Total Business-Type Activities (6,693,291) 116,220 34,510 47,424 200,280 Total Primary Government \$ 12,069,292 \$ 11,498,811 \$ 12,865,334 \$ 12,612,609 \$ 13,988,382 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities \$ 4,482,388 \$ 3,709,591 \$ 10,598,688 \$ 12,565,185 \$ 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities (4,988,891) 3,309,507 1,774,580 47,424 200,280	Extraordinary item - RDA Dissolution		-		-		-		-		-
Business-Type Activities: Use of Money and properties 45,822 23,484 24,058 47,424 200,280 Miscellaneous 86,637 - - - - - Special items 561,703 - - - - - Transfers (7,387,453) 92,736 10,452 - - - Total Business-Type Activities (6,693,291) 116,220 34,510 47,424 200,280 Total Primary Government \$ 12,069,292 \$ 11,498,811 \$ 12,865,334 \$ 12,612,609 \$ 13,988,382 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities \$ 4,482,388 \$ 3,709,591 \$ 10,598,688 \$ 12,565,185 \$ 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities (4,988,891) 3,309,507 1,774,580 47,424 200,280	Transfers		7,387,453		(92,736)		(10,452)		_		
Use of Money and properties 45,822 23,484 24,058 47,424 200,280 Miscellaneous 86,637 - <	Total Government Activities		18,762,583		11,382,591		12,830,824		12,565,185		13,788,102
Miscellaneous 86,637 -	Business-Type Activities:										
Special items 561,703 -	Use of Money and properties		45,822		23,484		24,058		47,424		200,280
Transfers (7,387,453) 92,736 10,452 - - Total Business-Type Activities (6,693,291) 116,220 34,510 47,424 200,280 Total Primary Government \$ 12,069,292 \$ 11,498,811 \$ 12,865,334 \$ 12,612,609 \$ 13,988,382 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities \$ 4,482,388 \$ 3,709,591 \$ 10,598,688 \$ 12,565,185 \$ 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities (4,988,891) 3,309,507 1,774,580 47,424 200,280	Miscellaneous		86,637		-		-		-		-
Total Business-Type Activities (6,693,291) 116,220 34,510 47,424 200,280 Total Primary Government \$ 12,069,292 \$ 11,498,811 \$ 12,865,334 \$ 12,612,609 \$ 13,988,382 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities \$ 4,482,388 \$ 3,709,591 \$ 10,598,688 \$ 12,565,185 \$ 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities (4,988,891) 3,309,507 1,774,580 47,424 200,280	Special items		561,703		-		-		-		-
Total Primary Government \$ 12,069,292 \$ 11,498,811 \$ 12,865,334 \$ 12,612,609 \$ 13,988,382 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities \$ 4,482,388 \$ 3,709,591 \$ 10,598,688 \$ 12,565,185 \$ 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities (4,988,891) 3,309,507 1,774,580 47,424 200,280	Transfers		(7,387,453)		92,736		10,452		_		
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities \$ 4,482,388 \$ 3,709,591 \$ 10,598,688 \$ 12,565,185 \$ 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities (4,988,891) 3,309,507 1,774,580 47,424 200,280	Total Business-Type Activities		(6,693,291)		116,220		34,510		47,424		200,280
Governmental Activities \$ 4,482,388 \$ 3,709,591 \$ 10,598,688 \$ 12,565,185 \$ 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities (4,988,891) 3,309,507 1,774,580 47,424 200,280	Total Primary Government	\$	12,069,292	\$	11,498,811	\$	12,865,334	\$	12,612,609	\$	13,988,382
Governmental Activities \$ 4,482,388 \$ 3,709,591 \$ 10,598,688 \$ 12,565,185 \$ 13,788,102 Business-Type Activities (4,988,891) 3,309,507 1,774,580 47,424 200,280	Change in Net Position										
	_	\$	4,482,388	\$	3,709,591	\$	10,598,688	\$	12,565,185	\$	13,788,102
T-4-1 Division Community (5.07.502) (6.7.010.000 (6.12.72.270 (6.12.712.000 (6.12.000 202.	Business-Type Activities		(4,988,891)		3,309,507		1,774,580		47,424		200,280
10tal Primary Government \$ (500,505) \$ 7,019,098 \$ 12,3/3,268 \$ 12,612,609 \$ 13,988,382	Total Primary Government	\$	(506,503)	\$	7,019,098	\$	12,373,268	\$	12,612,609	\$	13,988,382



City of Hercules Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Po	sition									
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes:										
Secured and unsecured property taxes	\$	1,378,493	\$	1,415,995	\$	1,451,716	\$	1,514,791	\$	1,638,449
Sales Taxes and use taxes		3,988,702		4,212,285		4,775,496		6,263,066		6,192,500
Franchise Tax		852,751		948,503		862,104		970,054		988,108
Other Taxes		4,506,706		4,402,327		4,293,889		5,343,970		4,646,410
Unrestricted Motor Vehicle Taxes In-Lieu		1,990,306		2,128,054		2,239,058		2,341,444		2,456,900
Use of Money and properties		1,588,558		1,748,131		1,456,269		773,519		1,860,327
Miscellaneous		368,411		-		-		-		-
Special items		-		(3,624,150)		-		(39,586,347)		-
Extraordinary item - RDA Dissolution		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers		-		-		-		-		-
Total Government Activities		14,673,927		11,231,145		15,078,532		(22,379,503)		17,782,694
Business-Type Activities:										
Use of Money and properties		482,095		501,741		4,537		(157,318)		294,199
Miscellaneous		162,872		-		-		-		-
Special items		-		-		-		(10,587,627)		_
Transfers		_		-		-		-		_
Total Business-Type Activities		644,967		501,741		4,537		(10,744,945)		294,199
Total Primary Government	\$	15,318,894	\$	11,732,886	\$	15,083,069	\$	(33,124,448)	\$	18,076,893
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$	1,867,837	\$	(6,678,688)	\$	(3,299,359)	\$	(27,101,685)	\$	5,170,707
Business-Type Activities		1,304,410		1,627,878		1,879,513		(10,114,605)		1,130,953
Total Primary Government	\$	3,172,247	\$	(5,050,810)	\$	(1,419,846)	\$	(37,216,290)	\$	6,301,660



City of Hercules Fund Balances of Governmental Funds **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

For the	Fiscal	Year	Ended	June	30	,
---------	--------	------	-------	------	----	---

		I OI till	1 1500	ar rear Enaca	ounc .	,	
	2014	2015		2016		2017	2018
General Fund							
Nonspendable	\$ 27,801,759	\$ 27,806,063	\$	28,643,374	\$	30,092,172	\$ 27,799,824
Restricted	-	-		-		-	-
Assigned	1,359,328	1,363,528		2,171,733		2,176,150	2,321,483
Unassigned	5,389,258	7,969,320		8,291,363		9,426,610	14,194,525
Total General Fund	\$ 34,550,345	\$ 37,138,911	\$	39,106,470	\$	41,694,932	\$ 44,315,832
All Other Governmental Funds							
Nonspendable	\$ 12,131,778	\$ 11,013	\$	6,714,263	\$	11,013	\$ 11,013
Restricted	8,253,115	21,070,727		12,443,589		20,587,964	20,556,143
Committed	-	-		-		-	-
Assigned	_	35,395		1,314,160		_	-
Unassigned (deficit)	(857,203)	(2,770,225)		(7,036,753)		(4,048,580)	(1,473,498)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 19,527,690	\$ 18,346,910	\$	13,435,259	\$	16,550,397	\$ 19,093,658



City of Hercules Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

For the	Fiscal	Year	Ended	June 30,
---------	--------	------	-------	----------

		roi the	1 150	ai i cai Enucu	June .	,	
	2019	2020		2021		2022	2023
General Fund							
Nonspendable	\$ 29,402,817	\$ 29,769,663	\$	30,034,997	\$	10,806	\$ 9,975
Restricted	-	-		-		2,054,252	2,141,823
Assigned	5,937,646	6,205,655		5,915,247		6,022,247	6,022,247
Unassigned	10,027,085	8,398,945		10,008,178		22,926,831	25,703,647
Total General Fund	\$ 45,367,548	\$ 44,374,263	\$	45,958,422	\$	31,014,136	\$ 33,877,692
All Other Governmental Funds							
Nonspendable	\$ 11,013	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Restricted	21,446,237	19,621,155		19,549,409		7,026,830	8,337,682
Committed	-	428,552		1,391,188		1,998,781	688,951
Assigned	-	-		-			_
Unassigned (deficit)	(226,591)	(98,458)		(162,793)		(734,289)	(624,175)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 21,230,659	\$ 19,951,249	\$	20,777,804	\$	8,291,322	\$ 8,402,458



City of Hercules Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 2018 2015 2016 2017 Revenues Taxes and Assessments 7,651,413 8,389,012 9,032,585 9,202,688 9,352,260 315,086 344,374 1,081,912 Licenses and permits 480,645 496,355 Fines and forfeitures 66,488 62,069 60,434 47,824 48,579 Use of money and property 1,003,729 1,082,244 1,183,964 1,192,976 1,443,270 Intergovernmental 3,374,022 6,194,872 5,677,447 14,911,152 7,650,796 Charges For Services 4,434,327 5,079,255 4,660,592 5,157,696 5,684,127 Other Revenues 1,015,728 476,033 1,029,258 448,688 1,204,989 Total Revenues 17,860,793 21,764,130 21,988,654 31,457,379 26,465,933 **Expenditures** Current: 3,934,402 General government 2,635,701 2,952,966 3,153,498 3,492,082 Public Safety 4,869,782 5,158,435 5,589,583 6,022,005 6,295,019 Streets and Public Works 3,820,523 3,104,609 2,772,877 3,469,283 4,300,078 Parks And Recreation 1,878,925 1,827,391 1,961,669 1,883,159 2,101,369 Community Development 1,882,181 743,110 399,215 640,625 468,011 Lease expense 4,994,173 8,504,827 9,079,227 Capital outlay 1,161,622 2,757,245 Debt service: Principal 583,104 604,474 626,149 653,144 580,473 Interest And Fiscal Agent Fees 1,213,038 1,189,346 1,164,163 1,136,588 1,307,495 **Total Expenditures** 19,343,577 20,257,239 23,971,449 26,037,529 21,301,772 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,482,784)1,506,891 (1,982,795)5,419,850 5,164,161 **Other Financing Sources (Uses)** Issuance of Debt Proceeds from loan Proceeds from refunding bond Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in 8,621,221 1,482,134 11,787,077 2,705,171 1,408,803 Transfers (out) (1,574,870)(11,803,454)(2,705,171)(1,408,803)(1,363,768)Sale of capital assets 381,949 Contributed Capital Special Item 7,639,402 (92,736)(16,377)Total other financing sources (uses) Special/Extraordinary Item 1,414,155 (1,999,172) 5,419,850 5,164,161 Net Change in fund balances Debt service as a percentage of

NOTE:

Source: City Finance Department

noncapital expenditures

10%

12%

12%

11%

10%



City of Hercules

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				For the	Fisca	al Year Ended	Jun	e 30,		
		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
Revenues										
Taxes and Assessments	\$	10,726,652	\$	10,727,692	\$	14,098,060	\$	16,889,724	\$	16,705,743
Licenses and permits		844,806		796,397		952,294		707,300		647,374
Fines and forfeitures		50,058		62,582		36,586		48,663		46,057
Use of money and property		1,728,361		1,702,755		1,456,271		783,885		1,871,556
Intergovernmental		4,455,255		4,073,720		4,589,299		15,618,709		8,052,573
Charges For Services		7,964,546		5,282,444		1,150,164		2,319,388		2,339,112
Other Revenues		92,602		67,355		239,610		279,797		203,170
Total Revenues		25,862,280	_	22,712,945	_	22,522,284	_	36,647,466	_	29,865,585
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		4,542,651		4,070,428		3,854,043		4,081,705		4,538,391
Public Safety		6,776,245		7,634,971		7,774,932		7,879,451		8,499,781
Streets and Public Works		4,357,212		4,080,345		4,638,912		4,514,842		5,486,683
Parks And Recreation		2,128,110		2,165,547		1,434,988		1,910,716		2,408,849
Community Development		616,899		557,672		792,456		1,061,135		537,341
Lease expense		-		-		-				
Capital outlay		2,261,555		3,434,295		4,163,726		2,862,062		2,962,714
Debt service:										
Principal		613,153		646,201		469,113		1,198,248		1,549,333
Interest And Fiscal Agent Fees		1,285,738		1,239,573		1,224,118		983,728		916,671
Total Expenditures		22,581,563	_	23,829,032		24,352,288	_	24,491,887	_	26,899,763
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures		3,280,717	_	(1,116,087)	_	(1,830,004)		12,155,579	_	2,965,822
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of Debt		-		-		-		-		8,870
Proceeds from loan		-		-		4,209,354		-		-
Proceeds from refunding bond		-		-		5,876,843		-		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		(5,705,000)		-		-
Transfers in		2,511,094		1,730,899		1,405,555		5,723,857		6,928,066
Transfers (out)		(2,603,094)		(1,730,899)		(964,912)		(5,728,857)		(6,928,066)
Sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-
Contributed Capital		-		655,467		-		-		-
Special Item	_		_	(1,812,075)		(604,025)	_	(39,586,347)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(92,000)	_	(1,156,608)	_	4,217,815	_	(39,591,347)	_	8,870
Special/Extraordinary Item		-	_	-	_	-		-	_	
Net Change in fund balances	\$	3,188,717	\$	(2,272,695)	\$	2,387,811	\$	(27,435,768)	\$	2,974,692
Debt service as a percentage of		221		00/		627		100/		4.00

NOTE:

Source: City Finance Department

noncapital expenditures

9%

9%

8%

10%

10%



City of Hercules Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Residential Property	(Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Other Property	 Unsecured Property	7	Less: Fax-Exempt Property	Taxable Assessed Value
2014	\$ 2,177,990,007	\$	78,806,569	\$ 181,255,580	\$ 33,879,853	\$ 53,405,561	\$	92,483,903	\$ 2,432,853,667
2015	2,567,234,136		71,672,395	175,156,171	28,510,114	56,578,518		75,454,264	2,823,697,070
2016	2,762,167,273		78,083,558	178,580,502	39,547,425	54,269,399		77,407,676	3,035,240,481
2017	2,984,511,909		79,706,704	192,358,822	58,775,769	58,945,949		94,538,055	3,279,761,098
2018	3,171,302,525		86,604,265	199,079,514	88,645,176	56,327,147		96,165,729	3,505,792,898
2019	3,322,501,416		85,620,650	196,779,448	91,306,290	56,782,463		97,967,035	3,655,023,232
2020	3,549,607,367		90,938,555	199,145,259	83,462,351	59,062,998		108,788,587	3,873,427,943
2021	3,785,286,659		88,476,522	204,766,171	82,829,255	58,291,816		111,756,157	4,107,894,266
2022	3,945,445,134		115,669,026	209,565,059	81,365,903	57,802,705		131,601,392	4,278,246,435
2023	4,125,334,599		125,232,941	234,134,858	80,249,088	67,088,160		132,094,636	4,499,945,010

Source: County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics

Based on these calculations a multiplier value was extrapolated and applied to current assessed values.

^{*} Includes State Unitary value of \$109,236 Assessed Value of Property in 2023

⁽ 1.) Total tax rate is the city share of the 1% Proposition 13 tax for TRA 4-001.

^(2.) Estimated Actual Value is derived from a series of calculations comparing median assessed values from 1940 to current median sale prices.



City of Hercules Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year				Factor of Taxable
Ended	Total Tax	Estima	ited Actual	Assessed
June 30,	Rate (1)	Taxable	e Value (2)	Value (2)
2014	5.4221%	\$ 2,4	132,853,667	1.000000
2015	5.4221%	2,8	323,697,070	1.000000
2016	5.4221%	3,0	035,240,481	1.000000
2017	5.4221%	3,2	279,761,098	1.000000
2018	5.4221%	3,5	505,792,898	1.000000
2019	5.4221%	6,0	047,063,713	1.654453
2020	5.4221%	6,5	578,416,066	1.698345
2021	5.4221%	6,	,420,511,696	1.562969
2022	5.4221%	7,	,751,990,119	1.811955
2023	5.4221%	8,	,735,158,394	1.941170

Source: County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics

Based on these calculations a multiplier value was extrapolated and applied to current assessed values.

^{*} Includes State Unitary value of \$109,236 Assessed Value of Property in 2023

^(1.) Total tax rate is the city share of the 1% Proposition 13 tax for TRA 4-001.

^(2.) Estimated Actual Value is derived from a series of calculations comparing median assessed values from 1940 to current median sale prices.



City of Hercules Assessed Value of Property by Use Code Last Ten Fiscal Years

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

	Tot the lister fear Ended oute 50,												
Category		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018			
Residential	\$	2,177,990,007	\$	2,567,234,136	\$	2,762,167,273	\$	2,984,511,909	\$	3,171,302,525			
Industrial		181,255,580		175,156,171		178,580,502		192,358,822		199,079,514			
Commercial		78,806,569		71,672,395		78,083,558		79,706,704		86,604,265			
Vacant		13,529,847		16,167,550		27,684,893		31,332,357		61,123,014			
Institution		15,192,385		496,945		506,873		15,803,658		16,119,728			
Recreation		2,735,888		9,411,388		9,461,565		9,716,963		9,502,881			
Social		836,400		840,196		856,982		870,050		826,000			
Miscellaneous		789,119		792,700		808,536		820,864		837,279			
Rural		211,399		212,358		216,599		219,900		224,297			
Unitary		7,815		11,977		11,977		11,977		11,977			
Professional		577,000		577,000		-							
Gross Secured Value		2,471,932,009		2,842,572,816		3,058,378,758		3,315,353,204		3,545,631,480			
Unsecured		53,405,561		56,578,518		54,269,399		58,945,949		56,327,147			
Exemptions		92,483,903		75,454,264		77,407,676		94,538,055		96,165,729			
	\$	2,432,853,667	\$	2,823,697,070	\$	3,035,240,481	\$	3,279,761,098	\$	3,505,792,898			

Source: County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics Use code categories are based on Contra Costa County Assessor's data



City of Hercules Assessed Value of Property by Use Code (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

	101 the Fiscal Feat Ended Julie 20,												
Category		2019		2020	#	2021		2022		2023			
Residential	\$	3,322,501,416	\$	3,549,607,367	\$	3,785,286,659	\$	3,945,445,134	\$	4,125,334,599			
Industrial		196,779,448		199,145,259		204,766,171		209,565,059		234,134,858			
Commercial		85,620,650		90,938,555		88,476,522		115,669,026		125,232,941			
Vacant		62,680,104		53,134,753		51,585,587		52,389,446		50,702,734			
Institution		16,442,120		16,770,959		17,106,375		17,283,594		17,629,262			
Recreation		10,179,175		11,038,616		11,570,506		9,100,314		9,244,452			
Social		842,520		1,334,000		1,360,679		1,374,774		1,402,269			
Miscellaneous		854,023		871,101		888,520		897,723		915,841			
Rural		228,781		233,355		238,021		240,485		245,294			
Unitary		79,567		79,567		79,567		79,567		109,236			
Professional				-				<u>-</u> _					
Gross Secured Value		3,696,207,804		3,923,153,532		4,161,358,607		4,352,045,122		4,564,951,486			
Unsecured		56,782,463		59,062,998		58,291,816		57,802,705		67,088,160			
Exemptions		97,967,035		108,788,587		111,756,157		131,601,392		132,094,636			
	\$	3,655,023,232	\$	3,873,427,943	\$	4,107,894,266	\$	4,278,246,435	\$	4,499,945,010			

Source: County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics Use code categories are based on Contra Costa County Assessor's data



City of Hercules Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Two Fiscal Years

	2021-22	2022-23
Basic City and County Levy		
City of Hercules	0.054221	0.054221
County of Contra Costa	0.945779	0.945779
Total 1% Breakout	1.000000	1.000000
Override Assessments		
Bart	0.006000	0.014000
East Bay Reg Pk Bd	0.002000	0.005800
West CC Unified Bd 98	0.002200	0.001300
West Contra Costa Unified	0.250500	0.217500
WCCUSD 2012 Bond	0.041200	0.037600
Community College	0.017600	0.016200
Total Override Rate	0.274600	0.319500
Total Tax Rate	1.319500	1.292400

Source: County Auditor Controller data, Avenu Insights & Analytics Rates are not adjusted for Education Revenue Augmentation Fund Tax Rate Area 4-001 is represented for this reports *2019-20 is the city's first ACFR Statistical publication, therefore, nine year ago data is unavailable.



City of Hercules Principal Property Taxpayers Last Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

2021-22 2012-13 Percentage Percentage of Total City of Total City **(\$) Taxable** Assessed Assessed Assessed **Taxpayer** Value Value Value Value Bio-Rad Laboratories Inc 187,500,922.00 4.17% 158,341,612.00 6.51% Hercules Block O&R Dev Partner 1.72% 77,571,637 WCV Aventine Hercules LLC 65,349,104 1.45% Hercules Land Partners LP 26,940,612 0.60% Trestle Hercules LLC 24,773,627 0.55% HD Development Of Maryland 17,594,894 0.72% 19,922,549 0.44% Mary Terrace LLC 19,198,686 0.43% Hercules SPE MW LLC 12,828,464 0.29% Vacaville Mobile Home Park LLC 10,985,533 0.24% Tulloch John Brian Tre 10,593,522 0.24% 8,725,128 0.36% Santa Clara VLY Housing Group 10,000,000 0.22% 5,310,000 0.22%CS Creekside Hercules LLC 0.19% 8,412,914 Dathe Robert P & Carlotta R 0.18% 6,864,746 0.28% 7,965,864 Hercules Sycamore Hills LLC 0.17% 6,733,462 0.28% 7.813.521 La Costalot LLC 7,791,820 0.17% 5,656,000 0.23% 0.17% CF United Propco LLC 7,461,500 Hercules Real Est Ltd Ptnship 7,317,766 0.16% 5,030,000 0.21% Alcatraz475 LP 0.15% 6,572,416 1560 Sycamore LLC 6,438,815 0.14% 4.053,000 0.17% North First Street Properties 0.14% 2,943,070 0.12% 6,375,955 Madison MRH-1 Franklin LLC 6,069,735 0.13% Arrow Investment Partners LLC 0.13% 0.14% 5,784,154 3,430,000 Multiple O Holdings LLC 0.12% 4,550,000 0.19% 5,279,828 Adalan Properties LLC 4,899,937 0.11%4,222,625 0.17%0.10% Safeway Inc 4,586,799 11,100,000 0.46% Rago Dev Corp Mechanics Bank Of Richmond 9,712,383 0.40% Orinda Investors LP 0.29% 6,984,783 Three Trees Holdings I LLC 6,900,000 0.28% **RPW** Exchange Company 5,750,000 0.24% Golden Gateway Assoc 5,708,272 0.23% Creekside Shopping Center LLC 3,675,000 0.15% Orb Partnership 3,543,530 0.15% Hercules Bayfront LLC 3,391,900 0.14% Bay To Bay Properties 0.13% 3,267,351 Convenience Retailers LLC 0.10% 2,494,042 Mega Investment Co 2,416,000 Total Top 25 Taxpayers 558,435,680 12.41% \$ 295,981,798 12.17%

Source: County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics

\$

Total Taxable Value

4,499,945,010

100.00%

\$

2,432,845,852

100.00%

^{*} FY21-22 was the most recent data available



City of Hercules Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Collections to Tax Levy
100%
100%
100%
100%
100%
100%
100%
100%
100%
100%
100%

Source: City of Hercules Records



City of Hercules Principal Sales Tax Producers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2022-23 2013-14

2022	20	2010 11					
Taxpayer	Business Type	Taxpayer	Business Type				
Axus Technology	Office Equipment	A & B Die Casting	Heavy Industry				
Big Lots	Department Stores	Big Lots	Department Stores				
Bio Rad Laboratories	Chemical Products	Bio Rad Laboratories	Chemical Products				
Burger King Restaurants	Restaurants	Burger King Restaurants	Restaurants				
Cabalen Filipino Cuisine	Restaurants	Cigarettes City	Miscellaneous Retail				
City Mechanical Incorporated	Bldg.Matls-Whsle	Claws & Craws	Restaurants				
City of Ember	Miscellaneous Retail	Conservation Mechanical System	Office Equipment				
Domino's Pizza	Restaurants	Extreme Pizza	Restaurants				
Dragon Terrace Restaurant	Restaurants	Henry W Wong	Miscellaneous Retail				
Home Depot	Bldg.Matls-Retail	Home Depot	Bldg.Matls-Retail				
Jack In The Box Restaurants	Restaurants	Jack In The Box Restaurants	Restaurants				
Kinder's	Food Markets	Kinder's	Food Markets				
Lucky Food Centers	Food Markets	Mazatlan Taqueria & Grill	Restaurants				
Mazatlan Taqueria And Grill	Restaurants	McDonald's Restaurants	Restaurants				
McDonald's Restaurants	Restaurants	Mountain Mike's Pizza	Restaurants				
Mountain Mike's Pizza	Restaurants	Pro Media Ultrasound	Electronic Equipment				
Rite Aid Drug Stores	Drug Stores	Rite Aid Drug Stores	Drug Stores				
Round Table Pizza	Restaurants	Round Table Pizza	Restaurants				
Safeway Service Stations	Service Stations	Save Mart Supermarkets	Food Markets				
Safeway Stores	Food Markets	Shell Service Stations	Service Stations				
Shell Service Stations	Service Stations	Starbucks Coffee	Food Markets				
Taco Bell	Restaurants	Taco Bell	Restaurants				
The Powder Keg Pub	Restaurants	The Powder Keg Restaurant	Restaurants				
Union 76 Service Stations	Service Stations	Union 76 Service Stations	Service Stations				
Willow Food & Liquor	Food Markets	Willow Food & Liquor	Liquor Stores				

Source: MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics Top Sales Tax Producers listed in alphabetical order.



City of Hercules Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years



			Governme	ental Activ	ities		
Т	ax				Loans &		_
Allo	cation		Revenue	Le	ase, SBITA		
Bo	onds		Bonds	1	Purchases		Total
\$	- (b)	\$	16,770,000	\$	6,671,878	\$	23,441,878
	, ,		16,405,000		6,432,404		22,837,404
	- (b)		16,025,000		6,186,255		22,211,255
	- (b)		15,625,000		5,933,111		21,558,111
	- (b)		15,205,000		6,172,638		21,377,638
	- (b)		14,760,000		6,004,485		20,764,485
	- (b)		14,290,000		5,828,284		20,118,284
	- (b)		14,261,843		9,768,525		24,030,368
	, ,		13,765,105		9,512,473		23,277,578
			13,160,739		9,185,625		22,346,364
	Allo Bo	- (b)	**Notation Bonds** \$ - (b)	Tax Revenue Bonds Bonds \$ - (b) \$ 16,770,000 - (b) 16,405,000 - (b) 16,025,000 - (b) 15,625,000 - (b) 15,205,000 - (b) 14,760,000 - (b) 14,290,000 - (b) 14,261,843 - (b) 13,765,105	Tax Allocation Bonds S - (b) \$ 16,770,000 \$ - (b) 16,405,000 - (b) 15,625,000 - (b) 15,205,000 - (b) 14,760,000 - (b) 14,290,000 - (b) 14,261,843 - (b) 13,765,105	Allocation Bonds Revenue Bonds Lease, SBITA Purchases \$ - (b) \$ 16,770,000 \$ 6,671,878 - (b) 16,405,000 6,432,404 - (b) 16,025,000 6,186,255 - (b) 15,625,000 5,933,111 - (b) 15,205,000 6,172,638 - (b) 14,760,000 6,004,485 - (b) 14,290,000 5,828,284 - (b) 13,765,105 9,512,473 13,160,730 0,185,635	Tax Allocation Bonds Revenue Bonds Lease, SBITA Purchases \$ - (b) \$ 16,770,000 \$ 6,671,878 \$ - (b) 16,405,000 6,432,404 - (b) 16,025,000 5,933,111 - (b) 15,625,000 5,933,111 - (b) 15,205,000 6,172,638 - (b) 14,760,000 6,004,485 - (b) 14,290,000 5,828,284 - (b) 14,261,843 9,768,525 - (b) 13,765,105 9,512,473

NOTE: Debt amounts exclude any premiums, discounts, or other amortization amounts.

Sources: City of Hercules

State of California, Department of Finance (population)

U.S. Department of commerce, Bureau of the Census (income)

(a) Demographic Statistics for personal income and population data.

(b) Upon the dissolution of the Hercules Redevelopment Agency effective January 31, 2012, a Successor Agency assumed the liabilities of the former Hercules Redevelopment Agency, including the Tax Allocation Bonds.



City of Hercules Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Business-Type Activities

			V 1				
Fiscal Year	_	Revenue Bonds	Loans & Lease Purchases	Total	 Total	Percentage of Personal Income (a)	Debt Per Capita (a)
2014	\$	24,400,000	\$ - \$	24,400,000	\$ 47,841,878	5.23%	1,942
2015		11,070,000	-	11,070,000	33,907,404	3.71%	1,366
2016		10,830,000	-	10,830,000	33,041,255	3.48%	1,321
2017		10,585,000	-	10,585,000	32,143,111	3.41%	1,271
2018		10,335,000	6,786,667	17,121,667	38,499,305	3.91%	1,490
2019		10,075,000	15,165,494	25,240,494	46,004,979	4.22%	1,772
2020		9,810,000	22,305,600	32,115,600	52,233,884	4.53%	1,992
2021		9,250,000	24,356,298	33,606,298	56,883,876	4.45%	2,199
2022		8,450,000	23,259,518	31,709,518	54,055,882	3.65%	2,072
2023		8,095,000	21,009,706	29,104,706	29,104,706	1.67%	1,107

NOTE: Debt amounts exclude any premiums, discounts, or other amortization amounts.

Sources: City of Hercules

State of California, Department of Finance (population)

U.S. Department of commerce, Bureau of the Census (income)

(a) Demographic Statistics for personal income and population data.





City of Hercules Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2023

2022-23 Assessed Valuation: \$4,531,306,410

	Total Debt		City's Share of
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	6/30/23	% Applicable (a)	Debt 6/30/23
Bay Area Rapid Transit District	\$ 2,484,285	0.476%	\$ 11,825,197
Contra Costa Community College District	649,015,000	1.802%	11,695,250
John Swett Unified School District	71,654,863	7.983%	5,720,208
West Contra Costa Unified School District	1,188,146,381	11.003%	130,731,746
West Contra Costa Healthcare Parcel Tax Obligations	43,000,000	10.929%	4,699,470
East Bay Regional Park District	175,955,000	0.753%	1,324,941
California Statewide Communities development Authority Assessment Districts	3,934,960	100.000%	3,934,960
City of Hercules 1915 Act Bonds	2,454,484	100.000%	2,454,484
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			\$ 172,386,256
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT :			
Contra Costa County General Fund Obligations	\$ 193,515,000	1.796%	\$ 3,475,530
Contra Costa County Pension Obligation Bonds	-		-
West Contra Costa Unified School District Certificates of Participation	4,850,000	11.003%	533,646
City of Hercules General Fund Obligations	13,420,180	100.000%	13,420,180
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$ 17,429,355
Less: Contra Costa County obligations supported from revenue funds			914,691
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$ 16,514,664
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	\$78,090,000	100%	\$ 78,090,000
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT			13,420,180
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$ 254,485,431
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$ 253,570,740
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 267,905,611 (b)
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 266,990,920

- (a) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.
- (b) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Ratios to 2022-23 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	3.80%
Total Direct Debt (\$14,041,843)	0.30%
Gross Combined Total Debt	5.91%
Net Combined Total Debt	5.89%
Ratios to Redevelopment Successor Agency Incremental Valuation	\$1,776,799,158
Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt	4.39%

Source: Avenue Insights & Analytics

California Municipal Statistics, Inc.



City of Hercules Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

							,				
	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		
Assessed Valuation	\$ 2,432,853,667	\$:	2,823,697,070	\$	3,035,240,481	\$	3,279,761,098	\$:	3,505,792,898		
Conversion Percentage	25%		25%		25%		25%		25%		
Adjusted Assessed Valuation	\$ 608,213,417	\$	705,924,268	\$	758,810,120	\$	819,940,275	\$	876,448,225		
Debt Limit Percentage	 15%		15%		15%		15%		15%		
Debt Limit	\$ 91,232,013	\$	105,888,640	\$	113,821,518	\$	122,991,041	\$	131,467,234		
Total net debt applicable to limit: General Obligation Bonds	-		-		-		-		-		
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 91,232,013	\$	105,888,640	\$	113,821,518	\$	122,991,041	\$	131,467,234		

Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit ¹

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments

Source: City Finance Department County Tax Assessor's Office

¹ Section 43605 of the California Government Code for General Obligation Bonds.



City of Hercules Legal Debt Margin Information (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

		Tot the Fiscal Feat Ended valle 20,								
		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
Assessed Valuation	\$ 3	3,655,023,232	\$.	3,873,427,943	\$ 4	4,107,894,266	\$	4,278,246,435	\$ 4	4,499,945,010
Conversion Percentage		25%		25%		25%		25%		25%
Adjusted Assessed Valuation	\$	913,755,808	\$	968,356,986	\$	1,026,973,567	\$	1,069,561,609	\$	1,124,986,253
Debt Limit Percentage		15%		15%		15%	_	15%		15%
Debt Limit	\$	137,063,371	\$	145,253,548	\$	154,046,035	\$	160,434,241	\$	168,747,938
Total net debt applicable to limit: General Obligation Bonds		-		-		-		-		-
Legal Debt Margin	\$	137,063,371	\$	145,253,548	\$	154,046,035	\$	160,434,241	\$	168,747,938

Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit ¹

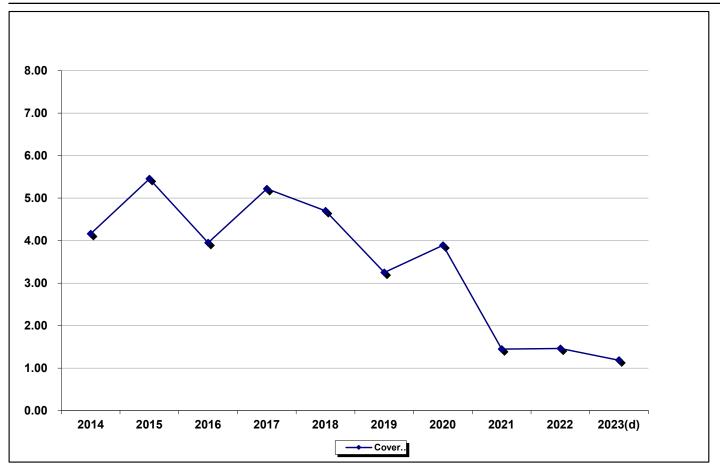
The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments

Source: City Finance Department County Tax Assessor's Office

¹ Section 43605 of the California Government Code for General Obligation Bonds.



City of Hercules Wastewater Fund Debt Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years



					Debt :	Debt Service Requirements				
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue (a)	Revenues Not Available for Debt Service (b)	Operating Expenses (c)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage		
2014	\$ 5,656,760	\$ -	\$ 2,606,826	\$ 3,049,934	\$ 235,000	\$ 497,763	\$ 732,763	4.16		
2015	6,144,342	372,165	1,773,138	3,999,039	240,000	493,013	733,013	5.46		
2016	5,629,550	-	2,733,393	2,896,157	245,000	487,856	732,856	3.95		
2017	5,845,188	155,367	1,868,853	3,820,968	250,000	481,975	731,975	5.22		
2018	6,345,495	510,645	2,380,221	3,454,629	260,000	474,950	734,950	4.70		
2019	6,648,269	299,022	3,968,987	2,380,260	265,000	467,075	732,075	3.25		
2020	6,220,998	-	3,367,478	2,853,520	275,000	458,631	733,631	3.89		
2021	5,769,396	-	2,692,326	3,077,070	1,391,780	735,166	2,126,946	1.45		
2022	5,852,278	-	3,493,308	2,358,970	1,096,780	515,729	1,612,509	1.46		
$2023^{(d)}$	5,922,758	-	3,473,988	2,448,770	1,451,141	611,583	2,062,724	1.19		

NOTE:

- (a) Includes all Sewer Service Charges operating revenues, non-operating interest revenue, other non-operating revenue
- (b) Sewer Connection Fees and Sewer Facilities Fees
- (c) Includes all Sewer operating expenses, less depreciation and interest
- (d) The debt payment to the State Water Resources Control Board scheduled for FY 2024 was paid and recorded in FY 2023

Source: City of Hercules Annual Financial Statements



City of Hercules Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Median Age	Public School Enrollment ⁽³⁾	County Unemployment Rate (%) ⁽⁴⁾	City Unemployment Rate (%) ⁽⁴⁾	County Population
2014	24,826	\$ 913,423,018	\$ 36,793	37.3	30,720	7.5%	5.0%	1,099,843
2015	25,021	950,247,538	37,978	37.4	30,596	6.2%	4.1%	1,113,759
2016	25,299	942,311,853	37,247	37.6	30,973	5.0%	3.3%	1,128,574
2017	25,833	985,089,789	38,133	37.7	31,267	4.5%	4.0%	1,139,746
2018	25,964	1,089,501,368	41,962	37.8	31,649	3.8%	3.5%	1,147,879
2019	26,224	1,153,383,968	43,982	40.3	31,760	2.6%	2.3%	1,155,879
2020	25,530	1,167,844,320	45,744	40.2	32,143	13.6%	13.7%	1,153,561
2021	25,864	1,277,053,622	49,376	41.2	31,027	8.9%	8.8%	1,153,854
2022	26,091	1,479,733,584	56,714	41.7	30,071	2.7%	2.5%	1,156,555
2023	26,297	1,739,577,055	66,151	42.7	29,672	3.7%	3.4%	1,147,653

Source: MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics

The California Department of Finance demographics estimates now incorporate 2010 Census counts as the benchmark.

- (1) Population Projections are provided by the California Department of Finance Projections.
- (2) Income Data is provided by the U.S. Census Bureau and is adjusted for inflation.
- (3) Student Enrollment reflects the total number of students enrolled in the West Contra Costa School District only. Any other school districts within the City are not accounted for in this statistic.
- (4) Unemployment Data is provided by the EDD's Bureau of Labor Statistics Department.



City of Hercules Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year and One Year Ago

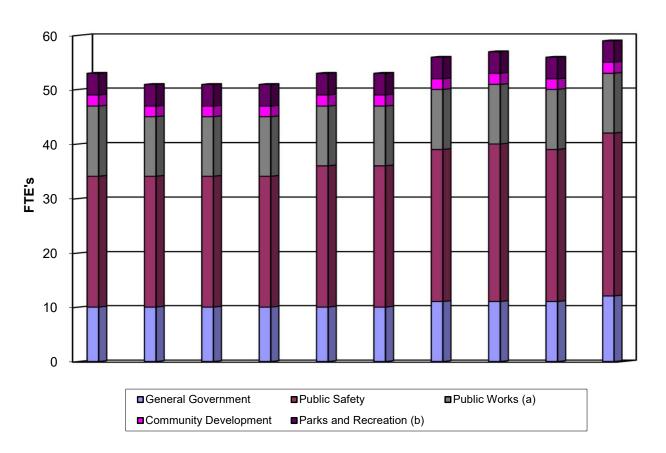
	2022	2-23	2021-22		
Business Name	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment	
Bio-Rad Laboratories Inc	2,028	14.5%	2,052	14.8%	
West Contra Costa Unified School District	242	1.73%	230	1.65%	
Home Depot	163	1.16%	190	1.37%	
Safeway	160	1.14%	162	1.17%	
Pacific Bio Labs Inc	122	0.87%	95	0.68%	
Contra Costa County Social Services	83	0.59%	124	0.89%	
Lucky Supermarkets	60	0.43%	65	0.47%	
City of Hercules	59	0.42%	56	0.40%	
Kinder's Meats & Deli BBQ & Catering	48	0.34%	48	0.35%	
Benda Tool & Model Works Inc	36	0.26%	43	0.31%	
A & B Die Casting			24	0.17%	
Total Top 10 Employers	3,001	21.44%	3,089	22.22%	
Total City Labor Force (1)	14,000		13,900		

Source: MuniServices, LLC \ Avenu Insights & Analytics
Results based on direct correspondence with city's local businesses.
(1) Total City Labor Force provided by EDD Labor Force Data.

^{*2019-20} is the city's first ACFR Statistical publication, therefore, nine year ago data is unavailable.



City of Hercules Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years



		For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Function											
General Government	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	12.00	
Public Safety	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	26.00	26.00	28.00	29.00	28.00	30.00	
Public Works (a)	13.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	
Community Development	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	
Parks and Recreation (b)	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	
Total	53.00	51.00	51.00	51.00	53.00	53.00	56.00	57.00	56.00	59.00	

NOTE:

- (a) Public Works includes Wastewater and Solid Waste
- (b) Parks and Recreation includes Library, Recreation and Park

Source: City of Hercules Operating Budget



City of Hercules Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

		I of the Fisc	ai i cai Ended o	une 50,	
-	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Information					
Area in square miles	18.20	18.20	18.20	18.20	18.20
Number of registered voters	-	-		-	18,738
Number of Hospitals	-	-	-	-	-
Education:					
Student enrollment	3,042	3,007	2,928	2,799	2,823
Elementary schools	1,274	1,277	1,240	1,228	1,211
Junior high schools	767	724	673	636	632
High schools	1,001	1,006	1,015	935	980
Teachers (full & part time)	157	143	144	148	127
Function/Program					
Police:					
Police calls for Service	12,550	1,843	7,707	13,142	16,245
Law violations:					
Part I and Part II crimes	811	96	571	957	867
Physical arrests (adult and juvenile)	450	45	245	403	449
Traffic violations	1,000	85	518	793	1,074
Sewer					
Sewer service connections	8,235	8,235	8,265	8,271	8



City of Hercules Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

		TOT the Fisc	cai i cai Enucu s	une 50,	
-	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Information					
Area in square miles	18.20	18.20	18.20	18.20	18.20
Number of registered voters	-	14,804	-	14,213	-
Number of Hospitals	-	-	-	-	-
Education:					
Student enrollment	2,823	2,825	2,797	2,753	2,539
Elementary schools	1,243	1,296	1,327	1,305	1,215
Junior high schools	584	594	603	596	590
High schools	996	935	867	852	734
Teachers (full & part time)	134	127	125	124	124
Function/Program					
Police:					
Police calls for Service	16,918	29,935	16,192	26,071	25,196
Law violations:					
Part I and Part II crimes	831	1,162	1,689	1,445	1,266
Physical arrests (adult and juvenile)	495	398	508	528	624
Traffic violations	1,383	975	607	902	524
Sewer					
Sewer service connections	8,327	8,326	84,010	8,410	8,410



City of Hercules Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 2014 2015 2016 2017 Planning & Building: 672 631 622 782 778 Number of Building Permits issued **Recreation and Parks:** Youth & Teens: 13 12 12 10 Number of youth programs 11 Number of youth attendees 178 723 519 250 637 Aquatics: 4 4 4 4 4 Number of aquatics programs Number of aquatics attendees 2,898 1,396 2,266 1,739 1,390 Recreation Classes: 7 7 7 Number of recreation programs 7 6 Number of recreation attendees 914 2,569 2,366 709 441 Preschool/GradeSchool Programs: Number of preschool/gradeschool programs 11 12 9 11 11 Number of preschool/gradeschool attendees 2,151 3,358 2,900 2,949 3,510 Seniors: 14 14 14 14 Number of senior programs 14 18,873 10,707 11,445 10,573 Number of senior attendees 10,415 Number of meals served 8,702 8,791 8,787 9,811 8,880 Finance:

647

664

734

665

819

Source: City of Hercules

Number of Business Licenses issued



City of Hercules Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Planning & Building: 753 389 675 1,016 1,013 Number of Building Permits issued **Recreation and Parks:** Youth & Teens: 38 8 10 13 Number of youth programs Number of youth attendees 550 112 243 178 Aquatics: 4 2 9 308 4 Number of aquatics programs Number of aquatics attendees 1,686 533 1,098 1,943 2,128 Recreation Classes: 7 Number of recreation programs 4 3 16 24 Number of recreation attendees 16 500 398 817 124 Preschool/GradeSchool Programs: Number of preschool/gradeschool programs 8 11 9 11 Number of preschool/gradeschool attendees 3,319 869 2,510 2,482 Seniors: 14 21 Number of senior programs 14 14 5,984 Number of senior attendees 12,577 2,778 15,655 Number of meals served 7,259 3,399 8,212 5,124 6,662 Finance: Number of Business Licenses issued 995 971 1,147 1,103 1,184



City of Hercules Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	I OI THE I ISTU	Tear Braca our	,	
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1	1	1	1	1
58	58	58	58	58
7	7	7	7	7
1,466	1,466	1,466	1,466	1,466
14	14	14	14	14
62	62	62	62	62
11	11	11	11	11
98	98	98	98	98
7	7	7	7	7
1	1	1	2	2
1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2
8	8	8	8	8
2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1
	1 58 7 1,466 14 62 11 98 7 1 1 2	2014 2015 1 1 58 58 7 7 1,466 1,466 14 14 62 62 11 11 98 98 7 7 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 8 8 2 2	2014 2015 2016 1 1 1 58 58 7 7 7 7 7 7 1,466 1,466 1,466 1,466 14 14 14 14 62 62 62 62 11 11 11 1 98 98 98 98 7 7 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 8 8 8 8 2 2 2 2	2014 2015 2016 2017 1 1 1 1 58 58 58 58 7 7 7 7 1,466 1,466 1,466 1,466 14 14 14 14 62 62 62 62 11 11 11 11 98 98 98 98 7 7 7 7 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 8 8 8 8 2 2 2 2 8 8 8 8 2 2 2 2



City of Hercules Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

		I of the Fiscus	Tear Bhaca gan		
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function/Program					
Police:					
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1
Public works:					
Miles of streets	58	58	58	58	58
Miles of bike lanes	7	7	7	7	7
Street and parking lot fixtures	1,494	1,494	1,494	1,494	1,494
Traffic Signals	14	14	14	14	14
Wastewater					
Miles of sanitary sewers	62	62	62	62	62
Recreation and Parks:					
City parks	11	11	11	13	13
City parks acreage	98	98	98	99	99
Playgrounds	7	7	7	8	8
City trails/Bike paths	2	2	2	2	2
Community Swim Center	1	1	1	1	4
Community centers	2	2	2	4	1
Performing arts centers					
Teen Center	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools (a)	2	2	2	2	3
Tennis courts (b)	8	8	8	8	2
diamonds	2	2	2	2	1
Soccer/football fields (c)	1	1	1	1	1
Library:					
City Libraries	1	1	1	1	1

